INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 232 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Palestine Martial Law Order Issued

Heroes Who Held India's Flag High

HOCKEY TEAM GLAD TO BE BACK HOME

Manager's Appeal To Make Good Deficit In Tour Funds

"We are happy that we have done our duty and kept the country's flag flying, and enhanced the prestige of our motherland among the nations of the world," said Dyanchand, the Captain of the victorious Indian Hockey team, who arrived with the team in Bombay by S.S. "Strathmore," in an interview with a "Chronicle" representative.

Looking For Tour In India

The members of the team, who helped a great deal in retaining the Championship of the World for India, landed in Bombay, looking happy and fit and possibly looking forward to an interesting tour round India before they reach their home-towns.

Olympic Title-Holders

"Hockey is the one game in which India can raise its head high with pride for, since 1928, we are the Olympic title-holders for the three Olympiads successively," said Lala Jagannath, the Manager, who accompanied the team.

Lala Jagannath in the course of the interview said:—

"We thank our Indian brothers and sisters for their greetings and warm welcome. The credit goes to our heroes, who undertook this strenuous tour at great personal cost and sacrifice, imposed rigid discipline on themselves with the noble purpose of keeping India's flag flying, and they have done it. By winning the world Hockey Championship they have definitely placed India on the map.

TRIBUTE TO DYANCHAND

Mr. Dyanchand, the virtual leader of this valiant band, has once more established his superiority as the world's best hockey player and a most successful Captain.

While the members of the team valiantly fought on the foreign fields, the part played by our countrymen at home was by no means insignificant. Our thanks are due to the members of the Indian Hockey Federation and the public who raised funds to make it possible for the team to undertake the tour.

Hockey is the one game in which India can raise its head high with pride for, since 1928, we are the Olympic title-holders for the three Olympiads successively. It is, therefore, the duty of our countrymen to see that the cause of hockey does not suffer for lack of funds. I shall not be giving out a secret when I tell you that the team suffered great disabilities for lack of sufficient funds and so far as I am aware, we are likely to end with a deficit in our budget in spite of hard efforts put in for collecting money for the tour funds. We leave it to our countrymen to see that enough money is placed in the coffers of the Indian Hockey Federation to send teams to Kabul in 1938 to defend our Western Asiatic Title and to Japan in 1940 to defend our world title, in addition to making up deficit of this tour.

I bring to you the greetings and messages of goodwill and friendship from other countries of the world represented at the Olympics.

I further bring the message of the Olympics, which is well worth remembering, for in my opinion, it should mean a lot to India:

'It is not the Victory or Defeat that matters but the struggle that counts.'

MY MEN HAVE PLAYED THE GAME

In the course of an interview Dyanchand, the "wizard of the stick" said:

"We are glad to be back home. We are happy that we have done our duty and kept the country's flag flying. My men have played the game in the true spirit of sportsmanship and have enhanced the prestige of our motherland among the nations of the world."

Dhyan Chand: The Captain who led to victory.

FROM TOLEDO TO MADRID

Rebel Advance On Capital Begun, Announces Burgos G. H. Q

LISBON, Sept. 29.

The Insurgent advance on Madrid from Toledo has begun, according to Insurgent Headquarters at Burgos.—Reuter.

GOVT. DESTROYER SUNK

TANGIER, Sept. 29.

The Insurgent cruiser "Almirante Cervera" sank the new Spanish Government destroyer "Gravina" after a fierce battle to the west of Tarifa in the Straits of Gibraltar at dawn. The "Almirante Cervera" is now chasing another Government destroyer.—Reuter.

MALAVIYA VERY WEAK

BENARES: Sept. 29.

Pandit Malaviya has become very weak owing, it is said, to over-exertion. He does not come out and visitors are not allowed to see him. He is at present under Ayurvedic treatment and has been advised to stay at Simla or Mussooree for some time for complete rest.—A.P.

Johannesburg Air Race

Halse First To Reach Cairo: Covers 2,200 Miles In 12½ Hrs.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

The first flyer to reach Cairo was Halse who started on scratch and arrived at 20-07 covering 2,200 miles in twelve and half hours. He received an animated greeting the landing ground being floodlit and neighbouring desert bathed in the beams from a thousand motor car lights.

Clouston arrived at 20-39.

Miller And Smith Retire

Two more competitors in the air race have retired. Miller descended at Ruma, through shortage of petrol, took 4-1|2 hours to obtain a supply, reached Belgrade and decided not to continue.

Victor Smith was forced to land at Skoplje, Serbia, owing to oil trouble, was faced with a long and troublesome repair job and decided to retire.—Reuter.

PROGRESS OF RACE

LONDON, Sept. 29.

The first reports of progress of the Johannesburg Air Race show that Tommy Rose landed at Linz, Austria, to refuel at 11-06 a.m. and took off at 11-27 a.m. B.S.T. He landed at Vienna at 12-08.

Llewellyn landed at Vienna at 12-08.

BELGRADE:—Halse arrived here at 12-08 B.S.T.

AT BELGRADE

BELGRADE:—Seven out of the nine competitors in the Johannesburg Air Race have already arrived and departed. Halse was the first at 12-08 hours, leaving at 12-30.

Clauston 12-40; left 12-55.
Findlay 12-50; left 13-10.
Smith 14-04; left 14-23.
Scott 14-08; left 14-23.
Rose 14-22; left 14-47.
Llewellyn 14-23; left 14-37.

There is no news of Miller and Alington. All competitors suffered terribly from cold. Smith declared he had never been so cold in his life as in the open aeroplane 13,000 feet to which he and others were forced to fly across the Alps.

ALINGTON OUT

LONDON:—Alington's "Eagle" which had the biggest handicap was first out of the Air Race. It made a forced landing near Regensburg. Three occupants were uninjured. The machine landed on a field owing to shortage of fuel and damaged its undercarriage.

"Vizzy": The Captain who led from disaster to disaster.

MINE DISASTER IN JHARIA

Workmen Cry For Rescue From Bottom Of Pit: 100 Entombed

JHARIA, Sept. 29.

About a hundred miners are reported to have been entombed and an Indian manager injured owing to the subsidence of a large portion of the Nilurinathra Colliery. Four miners' quarters also collapsed, [illegible] inmates whose number is not known.

CRY FROM PIT.

Pathetic cries of "save us," were later heard from the bottom of the pit, which some miners managed to reach. So far, it has not been possible to rescue them as the rope and wheel pit cage is at present out of order. Frantic efforts are, however, being made by the authorities to effect immediate rescue from the pit, the depth of which is a hundred feet.

The disaster occurred at about six in the evening during pillar cutting operation. It is believed to be likely that a number of the miners involved may be rescued—A.P.

AIR MAIL 'PLANE MISSING

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

The Director-General, posts and telegraphs, says that the Indian Post Office has just heard from the British Post Office that eight bags of air mails from London for India were on board the Imperial Airways Liner "Boadicea" which is missing since the 25th instant. Details of the missing mails will be published when known.—A.P.

"Vizzy" Fails To Elude Pressmen

BUT WILL NOT REPLY TO QUESTIONS

No Reception To India's Captain On Return

Among the notable arrivals by the mail boat on Tuesday, who appeared eager to get out of the Mole unnoticed was the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram who captained the Indian Cricket Team in England in the recent tour.

Tragic Contrast

In contrast to the great and spontaneous reception accorded to L. Amarnath who was forced out of the team and returned to India in "disgrace," the Captain landed in Bombay unhonoured and unsung. Save Champak Mehta, none of the well-known cricketers or cricket fans of the city, could be seen at the Mole.

Left Alone

Even the Board of Control for Cricket in India had left the Indian Captain alone. It will be remembered that when Amarnath came Mr. DeMello himself ran down to Bombay to receive him even though in "disgrace."

"Vizzy" could not escape the pressmen, however. They confronted him as he was about to board a taxi and plied him with a number of questions. But he would not speak. "I do not want to say anything about cricket," was all he would say.

Pataudi's Prescription

The Nawab of Pataudi was also among the arrivals. He was extremely cautious when interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative. He, however, did not see anything wrong with the cap- [illegible] prescription for improving Indian cricket is to "get [illegible] players."

Nothing Wrong With "Vizzy"

As regards the Beaumont inquiry, Pataudi would have none at all. But if there was to be one, then no detail should be kept back even if it meant "washing dirty linen." He was, however, of the opinion that Amarnath was the best player of the Indian side and the team suffered a heavy loss in his dismissal.

"VIZZY" LANDS UNNOTICED

But Fails To Elude Press Representatives

"Unsung, unhonoured," arrived the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram, the Captain of the Indian Cricket Team on Tuesday afternoon by S.S. "Strathmore."

Not a single official connected with the Board of Cricket Control was present at the Mole Station to receive India's Captain, nor was there any notable cricketer to offer him welcome.

While the welcome accorded to Amarnath, when he returned to India under "disgrace," was unique and Mr. DeMello, the Secretary of the Board of Cricket Control and other officials were present at the Mole, it was significant that Sir Vijaya was perhaps, happy to be left alone on landing. He evidently was anxious that no eye caught him and managed to get out of the boat and rush for a taxi through the Customs door. But the Press representatives and photographers could not be eluded and had to pose for the photographers. He, however, refused to oblige the pressmen who assailed him with a number of question. Sir Vijaya would not say a word. "I am not going to say anything," is all that he replied.

QUESTIONS TO "VIZZY"

A couple of pressmen put him a series of questions:

"What are you going to do about the Beaumont enquiry? Are you going to lead evidence and place your case before the Commission? Are you not disappointed with the Indian team in England? Why have you come ahead of the Indian Cricket Team? Is it true that you are retiring from cricket?"

To each of these, the Captain gave the same reply: "I am not going to say anything regarding cricket."

Just when he was about to get into the taxi, he was asked:

"Where will you be going now, to Bhopal or Benares?" The

(Continued on Page 7)

Nawab of Pataudi.

"GET RID OF OLD PLAYERS"

Pataudi's Prescription To Improve Indian Cricket

"I would either completely drop the idea of the Enquiry Committee and forget all about it, or.

"I would go to the extreme length of finding out what exactly was wrong even if it means washing of very dirty linen in the public.

"There can be no other middle course."

This was the opinion expressed by the Nawab of Pataudi, one of the Selectors of the Indian Cricket team, who arrived in Bombay on Tuesday by the Luxury Liner Strathmore in an exclusive interview to the "Bombay Chronicle."

"WORST SHOW."

The Nawab said that the show put up by the Indian touring side in England was the worst possible and he was of the view that there was talent enough in the team for putting up a much better show. He added: "But I do not know what went on behind the scenes."

According to Pataudi the only way of improving the future of Indian Cricket was to get rid of the older players and afford facilities to the youngsters and coach

(Continued on Page 7)

STOP PRESS

ALL MINERS RESCUED.

CALCUTTA: Sept. 29.

Information received at Calcutta by Mr. R. B. Whitehead, President, Indian Mining Association, from a reliable source late at night shows that all the miners involved in the accident, have been brought to the surface alive.

As soon as the pit was made suitable for use, mining inspectors went down through the cage and rescued 22 persons, they bore no marks of injury.

Colliery officials confirm that there were inside the mine only 22 persons.

Two persons are buried as a result of the collapse of the miners' quarters.

Police-pickets have been posted in the danger-zone and the area is fenced round. The condition of the injured Manager is hopeful.—A.P.

1,000 ARRESTS MADE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.

Nearly 1,000 arrests have been made all over the country in the war which the Treasury has launched against law-breakers. The Narcotics Bureau agents have seized several hundred illicit stills.—Reuter.

MAIL PLANE DESTROYED BY FIRE

Passengers And Crew Escape Injury At Delhi Airport

KARACHI, Sept. 29.

The Imperial Airways Office here state that their aircraft "Athena" which left Karachi yesterday for Singapore was destroyed by fire at the Delhi Airport while taking off this morning.

The passengers and crew were not hurt, and it is believed that a great part of the mails has not suffered any damage. All mails for Simla and Delhi are intact.

A relief plane will be despatched from Karachi this afternoon.—

Such mails as have been salvaged will be forwarded to their destination to-morrow morning. The postal authorities have informed all Postmaster-Generals in India and the British Post-Office and the Australian and Malayan Postal Authorities.—A.P.

Military Raj To Be Proclaimed By High Commissioner

Wide Powers To G. O. C.: Military Courts Supersede Ordinary Courts

LONDON, September 29.

An Order-in-Council entitled the Palestine Martial Law Order, was issued to-night empowering the High Commissioner to delegate to the General Officer Commanding the forces, Powers to make regulations for securing public safety and defence of Palestine.

PROCLAMATION TO-DAY?

The new Order will be brought into force by proclamation in Palestine probably tomorrow. Afterwards the High Commissioner will decide, in consultation with General Dill, Commander-in-Chief, when to issue a further proclamation delegating to General Dill the widest possible powers.

WIDE POWERS

These powers will include establishment of Military Courts and regulations which cannot be challenged by Ordinary Courts; also censorship, arrest and deportation; control of harbours; transportation by land air and water; trade and commerce; control, forfeiture and infliction of communal fines; forfeiture and destruction of property as a punitive measure.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted Bhatia bachelors and girls between 18 to 22 and 16 to 20 respectively. Apply with pictures and particulars to Box 7037A, "Bombay Chronicle".

Anxious Bhatias to have matrimonial relations with Bhatias of U. P. with particulars and pictures of girls and bachelors between 16 to 20 and 18 to 22 respectively. Apply Box No. 7037. "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted an experienced Chartered, Incorporated, or Registered Accountant for the post of Chief Accountant to a large manufacturing and selling company. Salary up to Rs. 750 per month—according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 3915, "Bombay Chronicle"

Unemployed the only European managed Service Securing Agency assures you employment immediately. Apply Jones Service Bureau, Opposite Cafe Rex, 427, Girgaum, Bombay. (7031).

Wanted a Science or Mathematics Graduate for tuitions evening two hours. State salary. Madrasi preferred. Box No. 7033, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced Stenographer well-versed in correspondence, familiar with filing office routine. Apply Box No. 7039, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Journalist with good Literary merits. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 7038, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Cashier and a Bill Collector for Commercial Firm. Security in cash Rs. 500 for Bill Collector, and Rs. 500 for Cashier. Apply immediately. State salary. Box No. 7035, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Experienced persons as District Managers to organise agencies on monopoly basis. Salary Rs. 60 besides commission and travelling allowance against guaranteed business. Apply Kurukshetra Insurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (7003)

Experienced English-knowing stock and share broker for our Madras Office. State qualifications and salary required to:—The Real Property & Finance Exchange, 22, Broadway, Madras. 7026.

Wanted for a Retail store, a Clerk to attend to cash sales. Monthly salary of Rs. 50. Those who are prepared to deposit Rs. 300 need apply to Box 7028 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted one influential and respectable Gujarati or Deccani Lady Organiser on handsome salary for one old Life office for Bombay and Suburbs. Apply Box No. 7005, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Unemployed Persons of all grades and qualifications to consult for appointments with Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri Rd., Delhi. (7007).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

At 47, Warden Road facing sea, ground floor flat consisting of 4 bedrooms, baths, drawing, dining, servant quarters, garage with beautifully laid out independent garden, from 1st November or 1st December till 31st March 1937. Rent Rs. 200. 'Phone No. 40797. (7036).

Airy Flats. Rent Rs. 20 and 30 with independent water and Electric supply in C.M. Mitha's newly oil painted buildings near B. B. Railway, Lower Parel Station. (7036 A).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted few practical lessons in Eloquence and Eloquent drafting. Only experts need apply to Box No. 7034, "Bombay Chronicle".

Better Pay and Prospects: Wanted Matriculates to become Advocates. Editors, Secretaries and Press Managers. Success sure. Prospectus Free. Technical College of India. Bombay 14. (7022)

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Wonder of the World. Smallest Bible on Earth. Brings Luck and Prosperity. Price Rs. 2 only (Stamps or Postal Orders). Apply: Post Box 3013, Bombay. (7032).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Godrej Safe Quality B.C. or D Fire and Burglar Resisting, Height 24 inches. Apply Box No. 7025 "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale Edward Washing Co.'s Boards, show cases, tables, Iron's tubs etc. all new cheap. Post Box 448 Bombay. 7027.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Celotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency. Girgaum, Bombay. (6836)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

For Shares, Stocks, Cotton, etc., consult Mr. Ranam, Guaranteed results. Free trial solicited. 107, Dadyseth Agiari Street, Bombay 2. (7002).

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE SURAT CITY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SIXTH GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, 1936, at 3-20 p.m. (S.T.)

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th to 15th October, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
NARANDAS RAJARAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
3912.

THE BROACH CITY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, 1936 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th to 15th October, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
NARANDAS RAJARAM & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
3911.

MARSLAND PRICE & CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 28TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 6th October, 1936, at 12 Noon (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the business as detailed in the Notice posted to Shareholders.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED as from the 1st October, 1936, to the 9th October, 1936, (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board,
THE PREMIER CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.,
Agents.
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.

Phoenix Building,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 26th Septr., 1936.
(3903)

STORES OFFICE—PORBANDAR

NOTICE.

Porbandar State Railway (Metre Gauge) Stores such as engine wheels, carriage and wagon wheels, tyres, axles, axle boxes, cylinders, brass boiler tubes, linoleum, etc., are to be sold. Also Railway Workshop machinery such as wheel turning and other lathes, shearing, shaping, sawing, drilling machines and so on are to be sold. These machines are in good order and are electrically driven. Intending purchasers can inspect the Stores, machinery and the rules for their disposal at the Railway Stores Depot at Porbandar.

Full particulars can be obtained by writing to this Office.

The stores will be sold by public auction on 1st November, 1936 and succeeding days.

STOREKEEPER,
Railway Stores, Porbandar.
Porbandar: 21-9-36.
3894

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction

EDWARD VIII, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SANTOSH KUMAR DAS alias SANTOSH K. DASS alias SANTOSH K. DAS alias S. K. DAS of Calcutta Bengali Hindu inhabitant, a Goldsmith by profession, residing at Dhanji Street, without the Fort of Bombay ... Deceased.

GOLAPBALA DASI of Calcutta Bengali Hindu inhabitant, widow of the deceased abovenamed, residing at Dhanji Street, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

WITNESS SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 25th day of September in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and thirty-six and in the First year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,

The 25th day of September, 1936.

Messrs. JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI AND DEVIDAS.
Petitioner's Attorneys.
3910.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VIII by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions Beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of MAHOMED YACUB NADIR, of Bombay Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant, deceased, a widower, doing business as a block-maker in the name of the Modern Process Works and residing at Ripon Road, without the Fort, Bombay. .. Deceased.

ABDUR REHMAN NADIR, of Bombay Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant, brother and the Executor, according to the tenor of the said Will of the deceased, residing at Ripon Road, without the Fort, Bombay. .. Petitioner

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 23rd day of September in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty six and in the first year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 23rd day of September, 1936.

Messrs PANDIA AND CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
3916.

PUNDALIK
The name that is now on all lips in this great city
PUNDALIK
Parijat's Great Musical Picture
Starring:
MASTER GANPATRAO MOHITE, MASTER DINANATH, DAMUANNA MALVANKAR
PUNDALIK
DRAWING PACKED HOUSES
at
MAJESTIC
CINEMA, Girgaum.
Daily at: 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-45 p.m. on Sat., Sun., and Holidays.

CENTRAL
NEAR ALBLESS BAUG—CHARNI RD.—OFF QUEEN'S RD.
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
The Most Amazing Film In 10 Years!
GENIUS GONE WRONG—A CAREER WRECKED AND LOVE TRAPPED IN THE TENTACLES OF A TWISTED MIND!
The Romance-Thrill Sensation That Tops Them All!

SEE THE BEAUTIFUL CHARMING WOMAN—BUT A 12-INCH TALL KILLER!
NEXT SATURDAY
They were Born to fall in Love!
CLARK GABLE
JEANETTE MacDONALD
Together for the First Time
in
'SAN FRANCISCO'
with
SPENCER TRACY
JACK HOLT
TED HEALY
JESSIE RALPH
a beautiful romance in the world's most wicked street!
The
EARTHQUAKE
that wrecked the mighty city of
'SAN FRANCISCO'
Harrowing—thrilling-scenes tottering mighty buildings—fires and thrilling escapades
Plans Open 'Phone 27787.

PLAZA
TO-NIGHT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
For three days only
RONALD COLMAN
in United Artists thrilling picture
"Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back"

THE EXCELLENCE OF PRABHAT'S
AMAR JYOTI
admired by crowded houses
at
DELHI, SIMLA, NAINITAL, LAHORE, MUSSOURIE, INDORE, NAGPUR, BHAVNAGAR, BANGALORE, NASIK, SHOLAPUR, POONA and BOMBAY.
at
KRISHNA
Dubash Theatre
in its
13th GLORIOUS WEEK
AMAR JYOTI
PRABHAT'S GREAT SEA PICTURE
at
KRISHNA
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun., and Holidays
Records of Sweet Songs from AMAR JYOTI are now available at all H.M.V. dealers.

ROXY
New Queens Road
Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
TO-MORROW ZENANA SHOW at 1-30 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Achhut Kanya
ALSO SHOWING
An interesting film record of 500 Congressmen and women, headed by Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, visiting the Roxy to see "Achhut Kanya".
11th WEEK.

WELLINGTON
THREE SHOWS DAILY
5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
The daring proof of True Love!
HE WALKED THROUGH BLAZING FIRE UNSCATHED!
Better than "SHIRI-FARHAD" and "LAILA MAJNU"
WAMAQ EZRA
Radha Film Co. (Calcutta)'s greatest Love-Drama
WAMAQ EZRA
Directed by TADIT BOSE and starring INDIRA DEVI supported by TRILOK KAPUR, MASTER BASHIR, ABDULLA KABULI
DELIGHTFUL DANCES
by LOVELY GIRLS
in Entire Technicolour!
MELODIOUS SONGS
by
MASTER BASHIR
Really a great Hindi Talkie to be seen and admired!
Plans Open 'Phone 22666.

SCREEN'S SMARTEST STAR
Sulochana
in the double role of a Mother and Daughter
in
IMPERIAL'S
"PRIDE OF INDIA"
A fascinating moving throbbing romance of a Woman's love.
Director: CHOWDHARY
Commencing
SATURDAY, 3rd OCT.
IMPERIAL
CINEMA
Lamington Road, BOMBAY.

8,000 PEASANTS DOWN SICKLES

Protest Against Gurudwara Estate Manager's Order

SHEIKHUPURA, (By Mail)

Nearly 8,000 tenants working on the lands attached to the Gurdwara Janmasthan, Nankana Sahib, have refused to work and reap the cotton harvest and have downed their sickles.

This land measures nearly 700 squares and yields an annual income to the Gurdwara of nearly four lakhs of rupees. The labourers have taken this step as a protest against the order passed by the Managing Committee of the Gurdwara, which requires the men to bring the whole crop to the Head Office of the manager, before receiving their half-share after deducting the quantity required for the payment of the land revenue. They are not allowing any one else also to reap the harvest. They want the old practice, whereby they could retain their half share and send the other half to the manager to be continued.

The tenants could, therefore, sell cotton to the shop keepers and get their supplies but now as the result of the passing of the new order, the shop keepers are refusing credit to the workers as they do not expect to get cotton immediately in payment for the goods supplied.

A deputation of the workers is going to the Shiromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee, Amritsar to place their grievances before it. —United Press.

INDISCRIMINATE FEZ CAP ENFORCEMENT

Protest Against Bhawalpur Order For School Boys

LAHORE, Sept. 26

The Secretary, S. D. Punjab Mahabir Dal, Lahore in the course of a statement says:—

"It is to be regretted that the Educational Minister, Bahawalpur State, has issued an order to the effect that every student, whether Hindu or Muslim, should attend schools in the State with a fez cap on his head. It is difficult to understand the meaning of this order. The fez cap is a head-dress worn only by Muslims. We have never till now chanced to pass by a Hindu with a fez on. We think it improper to force anybody to wear a particular kind of cap. May we hope that the State Government will see its way to withdraw the order and thus soothe the feelings of its Hindu subjects."—United Press.

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Health Of Municipal School Children

PROVISION FOR MEDICAL ATTENTION UTTERLY INADEQUATE

The Municipal School Clinic at the K. E. M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, specially opened for the treatment of the diseases of the pupils in the Bombay Municipal Schools, was working in full swing, when our representative visited the Clinic yesterday.

It was announced that the members of the Bombay Corporation would pay a visit to the Clinic to see for themselves the beneficial service rendered to thousands of poor children attending the Municipal schools in the City, but at the last moment, the Corporators excused themselves on some pretext or other.

In fact, the Corporators have not taken kindly to the Clinic in the past, and attempts were made to discontinue the annual grant of Rs. 38,000 towards medical inspection of children attending the Municipal schools in the name of retrenchment.

THE CONTRAST.

It is stated, that for every eight annas spent on a child in the city of Bombay, (for, that is the amount per capita, available from the grant), Great Britain spends about Rs. 5 annually, that is about 10 times the sum spent on children in Bombay.

But the facilities to meet the medical needs of these unfortunate children,—inspection, diagnosis, treatment and after-care,—are pitifully inadequate. During last year, for instance, out of more than 70,000 children attending the Municipal schools in the city, only 2,000 children got any kind of treatment, while it is estimated that at least 30 per cent. of the children, that is, about 20,000 are suffering from one ailment or another.

It was found that the most common defect was malnutrition and bad dieting. In extreme cases, children were given cod liver oil and the parents were advised about the diet they should give their children.

The most common disease prevalent was "scabies", (skin disease), from which about 30 per cent. of the children suffered. Tonsils and adenoids were also found to a considerable extent. Many cases of decayed teeth were noticed. Several children suffered from enlargement of the spleen, as an after-effect of malaria.

AT THE CLINIC.

To cope with the needs of these children, the Municipality has provided three medical inspectors, Drs. V. S. Bhoosrath, Kapadia and Miss Gulbanoo. Dr. S. Patankar and Miss Sonubai Joglekar are the organisers of the Clinic, while Dr. V. V. Jadhav, Assistant Medical Officer, K. E. M. Hospital, is in charge of the arrangements at the K.E.M. Hospital.

The school children are brought to the Clinic in Municipal buses, during the working hours of the Municipal schools. Every day during week-days, two departments are at work, out of the Medical and Surgical Department, the Aural Department (Ear, Nose and Throat), the Ophthalmic and the Dental Departments.

The Medical Inspectors, examine the school children and in cases where medical attention is required, they at once communicate with the parents. Unfortunately there are parents who refuse any medical treatment for their children out of ignorance. But in those cases, where the parents give their consent, the children are brought to the Clinic, where they are sent to the particular departments for treatment and medical attention. When an operation is found necessary, the authorities of the K. E. M. Hospital gladly undertake to perform the operation and the children are admitted as in-patients in the Hospital.

IN THE HOSPITAL.

Ultra-violet ray treatment is given for such diseases as rickets. In fact, everything that a Clinic would do in dealing with a case requiring medical attention, such as examination of blood, X'-ray examination, etc., is carried on at the Municipal Clinic by the Staff of the K. E. M. Hospital.

Children suffering from tuberculosis are isolated and are sent to the Turner Anti-Tuberculosis Sanitarium, Parel.

But at present only 2,000 out of about 70,000 children receive the medical care required.

CORPORATION'S DUTY.

It is estimated that an annual expenditure of about one lakh of rupees by the Corporation, would do justice to the health of the poor children.

The Municipal Schools Committee in the past obtained a grant of nearly Rs. 32 lakhs annually from the Corporation.

Is it preposterous to ask that the Schools Committee should spend half-anna in the rupee for the welfare of the Municipal schools pupils?

'PARLE MUNICIPALITY v. STALL HOLDERS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ANDHERI, Sunday.

At the general board meeting of Vile Parle Municipality held this morning at Andheri the city fathers sat up for full 3½ hours and gave their decisions on several important propositions.

MARKET QUESTION.

At the outset Mr. Shroff drew the attention of the Board to the market problem at Vile Parle, and he said that due to the defiance of the stall-holders, the Municipality was not only losing its revenue, but was also being ridiculed by the public for its inability to solve the problem. He said that an immediate solution of the problem was essential, and moved that a committee of three persons be appointed with full powers to carry on negotiations with the stall-holders and prevail upon them to shift to the Municipal market, if necessary by further reducing the rents or by acceding to any legitimate demand that they may put up.

Messrs Goculbhai Bhatt and Misquita were of the opinion that pending the clarification of various issues, and especially until the monsoon was over, it was not advisable to force the issue, and on this advise Mr. Shroff withdrew the motion.

PLEA FOR SPEED LIMIT.

Mr. Dikshit and Mr. Shroff then drew the attention of the Board to the recent accidents at Vile Parle due to fast driving by motorists and they requested the president to write to the D.S.P. to restrict the speed of motor vehicles within the Municipal area. The president promised to do the needful.

Buy Khadi And Help The Poor

The Secretary, All-India Spinners' Association Bombay Branch, writes:—

At times people get annoyed and ask "How long do you propose to force their Khadi Hundis down our throats? Japanese articles have penetrated our market by their sheer cheapness. If Khadi is economically sound it must stand on its own legs."

This sounds true at first sight. Let us, however, examine it critically.

There are many industries in India—large and small. They are all backed up by huge capital running into crores, efficient and influential directorates and even by State help in certain cases.

But we are here concerned with a helpless spinner earning about three annas per day.

To her, the wheel means everything.

An industrialist may revert to some other industry when he finds any particular one losing its hold on the market.

A spinner has nothing else to fall beck upon. She has either to ply her wheel or starve!

There is nothing "abnormal" about an industry approaching Government for protection. An act is passed and the public need not be reminded about it every year. The whole thing seems so very easy.

The members of the Gandhi Seva Sena and the Bhagini Samaj approach you every year merely to "Protect" the helpless spinner. They would not approach you for any other cause.

Citizens, the privilege is your in welcoming these sisters. You are only honouring yourself by buying Khadi Hundis from them.

Mr. V. R. Kewalramani, M.A. (Bom.), B.Sc. Econ. (Lond.), son of Mr. R. M. Kewalramani, Director of Telegraphs, Bombay Circle, Bombay, arrived by the s. s. "City of Hongkong" after qualifying in "Transport and International Trade" from the London School of Economics. He made a special study of American Road Transport by a viisit to that country. Very few Indians have specialised in this branch of Economics so far.

QUEER MAINTENANCE CASE

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA.

The First Class Magistrate at Bandra is engaged in hearing a maintenance caes in wich the wife, Mrs. Juliana Patrick Gonsalves makes allegations of cruelty, negligence, abuse and threats, and assaults against her husband, Mr. Patrick Gonsalves of Juhu. These allegations are denied by the husband who says that his wife should be ordered to resume living with him, as she had left the house of her own free will, and promises to make the applicant as happy as he possibly could within his means.

The case is proceeding.

Sad And Untimely Death Of Mr. Nanjibhai Lavji

The Joint Secretaries of the Cotton Brokers' Staff Union writes:—

An ordinary general meeting of the members of the Cotton Brokers' Staff Union was held at 4-0 p.m. yesterday. The meeting was adjourned without transacting any business to express sorrow at the sad and untimely death of Mr. Nanjibhai Lavji,—a member of the managing committee of the union.

Mr. Nanjibhai was a leading and energetic worker of the union. He used to take great interest in all activities of the Union and was very keen and active in securing the removal of the hardships of the workers in the Cotton Market.

He was a staunch Congressman and had taken an active part in the last national struggle.

Being very polite, sweet and amiable, he won the love of all his friends and fellow-workers in the Cotton Market. Union has, by his sad death, lost a worker whose place can never be filled.

May God give peace to his Soul.

GERMAN OFFICER ARRESTED

Alleged Seizure Of Arms On Ship At Kidderpore Docks

A young German officer of a vessel lying at Kidderpore Docks was arrested by the Special Staff of the Port Police on a charge of possessing unlicensed arms and ammunition.

On searching a cabin which was said to have been occupied by him, the police are alleged to have recovered an automatic pistol and 25 rounds of ammunition.

The accused, who was described as an engineer was released on bail.—"The Statesman."

Victor Gardiner (25), arrested yesterday, was put up before Mr. Oscar H. Brown at Mazagaon suspected of a series of thefts from Mrs. Roberts' room at All Saints' Home, Dock Yard Road. He was remanded into Police custody pending further enquiries.

(Continued from Col. 5)

but so far no arrest has been made.

Another cat burglar appeared at Reay Road the same night, entered the room of Jasper Thomas Pereira through a ventilator and carried away articles valued at Rs. 75.

Shrinathshankar Pavashankar residing at Sun Mills Road also reports to the police, theft of jewellery valued at Rs. 300 from his room. It appears some burglar in his absence opened the room by a duplicate key.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Not content with the pay of Rs. 22 he was getting as a motor cleaner, Kabiruddin Allabux is stated to have tried to commit suicide by taking a dose of opium.

It appears that the cleaner could not visit his wife residing at Prabhatgarh as he could not lay by anything from the meagre pay he was getting.

He was arrested by the Agripada Police last night and placed before the Mazagaon Court to-day and was ordered to be remanded for a week.

How a man named Fillis Motis caused grievous hurt to a fellow-servant over an exchange of words was narrated at the Girgaum Court to-day.

It was alleged Fillis Motis and Chhanya Prema employees of Duke and Co. Tribhuwan Road had a quarrel and came to blows on Monday morning, when the latter sustained a fracture of his left frontal bone.

Soon after, the complainant became unconscious and was removed to hospital, where he is till lying unconscious.

Fillis was arrested with a knife in his hand.

The accused was refused bail, since the complainant is still in a precarious condition and was remanded into police custody till October 13th.

A verdict of death by asphyxiation and haemorrhage from a wound in the throat was recorded by the city Coroner, to-day, on the death of a newly born child found in a room of a building at Naigaum on September 12 last.

The jury added: "On the medical evidence we have no doubt in our minds that the child had been murdered, but there is no evidence to show which of the two suspects committed the murder."

"One of the two may have committed the deed, the rider went on" or the two together might have committed the offence.

'In the circumstances', the jury concluded, 'we are unable to advise a prosecution on a charge of murder'.

The two suspects are Babbal, the mother of the child and Ehimbai, the mother of the first suspect.

Evidence showed that the husband of the first suspect discarded his wife five years ago. On September 12 last, a Police Sergeant of the Bhoiwada Police went to the room of the suspects on receipt of some information and found the dead body of the child wrapped in some clothes, while the suspects sat huddled up in a corner of the room.

A worker who saw his father and two other workers jammed by a stack of linseed bags in the godown of Hathubai Balakhulal at Dhana Bunder on Saturday last, told the City Coroner, to-day, that his father died in the J. J. Hospital, yesterday.

The stack of linseed bags toppled over, witness said, and there was a terrible scramble for safety.

But his father and two were jammed. Their names are: Nana Ganoo, Sakharam Govind and another. Two of them were removed to the hospital and his father succumbed to his injuries yesterday.

Further inquest was adjourned.

A verdict of death by accident was recorded by the City Coroner on Rajka Deoji who sustained injuries on September 25 last, while jumping down a moving tram at the junction of Khetwadi 4th Lane and Sandhurst Road.

As a sequel to a raid, carried out by the Prevention of Gambling Squad, in a tin shed at Dhamdhai Baug, Supari Baug Road, five persons were arrested last night and sveral "sutta" chits and marked coins recovered.

Pandurang Moreshwar, Mahadeo Sitaram, Domes Saldhana and Narayan Babaji, the four accused, were produced before the Dadar Court to-day and were bailed out till October 7.

Warrant was issued against Mohiddin Abbas, who failed to appear before the Court.

Alleged Conducting Of Gaming House

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, resumed to-day the hearing of the case in which Jadhavji Premji Gandhi and Dhirajlal Pannachand Shah are charged under the Amended Gaming Act for conducting a common gaming house where bets on "ank", race-bets and wagering transactions were alleged to have been accepted.

Sub-Inspector Umerkhan further examined for the prosecution by Mr. R. J. Kolah, special prosecutor, gave details of the search carried out by him in the Head Office of Jadhavji Premji and Co., the trading style under which the accused in partnership carried on their business.

Witness tendered correspondence seized by him which had passed between the Sholapur branch and the accused.

These related to a demand for a proper check on the accounts maintained in the Bombay office in respect of the transactions which had been telephoned to Bombay from Poona.

Counsel read a letter received from Sholapur by Dhirajlal written by one Karsondas. In this letter the writer states that a profit of nearly Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 3,000 had been made by bets on figures.

He proposed to take a more central residence on Rs. 200 per month rental as this site would be more conducive for a larger turnover of business.

The writer warned the recipient of the letter to read the contents and to take good care to see that it did not fall into anybody elses hands.

Mr. Gadkari at this stage stated that the prosecution must prove the contents of these letters. He did not object to their being admitted as exhibits as they were found in the course of the search.

The Magistrate observed that the letters spoke for themselves and this stage they were admissible.

"Walan" Chits Seized

The witness produced some of the 'walan' chits seized by him which, in his opinion, appeared to be 'walan' slips in respect of figure betting.

In a wooden box a sum of Rs. 1,861-2-6 was found in loose coins and currency notes, and also six slips, which pertained to gaming transactions and were "walan" slips. In the safe there was a sum of Rs. 1,086 which was also seized.

The witness then tendered the 80 books together with five files seized in the raid.

At this stage further hearing was adjourned.

Mr. R. J. Kolah, Bar.-at-law, Special Police Prosecutor instructed by Mr. C. B. Velker, Police Prosecutor, Sub-Inspector V. T. Gadre. Investigating Officer, appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. A. R. Gadkari with Mr. S. Ambedker defended the 1st accused, Mr. C. N. Kanuga with Mr. Chhotalal P. Desai defended the 2nd accused.

Cat Burglars Busy Again

After a lapse of some months, a cat burglar made his appearance at Colaba, climbed to the fifth floor by the spiral stairs, entered a room through an open window and carried away property valued at Rs. 206.

That is the story of the burglar who entered the Outram Hotel situate at a building on the fifth floor at Outram Road between midnight and 4-30 a.m. on Monday.

The police are making enquiries

(Continued in Col. 3)

Announcement

THE Bombay Chief Agency of Mr. I. KHAN under the Title and Style of Messrs. KHAN & Co., having been terminated the said Mr. I. KHAN has no further connection with the **Sun Light of India Insurance Co., Ltd.,** Head Office 3, Temple Road, LAHORE.

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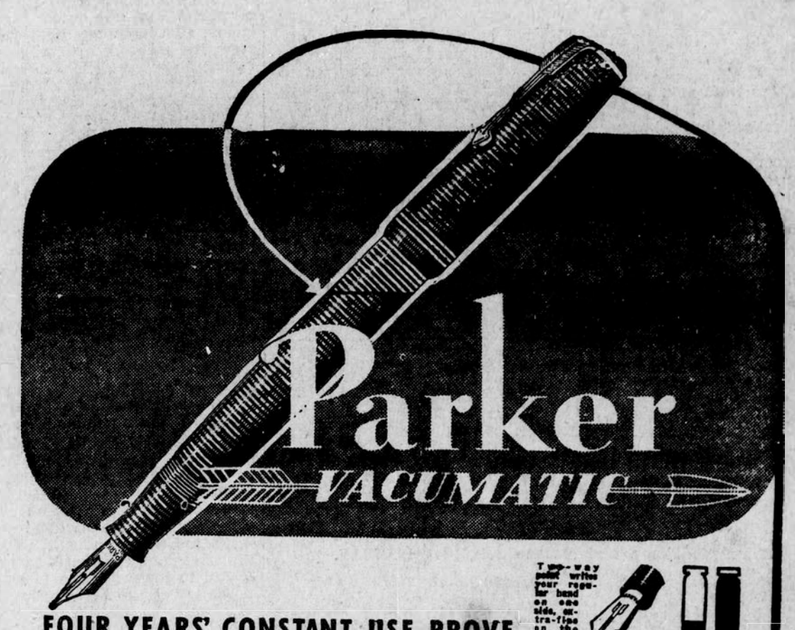

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GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97m.). GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86m.). GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82m.).
p.m.
7-30 Big Ben. A Brass Band concert.
8-0 Talk.
8-15 The John MacArthur Quintet.
8-30 Light Programme.
9-1 A Pianoforte Recital.
9-25 The News and Announcements.
9-45 The B.B.C. Dance Orchestra.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.
p.m.
1-0 Available market rates. Jules Craen and his Quintet relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel.
2-0 Selection of Indian Music.
5-30 Relay from Krishna Cinema.
6-15 Talk (Hindi) "Modern Urdu Poetry" by Mammon Noor Md. "Naz."
6-30 Light Music by Savitribai with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.
7-15 Exposition of Gatha by Ervad Framroz A. Bode.
7-30 "Kunkwachi Banda" a humorous skit in Marathi, written and directed by S.N. Chapekar.
8-0 Commercial News and News in Hindi.
8-25 Gazal and Quwalis by Ahmed Dilawar assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra.
9-30 News in English.
9-45 Talk (English): "Among the Chinese Bandits" by Frederick Goldrich.
10-0 A Concert. Lucy Fraser Piano; Prof. J. Franz Violin; George Lester Cello.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres 6,109 kc/s.
p.m.
12-36 SB The Grand Hotel Orchestra. Instrumental selections relayed from the Grand Hotel. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft.
1-36 Talk (Bengali) "The System of Education in Ancient India" by Kamal Bose.
2-6 Vocal music. Prafullaballa.
2-21 Musical selections.
2-36 Panchali by Gour Mohan Mukherjee.
5-36 Vocal music (assorted) Ashalata light Bengali song.
5-51 Krishna Chandra Ghose Ramprosadi.
6-6 Provabaty Modern Bengali.
6-21 Ushabaty and Ranjit Roy humorous duet.
6-36 Bhabatosh Bhattacharya toppa.
6-51 Benode Ganguly Thungri.
7-6 Sachin Das Thungri and kheyal.
7-31 "The Village Girl Thrills her Lay" (through the soft silence of the listening night) written and produced by Banikumar.
7-51 SB News in English.
8-6 SB Musical interlude from the Studio.
8-15 SB "An Ambiguous Escape" or "The Identity of Indiscernibles." Characters:—Mr. George Blake, Stationmaster, formerly a Policeman; Mrs. Blake; Sir Robert, a retired judge, brother to the Governor of Longmoor Prison; Tom Simpson, a warder and a man.
8-40 SB A musical finale.
8-51 SB General News Bulletin: Weather Forecast, Market Prices Jute and Gunny Closing rates (in Bengali).
9-6 SB A short display of Kheyal songs. Ramkrishna Misra.
9-26 Tarapada Chakravarty.
9-46 Talk (Bengali) "Voices from the Border Land" by M.L. Roy.
10-6 SB 2nd News Bulletin, Weather Forecast, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny closing rates (in English).

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.
a.m.
8-0 Naat by A.I.R. artists. Chorus.
8-10 A.I.R. Orchestra. Prabhat.
8-20 Maqbool Husain Khayal Lalit, Thumri Bhairon; Dadra Bharvin.
8-45 Talk (Hindustani) "Outline History of the World" No. 5 by Mohammad Mujeeb.
9-0 Ghulam Sabir Sarangi—Deshkar.
9-10 Sardar Bai of Kilat "Kuchh woh sargarm-i-sukhan nam-i-Khuda hone lage; Ab Khuda chahe to matlab bhi ada hone lage" (Dagh).
9-20 Afzal Husain "Namuradon ko shadkam karo; Karam apna kabhi to am karo" (Hasrat Mohani).
9-30 Maqbool Husain Thumri Sarang.
9-40 Bilawal: Sardar Violin; Karrar Harmonium and Tufail Tabla.
9-50 Sardar Bai of Kilat "Tere jaur-o-sitam uthaen ham; Yeh kalija kahan se laen ham" (Amir Minai).
p.m.
12-30 Indian recorded music.
5-30 A.I.R. Orchestra Malsiri.
5-40 Sardar Bai of Kilat.
5-50 Gayanachari Prof. Narain Rao Vyas of Bombay, classical music.
6-20 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report (Hindustani).
6-30 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report (English).
6-40 Gayanachari Prof. Narain Rao Vyas classical music.
7-30 "For Villagers Only."
8-30 Talk (Hindustani) "Elements of Radio" No. 5 by S. Gopalan.
8-45 Play (Hindustani): "Khuda-ka-Insaf" by Mohammad Naqi, performed by A.I.R. artists.
9-0 Simla Hill Songs.
9-15 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report (Hindustani).
9-30 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report (English).
9-45 Talk (English) "The Village as I see it" No. 3 by Miss Miriam Young.
10-0 An orchestral concert by His Excellency the Viceroy's Orchestra, directed by Lt. C. H. Fenner M.B.E., L.R.A.M.

POLICEMAN "TICKS OFF" MRS. ROOSEVELT

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.
(By Air Mail)

Policeman Michael Holly shouted to the lady driving the big car to halt. She had ignored a red traffic light.

Obediently, the woman driver pulled over the curb. To the policeman's admonition about the danger of passing lights, she replied that she was sorry but the lights had been momentarily obscured from her sight by a tram.

The policeman warned her not to risk a light which was out of her vision, and then allowed her to drive on.

It was not until he reported the incident, and the number of the car, to his superior officer that he learned that the lady he had stopped was the wife of the President of United States.—Reuter.

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BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

(Continued from Page 9)
departing team were heavily garlanded by the proprietor and the heads of the various departments.

We are told, the Iranian Talkie 'Laili Majnun' is billed for immediate release, as soon as the party reaches Iran.

"BAGHI SEPAHI" COMPLETED:

Director Kardar has completed the shooting of "Baghi Sepahi" and is now looking after the editing.

It is scheduled for release in Punjab and Bengal by the middle of October.

"SONEHRA SANSAR" SPEEDING UP:

Our readers are aware that every endeavour is being made to complete this production in two versions before the Pujah. Director Bose is going ahead accordingly.

Some of the most touching scenes in the two versions have lately been shot, in the beautiful set, showing the interior of Sir Sankarnath's house. Dhiraj Bhattacharjee and Vijaykumar, Jiban Ganguli and Gul Hamid, Chaya and Rampyari have given good account of themselves in the two respective versions.

NEW THEATRES (CALCUTTA):

"Bejoya": Over at the studio No. 2 of New Theatres, and under the personal supervision of Mr. J. N. Mitter, brisk shooting of 'Bejoya' screen-rendering of Sarat Chandra's most famous romantic novel, is going apace. The taking is nearly complete, and vigorous day and night works are being done to finish the whole picture in about a month, as the releasing date is already announced as 10th October at Rupabani. Pahari Sanyal, Chandravati, Amar Mallick and Shyam Laha are appearing in the roles of Naren Bejoya, Rashbehari and Bilasbehari respectively. Timir Baran, the much famed musician is musically directing the film which is big news. Loken Bose is in charge of audiography.

Mr. Barua, No. 1 studio, is shooting the final quarter of the film "Maya", both in Bengali and Hindi, adapted from an original story by Mr. S. Das Gupta. Jamuna is entrusted with the responsible task of portraying the title role, in which Pahari Sanyal is in the male lead opposite her. Bimal Roy, who has leapt into fame by his marvellous camera-work of 'Grihadaha" and "Manzil" is cranking while Bani Dutta is recording the sound. R. C. Boral is the musical director.

Mr. Hem Chunder fresh from the success of his "Millionaire" has taken up the work of his new picture, adapted from the novel, "Ananth Asram" of the Sailajananda Mukerjea. Mr. Bhanu Banerjea, a veteran hero of the silent screen, who has lately joined N. T. is in the leading male role of which Umashashi will appeal as the heroine.

"Call Of The Soul" Or Hridaya Manthan"

(Continued from Page 9)
been produced and released so far, but this particular Hindi social subject is entirely different from the rest and openly challenges all those presented so far, from the point of view of its unique theme, unique dialogues, unique tempo, unique tackling of the most burning social problems, unique actions and comedy, unique songs and back ground music and above all unique Romance.

The "Call of the Soul" which is ably directed by Bai Jaddan Bai the only woman director of India, who is very successfully racilitated by the most enviable Camera work and present day improved Cine-technique, now awaits its release at The Majestic in the second week of October.

"MAYA"

(Continued from Page 9)
that from the psychological pattern of situations of the one. You must have seen many a plot as far as Indian moving pictures are concerned, but Sjt. Barua has chosen a peculiar psychological, ultramodern drama which would make his talents shine through the treatment. You will positively fall in love with the melodious music the story of "Maya" has, of course, by your favourite Sjt. R.C. Boral. All the lilting songs all the musical effects and all the syncopating notes which background the picture proudly comprise the unequivocal elements?

And what about the characters? You will see your favourite star Jamuna in a role—more human than that of "Parvati" in "Devdas". She is Maya—woman forgotten by a Sanyal, Pahari Sanyal, Azurie, Nawab, K. C. Dey, (blind singer), Jagdeesh and Nemo. This great social drama "Maya" will be released at the Minerva Talkies next Saturday through Calcutta Film Exchange. Sjt. Baboosheth Mamoojee of C.F.E. has now returned to Bombay from Calcutta.

B.

Unstinted Loyalty To Congress

R. C. Labours To Get Site For Faizpur Session

(From Our Correspondent)

The first meeting of the Reception Committee of the 50th Session of the Indian National Congress was held at 2 p.m. on the 20th instant. 74 members attended.

Sjt. Dhanaji Nanaji Chaudhari proposed Sjt. Achyutrao Patwardhan, a member of the Congress Working Committee, to the chair. Sjt. Shankerrao Thakar seconded the proposal. Sjt. Patwardhan, thereupon occupied the chair.

At the outset Sjt. Shankerrao Deo, President of the Provisional Reception Committee, that was formed on 22nd May in the meeting of the M.P.C.C., addressed the meeting for a few minutes. He told about the difficulties that confronted the Reception Committee in getting the lands for the session, and how the oppositionists brought pressure on the landowners for not giving their lands for Congress, and how in spite of that the landowners proved their loyalty to the Congress by giving their lands for the session. He thanked the landowners and all others who helped the Reception Committee.

The telegram of Sjt. Gadgil, M.L.A., from Simla was read. The permission to use the lands for non-agricultural purposes was also read to the meeting.

Therefore Sjt G. A. Deshpande, Secretary of the Reception Committee, read the report of the work done by the R. C. office from 30th May to 20th September 1936, and also the statement of accounts during the period.

The following resolutions were then passed:

(1) This meeting of the Reception Committee adopts the report of the work done upto this time by the office-bearers of the provisional Reception Committee, which was elected by the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee in its meeting held on 22nd May, at Poona. It also accepts the whole responsibility of all the contracts entered into by the R. C. or by Sjt. Dhanaji Nanaji Chaudhari on behalf of the R. C. in connection with the lands and the arrangements of the session.

(2) This meeting of the Reception Committee adopts the statement of the amounts collected and spent for the purposes of the session, by the executives of the R. C. appointed by the M.P.C.C. in its meeting held on 22nd May, at Poona, till 15th September. And along with this it takes charge of the accounts including the assets, the liabilities, and the balance, for the furtherance of the work of the session.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

(3) After a lapse of 40 years, Maharashtra has the golden opportunity of holding the ensuing Congress session. This meeting, therefore, feels confident that the people in liberty-loving Maharashtra will co-operate with the R. C. for turning this golden opportunity into a grand success and give all the necessary assistance by enrolling themselves as members of the R. C. and by offering generous donations.

In view of the fact that Maharashtra, leaving aside the old practice of holding Congress sessions in cities, has embarked upon a new tradition of holding the Congress sessions in villages in accordance with the far-sighted Congress policy of organising peasants, this meeting of the Reception Committee appeals to all men and women in Maharashtra and the Maharashtrians outside Maharashtra to give every possible help for the purpose of this session.

(4) This meeting exhorts the Municipalities of Sawda and Faizpur to offer their hearty co-operation to the Reception Committee, and help the Reception Committee in this huge responsibility of the ensuing Congress session which it has decided to hold at Faizpur.

(5) This meeting of the Reception Committee appoints the following office-bearers:

Chairman: Sjt. Shankerrao Deo.

Vice-Chairman: Messrs. Keshavrao Jedhe, N. V. Gadgil, Achyutrao Patwardhan, Rajmal Lakhichand Shet, Panduanna Shiralkar, Shaligram Bharatiya, Ramnikrai Mehta, A. B. Pandit, Madhav Martand Deshpande, Ramkrishna Jaju Shet Ukhabhai Hunabhai Wani, Gopalrao Gogate, Wasukaka Joshi, Yusuf Miya Kazi, and Shrimati Laxmibai Thuse.

General Secretary: Sjt. Dhanaji Nanaji Chaudhari.

Secretaries: Messrs. Annasaheb Dastane, G. A. Deshpande, Gokulbhai Bhatt, Shankerrao Thakar, Shankarshet Kabare, and Devkinandan Narayan.

Treasurers: Shet Punachand Onkardas, Sjt. Late, Pleader, and Sjt. Purshottam Kanji.

(6) This meeting appoints the following Sub-Committees with power to co-opt for various purposes of the ensuing Congress session:

1. Finance Committee. 2. Construction Committee. 3. Reception Committee. 4. Accommodation Committee. 5. Bazaar Committee. 6. Mess Committee. 7. Sanitation Committee. 8. Exhibition Committee. 9. Publicity Committee. 10. Transport Committee. 11. Villagers' Reception Committee. 12 Provision Committee. 13. Food-articles Supply Committee. 14. Medical Committee and 15. Propaganda Committee.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FUND.

(7) This meeting appoints the Executive Committee consisting of the office-bearers of the R. C. and the Chairmen of all the Sub-Committees, and further delegates to it full powers of the R.C. to execute the decisions of the Reception Committee. The Executive Committee is authorised to co-opt 5 more members, if it think necessary. 10 members present will form quorum for the meeting of the Executive Committee.

(8) This meeting appoints Messrs. H. V Kolhatkar, R. D. Wadekar and N. V. Gadgil, to look to all legal matters arising in connection with the ensuing session of the Congress. (Thereafter Sjt. Annasaheb Dastane tabled the budget of Rs. 1,40,000 for the session; and after discussion the next resolution was passed).

(9) This meeting empowers the Executive Committee to effect necessary changes in the budget of the ensuing Congress session after due consideration, and to pass the same.

(10) This meeting authorises Sjt. V. V. Dastane to consult Mahatma Gandhi and decide the extent of financial responsibility to be undertaken by the R. C. in connection with the Exhibition, but subject to following conditions:

(i) An advance of not more than Rs. 7,000 for exhibition purposes.

(ii) A loss of not more than Rs. 5,000 will be borne by the R. C. in the event of loss accruing in the exhibition.

(iii) The balance of the sum advanced, after deducting the sum spent towards making up the losses, if any, should be handed over to the R. C. before a fixed date.

(11) The persons elected to be Chairman or Secretaries of the Sub-Committees, should be members of the R. C.

TILAK NAGAR.

(12) This meeting resolves that the Nagar to be erected in connection with the ensuing 50th Congress session, be named as "Tilak Nagar."

(13) This meeting appoints Sjt. P. H. Alias Rao Saheb Patwardhan as the G.O.C. of Volunteer Corps of the ensuing Congress session and Miss Premabai Kantak as G.O.C. of the Lady Volunteers' Section.

(14) This meeting authorises the Chairman of the R. C. to nominate, if he thinks fit, those who have volunteered their services and have been continuously working for the session, as members of the Reception Committee.

(15) This meeting strongly condemns the unjust obstruction and excesses in certain places by certain village police officers on some of the Congress workers in this part.

The Akola Vangmayopasak Mandal has suggested the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Khaparde, Education Minister for the Presidentship of the forthcoming Maharashtra Sahitya Sammelan to be held at Jalgaon.

OF COURSE
THERE IS NOTHING TO BEAT THIS
Goldens Navy Cut
(Magnums) CIGARETTES
NOR EVER BEFORE
Such SUPER MOST quality has been
OFFERED AT A
Price SO CHEAP AS
TWO CIGARETTES FOR ONE PICE
THE Ideal Cigarettes *Cool* and *Lasting* with *exactly* the *right flavour* for *every smoker*
THE GOLDEN TOBACCO CO.,
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BONUS ENDOWMENT Rs. 23 Per 1000 per Year
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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Bhadarva Sud 15, 1992
Muslim: Rajab 13, 1355
Parsi: Farvardin 25, 1306.
Hightide: 11-07; 23-41
Lowtide: 4-53; 17-22
Sunrise: 6h. 29m.
Sunset: 6h. 29m.

Bombay Presidency Olympic Association: Lunch in honour of Olympic Hockey team and other members of Olympic team, Mongini's, Fort, 1-15 p.m.

Municipal Schools Committee, 5-40 p.m.

Bombay Presidency Women's Council: Dr. G. Coelho's lecture on "Mentally Deficient Children", Town Hall 6 p.m.

Thursday, October 1.

Municipal Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

WIFE OF MR. MAHOMEDALI S. MANIAR, Muslim Carporator died on Tuesday at her residence at Khazi Mohalla. The Zyarat Majlis will be held on Wednesday at 9 p.m. and Zyarat will be held on Thursday at 9 a.m. at the Minara Mosque, Pydhonie Road.

'C' WARD TENANTS' MEETING

A public meeting of the tenants, clerks etc. living in the Bhuleshwar ('C' Ward) and neighbouring areas will be held at Thamba Kanta (Pydhonie) at 9 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) when Shrimati Maniben Kara will preside and Messrs. I. Yajnik, V. B. Karnik P. Kesaria Bukhari and Shahid will speak on the Bombay Tenants' Charter of Rights.

SANGAT SABHA

Prof. V. N. Naik M.A. will deliver an address on "Tagore's Religion of Man" to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. in the Prarthana Mandir.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"She" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"The Devil Doll." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Under Two Flags" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"Seven Sinners". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
GLOBE—"Rangila-Nawab". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jiwan Lata." Daily at 5-30 8 and 10-45 p.m
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Pundalik." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Hot Blood." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"42nd Street" at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"These Three" Time as usual.
PATHE—"Now and Forever" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Bulldog Drummond" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Bride Walks Out." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Wamaq Ezra." Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Lahari Lala". Time as usual.

BOMBAY HOTEL-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the general body of the Bombay Hotel-Keepers' Association was held at its office at Byculla on Monday, Mr. Kashinathpant Kulkarni presiding.

The meeting passed a resolution expressing and placing on record its heartfelt sorrow at the sad and premature death of Mr. Gangadhar Govind alias Tatyasaheb Desai of the Empire Hindu Hotel, who was also the President of the said Association. The resolution further wished to convey the condolence to the members of the deceased's family.

REGAL
Daily at 6-30 & 10 P.M.

STANWYCK
THE Bride Walks Out
GENE RAYMOND · ROBERT YOUNG · NED SPARKS · HELEN BRODERICK
RKO RADIO PICTURE
Directed by Leigh Jason. An Edward Small Production.

Sparkling triangle dilemma in COMEDY!

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

H. RIDER HAGGARD'S
weird and wondrous novel.
"SHE"
Love story of a Woman incredible . . . told against a background of scenes unbelievable!
BIGGER THAN "KING KONG!"

THIS IS TRULY THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A short time ago I was like you my friends. I felt my strength ebbing from me. I had to lean more and more on my lathi for support. But physical props were useless when my inner vitality was low.

So I took the advice of a wise man and began taking **Phosferine** regularly. In a short time I felt the vigour of youth coursing through my veins and ever since then have maintained my energy without any difficulty by a daily dose of **Phosferine.**

I give it to all my family too.

PHOSFERINE
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Sexua. Weakness | Brain Fag | Sleeplessness | Headache | Neuralgia
Influenza | Gastric Pains | Exhaustion | Sciatica | Anæmia
Lassitude | Debility | Nerve Shock | Maternity | Mental
Indigestion | Rheumatism | Weakness | Exhaustion

Sold by all good chemists and stores, in Liquid and Tablet form, each in three sizes. The larger sizes are more economical.

Proprietors: PHOSFERINE (ASHTON & PARSONS) Ltd., London, England.

MID-WEEK CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

At The Capitol

From to-day, Wednesday, 30th September, the Capitol will be showing the exciting film "SHE" which is adapted from the famous H. Rider Haggard Fantasy of the same name. It is heralded as entertainment that should send any audience into a high fever of intense excitement. There are thrills of the spine-tingling nature in plenty. There is electrifying adventure, brightly charged mystery, fierce conflict and exciting escapes and a romance that is said to be the strangest love story ever written in this RKO Radio Picture. The story is abuot the most fascinating woman of fiction. She is a pagan queen who has discovered a flaming life-giving fountain and bathing in it, has become endowed with eternal youth. "SHE" rules over the remote kingdom of Kor. We are having three shows daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PASSED BY CENSOR

Film Of Congress President

The film taken by Bombay Talkies, entitled 'Pundit Jawaharlal sees "Achhut Kanya" having been passed by the Censor is now being shown along with "Achhut Kannya' at the Roxy from yesterday.

The film shows the Congress President and other prominent Congress leaders including Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Acharya Kripalani and others arriving at the Roxy amidst enthusiastic scenes and being received by Mr. Kevalchand of the Roxy Cinema, Devika Rani and Ashok Kumar (the stars of the film), Mr. Himansu Rai, the producer, Rai Sahib Chuni Lal, the General Manager and other executives of Bombay Talkies.

There are also interesting shots of Pundit Jawaharlal intently watching the thrilling incidents of the film.

MATRIC EXAM. AT BHAVNAGAR.

A Bhavnagar correspondent writes: As usual, by the help of some philanthropic citizens of Bhavnagar, arrangements for boarding, lodging etc., will be made in Bhavnagar for the October Matriculation candidates, who desire such conveniences. For particulars write to Sjt. Lakshmichand, V. Somani M.A. Sanatan Dharma High School, Bhavnagar.

DR. POPAT UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

The following are the names of the successful candidates of the different Ayurvedic Institutions, who appeared in the Prabhuram Ayurvedic College Examinations, conducted by the Dr Popat University of Ayurved during August 1936:—

BHISHAGWAR EXAMINATION

Patel, Dahyabhai Gokulbhai, Samarkha, (Passing in 'Nidan Chikitsa' only) Gadgil, Hari Shanker, Bombay, Guhe, Nana Govind, Bombay, (Passing in 'Sootika Shastra' only), Maharaj, Tokarsey Nyaysagar, Bombay.

RASAVAIDYA EXAMINATION.

Dalal, Bhagvandas Jekisondas, Bombay, Dalal, Rameshchandra Tribhovandas, Bombay, Parekh, Gordhanbhai Girdharbhai, Kathor, Patel, Dahyabhai Gokulbhai, Samarkha, Maharaj, Tokarsey Nyaysagar, Bombay.

PASAVAIDYA EXAMINATION.

Parekh, Gordhanbhai Girdharbhai, Kathor.

UPAVAIDYA EXAMINATION.

Vaidya, Balkrishna Vishnuram, Burhanpur.

The Convocation and the Prize Distributation Ceremony shall take place on the 3rd October, 1936, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the College-University Premises. The next session of the Examination shall commence from the 21st January 1937.

POSTAL NOTICES

Regd. and unregd, Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per S.S. "Ranchi" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 1st proximo.

Registered and Unregistered Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S.S. "Indrapoera" via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday, the 3rd proximo.

BOMBAY BOY SCOUTS LOCAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Rovers Committee there will be a lecture by Mr. S. V. Sukhla, Principal, Fellowship School on "Education to the Leadership" at 6-30 p.m. at Scout Hut, Esplanade Maidan to-day (Wednesday), Mr. K. J. Dubash will preside. The Lecture will be followed by Court of Honour and Camp Fire.

Change Of Programme At Plaza

There will be a change of programme at the Plaza (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) from to-day when "Clive of India" will give place on the screen to "Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back" with the new adventures of Bulldog Drummond more thrilling and more exciting than everbefore. Donald Colman, Lauretta Young, Warner Oland and the United Artists' all-star cast are at their best in this thrilling picture.

"42nd Street" at the Opera House.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME TO-DAY AT OPERA HOUSE

"42nd Street" Revived

That Warner Bros. big musical "42nd Street" which started a new cycle in musical films is now revived at the Royal Opera House where it will be shown for three days commencing from to-day.

"42nd Street" is the distilled, effervescent essence of Broadway,—but it's more than that, its vivid, gripping, dramatic story of that mysterious world behind the scenes of a theatre—but it doesn't stop there. It beats and pulses to the rhythm of nimble dancers' tireless feet, and the irresistible intoxication of tuneful music dispensed by the flower of metropolitan orchestras.

"42nd Street" has one of the most imposing picture casts. Behind its dramatic story of the lives and loves of the stage folk there is presented a complete musical comedy show, which has been heralded as the most novel and spectacular ever produced for the screen. The musical show was staged by Busby Berkeley, who also created the dance numbers and ensembles.

The big cast is headed by Warner Baxter, Ruby Keeler, Dick Powell, Ginger Rogers, Bebe Daniels who are supported by a dozen others and 200 of Hollywood's most beautiful girls.

Girl Murdered For Jewels

(From our Correspondent.)

KOLHAPUR, (By Mail).

Miss Akkatai, the eight-year-old daughter of a Maratha gentleman, residing in Mangalwar Peth, Kolhapur was kndnapped, and was brutally murdered. The motive behind the crime seems to be the removal of gold ornaments, the child possessed.

Gol Gumbaz At Bijapur Closed

The Gol Gumbaz at Bijapur will be closed to the public for a period of two months in order to carry out the special repairs now in progress.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

There will be a programme of Harikirtans in the Association Hall by Hari Bhakta Parayana Avadhoot Buva of Khar at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) daily from to-day (Wednesday) to Monday the 5th October 1936 both days inclusive.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Muslim Students' Union, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will give a public lecture to-day (Wednesday) in the Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chaupatty at 6-30 p.m. Mr. M. C. Chagla Bar-at-Law will preside.

YOUTHS' ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Youths' Association Prof. R. Pratapgiri of the Wilson College, will deliver a lecture on "Akbar and His Successors" to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Modern Schools, Sicka Nagar, Girgaum Back Road.

INDIAN CAMERAMAN IN LENINGRAD

Pathak's Impressions Of European Tour

Mr. G. J. Pathak of Nagpur, who had gone on a European tour as a representative of the Motion Picture Society of India, Bombay, over six months ago, to study the use and importance of the film as a medium of education and propaganda, returned by the Lloyd Triestino steamer "Conte Rosso."

In the course of his Continental tour, Mr. Pathak visited England, France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Russia, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Austria and Italy amongst others.

EDUCATIONAL FILMS.

In the course of a statement, Mr. Pathak said that, as the representative of the Motion Picture Society, he was given invaluable assistance and co-operation by the officials connected with the visual instruction department of the Education Ministries of different Governments.

In most of the countries Governments were directly aiding the production of educational and cultural films while in Italy, Germany and Russia special film departments are being maintained by the State for political and educational purposes.

While in England, he visited the British Film Institute and the British General Post Office film unit and saw some good films with the London Film School conducted by the London County Council in co-operation with the British Film Institute for training teachers in the use of film pedagogy.

Private concerns like the British Gaumont also produced purely educational pictures as a side venture, though it was stated they did not prove much of business success in themselves.

The production of educational films is, Mr. Pathak observed throughout his European tour, carried out as a supplementary activity to the regular production. It is, however, strongly hoped that educational films would be also a business proposition in the near future.

In Germany Mr. Pathak witnessed the famous Dusseldorf Film and Photo Exhibition during July last, and he was glad to see how on a huge scale the German Government and the film industry co-operated to bring home the public the importance of the film industry in all its aspects.

Interesting and instructive demonstrations were arranged in the Exhibition to give an insight to the laymen how the various processes are carried out in the production and exhibition of films. One could also get an idea how the film was used as a medium of propaganda and education throughout Germany, from the maps, illustrations and models of various types.

EQUIPMENT IN SCHOOLS.

Mr. Pathak was interested to know how small countries like Denmark, Sweden and Norway took advantage of the cheap war materials from Germany to equip their schools with Standard projectors for showing educational films. However, it has become a problem to them now to change from standard to sub-standard equipment because it will mean a considerable investment again.

Mr. Pathak spent about a fortnight in Russia and was struck with the remarkable progress the film industry made in recent years. He felt that the potentialities of the industry had nowhere been exploited to greater uses than in Russia. Russia was so fully equipped at present that she manufactured her own raw films and all the machinery required for production and exhibition of films.

INDIAN AT LENINGRAD.

Mr. Pathak visited the Institute of Cinema Engineering at Leningrad, meant for preparing technicians to take up responsible jobs in the factories engaged in the manufacture of machinery required by the studios as well as cinemas. He was surprised to see an Indian by name Mr. Tendulker, who is working as a regular cameraman in Lonfilm Studio. The directors of the Studio spoke highly of Mr. Tendulker and said that he was one of the best cameramen on the Studio's staff.

Mr. Pathak paid a tribute to the V.O.K.S. the State Department to promote cultural relations with foreign countries which gave him full co-operation in his endeavour to study the progress of the Russian film industry.

Whenever Mr. Pathak had an opportunity to talk to the educational authorities and the directors of the studios in various countries he visited, enquiries were made about Indian films. He found that there is a good market in Europe for films especially documentary, travel and cultural films which depict the Indian life in all its aspects.

SHEER PROPAGANDA

Truth About Beawar Riots

The Secretary of the Labour Union, Beawar, wires under date September 28:—

Reports published in to-day's Delhi papers about local riots and lootings sent by their local correspondents are unfortunately mischievous, and should not be taken seriously, as some of the local interested persons have been carrying on false propaganda against the poor labourers and peasants. An authenticated report of the whole unfortunate tragedy will be issued shortly.

P. D. SHARMA FOR SIMLA MUNICIPALITY

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

Mr. P. D. Sharma, Editor of the United Press with the Government of India, was declared elected to the Simla Municipal Committee to-day, polling 843 votes against 493 polled by the sitting member, Dr. Sekhri.

The total votes polled were 1,339, a record for the Station Ward and the majority of 350 votes was a record majority in the annals of the Simla Municipal elections.—United Press.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The church that is most centrally situated and over-crowded in Bandra is the St. Peter's Church in charge of Jesuit fathers.

This church being a centrally situated one is very convenient for nearly half of the Catholic population of Bandra and gets over-crowded on Sundays, so much so that the congregation has to kneel outside in the compound.

A plan I understand has already been sent for the rebuilding of this church, but nothing seems to have been heard about it, which has kept the congregation very anxious. The authorities concerned should move into this matter and not delay it any longer.

MUSICAL CONCERT.

Schools' Pageant, Elocution competitions are now, for the first time in the history of the Suburb, there is going to be a musical contest.

This I am told is both vocal and musical and will be classified according to grades and to encourage the competitors valuable prizes and certificates will be awarded.

It, I understand, is being organised by Venus Saloon of Music of Bandra.

The entries for this contest close on 31st October and it is to be held some time in January, which give one enough of time to put in hard practice.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

From Our Staff Correspondents

Give Them Half-Anna!

If each half-anna in a rupee out of the 32 lakhs grant to the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee annually were to be set aside, there will be every chance of the 70,000 and odd children in the municipal schools in the city getting adequate medical attention, before they become victims to chronic ailments. In many cases, the disease is still at an early stage, and prompt treatment would help the children to a great extent. With a revenue of nearly Rs. 3.50 crores, it is not too much to ask the Corporation for a lakh of rupees towards the cost of proper and adequate medical attention for the municipal school children. What is the apathy of the member of the Municipal Corporation towards the medical needs of the school children due to? Is it due to a lack of adequate appreciation of the importance of hygiene and health among growing children, who are already victims of poverty, malnutrition and ignorance of their parents. They need not also be victims of the apathy of the Bombay Corporation, for no one can seriously argue that a lakh of rupees spent on them is a waste. In the long run it will help to relieve the congestion that is a feature of the public hospitals in Bombay. It is hoped that the Municipal Schools Committee will take up this matter seriously and will not grudge this small amount to the thousands of children in the city, who depend on the Corporation to do its bit for them, in giving them a start towards better health.

A Hindu Foundling Home

The Hindu Deen Daya Sangh was established in Bombay in 1924 with the object of rendering relief and bringing succour to the distressed, needy and poverty-stricken Hindus irrespective of caste or sex. True to its object the institution has within the period of last 12 years helped many a Hindu in distress through the supply of food, clothing and monetary help and in every other conceivable way.

In the daily crusade carried on by the Sangh against distress and misery, the Sangh soon felt a pressing need to open a Hindu Foundling Home to shelter and protect poor Hindu orphans.

The Home was started by this Sangh recently in Bombay and its opening ceremony was performed by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the present Mayor of Bombay, on May last. The Sangh is specially indebted to Mr. B. V. Dhadphale, B.E. who has accommodated this orphanage for the first six months free of rental charges in his own residence "Venu Niketan" at Dadar. Six orphans were admitted in the first month in this orphanage and the number is increasing every month. At present there are thirteen babies there.

The Hindu Deen Daya Sangh is now feeling the pinch of financial strigency. The orphanage will soon have to bear the rent charges for a proper accommodation when it has to shift from the present building. The funds at the disposal of this institution are extremely meagre. The Hindu Deen Daya Sangh was encouraged to launch on this effort feeling confident that this humanatarian work would not lack the monetary help from liberal donors both in and outside of Bombay who have never failed to rise to the occasion to help a noble cause. It is, therefore, the duty of every Hindu citizen to see that this Foundling Home, survives with the help of their liberal donations.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from 1st April, 1936):—

Trains.	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	21 45
Madras Express	10 15	13 50
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 50	18 55
Poona Mail	11 40	15 30
Nagpur Express	14 00	22 10
Poona Fast Passenger	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 35	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 10

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	..
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1936

VESTED INTERESTS SQUEAL

No other place could have been more proper and appropriate for the squeal of the famous "21" to be repeated formally than the Council of State. For, as one of the speakers on Sir Phiroze Sethna's resolution —which the President helped to revise with more considerateness than constitutional propriety—said, the House "consisted of representatives of landholders, capitalists and vested interests." The description is literally exact and applies to the majority of voters also of Council of State seats, seats, that is to say, that are not filled by official and non-official nominees of the present Government in India. Considering the character of the Council it is not noteworthy, as Sir Phiroze Sethna complacently observed, that no non-official speaker wanted "Communism" in India. What is noteworthy is that, some non-officials should have dissented from the capitalist knight. And there is something even more noteworthy about the debate. The resolution and the solemn indignation with which it was discussed by representatives of Government and of "landholders, capitalists and vested interests," constitute a magnificent tribute to, and vindication of, the Indian National Congress and the Congress President, who stand for the rights of the mass of the people of India, the mass of which the peasants and workers, for whom Sir Phiroze Sethna publicly expressed a kind of alarmed contempt, form the predominant part. The resolution is, therefore, welcome.

Fascist Mentality

It is also welcome because it revealed the mentality of its sponsor and supporters. Sir Phiroze Sethna may have done justice to his class, but he has done scant justice to himself. There is very little in his speech that can command some degree of respect and even that little is destroyed by the context in which it is placed. His adventure into the realms of social and political philosophy, of functions of the State and of history shows learned ignorance of all. But we do recognise, and it is a historical fact, that the psychology of self-interest and the instinct of self-protection render the Sethnas of the world incapable of appreciating the trend of human life or its obligations. But one or two things in his denunciation of "Socialism or Communism" and the Congress President must be dealt with. Sir Phiroze rather gratuitously and presumptuously took upon himself to try to give a label to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's Socialism. He admitted that, while the President called himself a Socialist, he was in fact a Communist, which he was "too shrewd" to avow. And Sir Phiroze distinguished Communism from Socialism in that the former would impose revolutionary transformation of society "by force." By insisting that the President is a "Communist" and his teachings "communistic," Sir Phiroze has, therefore, indulged in such an outrageous and reprehensible allegation that it is his duty, as an honourable man, to apologise to Jawaharlal. There are other unwarranted suggestions, definite perversions of facts in his speech; for instance, he suggests that the miseries in which Spain has been plunged by the Civil War, is the result of Communism! These need not detain us. But one point is noteworthy. Sir Phiroze, who detests alien importations from the West—what is modern Capitalism? —wanted Communism to be declared Public Enemy No. 1 in India, under the direct and avowed inspiration of Nazi Germany! We draw attention to this because it is a significant commentary on the mind and sentiments of Mr. Phiroze Sethna.

Government's Apathy

Government, of course, took the much-alarmed and tearful speaker to their bosom. They could not do otherwise. But we wonder, if Sir Phiroze noticed two things about the official reply. Mr. Clow, while dealing with the "constructive" side of the resolution, very gently observed: "The difficulty (of Government) lay in making those in positions of power in industries realise the necessity of treating Labour as a living part of the enterprise. There were still factory-owners, who victimised leaders of Labour." Could there be a more decisive reply from a friendly and sympathetic party, to Sir Phiroze Sethna's defence of capitalists? Here we cannot help pointing out, in passing, that Sir Phiroze Sethna, who was championing his class and the present social order, is himself a director of the Ambernath enterprise where the poor workers are fighting for a very paltry sum of a few hundred rupees. The second thing about the official reply is that although Sir Phiroze is definite that poverty is a canker eating into the vitals of India, that Government have been culpably apathetic ever since the days of Dadabhoy in relieving it, and that, Socialism and Communism are the consequences of that poverty coupled with Government apathy, Government, for their part, are equally denite that nothing more can be done to relieve misery and distress. Indian public opinion might well challenge Sir Phiroze Sethna to say what he proposes to do now. Or was his resolution merely a squeal against Congress and its President who represent the poverty-stricken people of this country?

Litvinoff's Home-Truths

M. Litvinoff's speech at Geneva was not only a pungent retort to Herr Hitler, but also a telling criticism of the hesitations and vacillations that are characteristic of the more distinguished among the statesmen who grace the League and its meetings. He has effectively put Germany—and may we hope, Italy also?—out of the pale of countries sincerely desiring peace by proving their insincerity from obvious facts. And he gave the only lead that international decency demands when he declared that aggressors must not be allowed to dictate terms for negotiations or paid "bonus for condescending to negotiate."

Even more important is another point, which is really a truism, that he made, and it was time that somebody made it clearly and decisively at Geneva. Since the aggregate power of "peace-loving countries" is far greater than what an aggressor "might muster," joint action of those forces would, M. Litvinoff urged, avert the peril of war and compel the aggressor, sooner or later, to ask to be admitted into the common system of collective security. This, as we say, is a truism. And those who honestly and genuinely believe in collective security must accept it as the fundamental principle of the system. Conditional acceptance of it, however cleverly and diplomatically explained, is hypocrisy and dishonesty.

"Famine Relief Day"

The Executive Committee of Mayor's Famine Relief Fund Committee, which was established in this city some days ago for rendering assistance to those affected by the famine conditions obtaining in various parts of the Presidency, has made an urgent appeal for rupees five lakhs, which, we trust, will receive a prompt and generous response from the citizens of Bombay. As the Committee says in its appeal, the next three months are going to be extremely critical for the ryots, and they are thus in great need of immediate succour. The hackneyed saying "Relief delayed is relief denied" has never been truer than it is in the present instance. In order to facilitate the work of collecting funds, the Committee has decided to organise a Famine Relief Day on Saturday, October 10th. It is to be hoped that the various public organisations in the city will extend their voluntary co-operation to the Committee and thus help to collect the necessary funds from the public.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent).

South Africans in London had their share on Tuesday September 15 in the opening of the Empire Exhibition at Johannesburg, which is the Dominion's gesture of defiance to depression

Many of them and their friends, including the Dominions Secretary, sat in South Africa House, London, and mingled their applause with that which came six thousand miles over the air from the spectators at the opening ceremony. They heard broadcast speeches of Lord Clarendon, the Governor-General, and General Hertzog and Mr. Huggins, Premiers of South Africa and Southern Rhodesia, and smiled as they heard the full-throated "Hear, here," presumably from Lord Clarendon, which punctuated the speeches of General Hertzog and Mr. Huggins. Indeed, they heard this better than anything else, for broadcasting has not yet conquered atmospherics, and the speeches boomed and roared and faded unexpectedly, while the applause of the crowd sounded at times like cannon-balls rolled over a tin roof. But the effect was not spoilt. The exiles were able to be with their own people on the great day.

Afterwards we heard speeches recorded in their own countries by four other Prime Ministers, those of Great Britain, Canada, Australia and New Zealand. Unmarred by atmospherics, the calm Harrovian tones of Mr. Baldwin, the faint burr of Mr. Mackenzie King, the fruity Australian accent of Mr. Lyons, and the deep slow voice of Mr. Savage made their contributions to this Imperial reunion.

Lord Hugh Cecil

Although Lord Hugh Cecil is to be installed as Provost of Eton on September 27, he does not, it is understood, intend to apply for the Chiltern Hundreds until November or December.

The by-election for Oxford University which will result from his resignation cannot therefore take place until towards the end of the Michaelmas term at the earliest. When his appointment to the Provostship was made public Lord Hugh Cecil announced that pressure of work at Eton would necessitate his early resignation from Parliament.

The Provostship is not an office of profit under the Crown, and, therefore, from the Parliamentary point of view, he could combine it with a seat in the House of Commons. The difficulty, however, lies in the Eton statutes. These establish that the Provost must not be the holder of any other office, place or preferment to which an emolument is attached It has been widely supposed that this provision would necessitate the new Provost's resignation from Parliament before his Eton installation. Lord Hugh it is learnt, has found a solution permitting him to be both Provost and M.P., as long as he wishes. He gave up his Parliamentary salary as soon as he was appointed Provost.

Irish Tales

How strange are the wanderings of tales through the trackless regions of the mind of man! asks Roddy the Rover of the "Irish Press."

According to Roddy, many of the Irish Tales came from the high centre of the East, the roof of the world. In the unknown past, someone made these stories away beyond the snowy Himalayas. They were gathered in Sanskrit collections—in the world's oldest literary language. Then they went from Sanskrit into high-piping Pehlevi, the lanuage of old Persian scholars.

Next, the Persians told the tales to Arabian travellers or to Jews, and they became Arabian Nights entertainments or Jewish anecdots and were copies into Latin and went about the Christian world. Soldiers from the Crusades carried them into Spain. Irish pilgrims at Santiago heard them, or Franscisan and Dominican preachers used them as parables in the sermons.

Thus did they reach Ireland. Every step can be traced emphasises Roddy Fantly or clearly in those old tongues. In Ireland, among the most inventive storytellers of the world, these ancient stories were worked up and enriched and now they are being written down by the Irish Folklore Commission, after their thousands of years of wandering, just before their threatened death.

A Letter of Columbus.

The Curators of the Bodleian Library presented on Wednesday, September 16 to Harvard University a copy of Columbus's letter on his discovery of America. It is the Bodleian's gift to mark the university's tercentenary

The Bodleian of Harvard is known as the Harry Elkins

Continued on Page 14)

Palestinian Problems

Contrast Between French And British Treatment Of Arabs

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, September 19.
(By Air Mail.)

When the British Government is preparing against a possible war and M. Blum is talking of disarmament British Labour leaders are on the eve of withdrawing their opposition to the Government's rearmament programme. Of course, as usual Labour will stipulate certain conditions. The same mental process is to be detected in the Liberal Party. Liberalism had always opposed excessive increases in armament-building until last July, when Liberal M.P.'s decided that they could not legitimately oppose the Government's general plan to strengthen the nation's defences in view of the Fascist menace. The ferocity of Hitler's continued attacks on democracy, his sneers at democratic countries, his open threats against Russia, and his apparent refusal to be a good European have, it is reported, altered the opinion of many members of the Labour Executive who have for years adopted a pacifist, or nearly pacifist, view. These leaders now think, as Mr. Ernest Bevin said last week at the Trades Union Congress, that the Fascist menace can no longer be met by mere resolutions. At the same congress, Mr. Bevin gave a hint of the new enforced orientation of Labour thought on the defence question. "We are not going to meet Fascism by pure pacifism," declared Mr. Bevin, who added, "if in certain respects it means burying some of our cherished feelings in the past and facing the issue squarely in the light of the developments of Fascism, then we must do so as a movement for the sake of posterity. It is well-known that this declaration represents the majority view of the General Council of the Trade Union Congress. Thus it means that the majority of Labour leaders on the political wing of the movement have been forced by Germany and Italy into the same unhappy position—of supporting armaments which in normal conditions they would bitterly oppose. Now there is an immediate prospect of a United Front between the Government and the Opposition on defence provided, of course, the Cabinet puts up a fight for collective security and agrees that there should be no European settlement which will exclude Russia, and that the strictest care is taken to avoid profiteering and exploitation of labour in the carrying out of the rearmament programme.

No Compromise

The Communists are in the meantime arguing that the question of the uniting of the big democratic Powers, Britain, France and the U.S.S.R. as the core of powerful bloc for peace against Fascist threats has been their main policy. They have never seen Hitler as "one who would establish the moral leadership of the world as the "Daily Herald" did, nor did they regard the Franco-Soviet Pact as "an old pre-war alliance" in opposition to the League of Nations as Sir Walter Citrine did. The Communists are solidly in favour of bringing the utmost pressure to bear upon the British Government in order to force it along a Socialist line of foreign policy but this does not mean a bargain with it. For, in the opinion of the British Communists, to make bargains with a Government which has cynically betrayed, supported and betrayed against the League, which betrayed Abyssinia, which betrayed China and now Spain, is not certainly in the interest of the British working class. The Communists will not enter into a bargain with the National Government to support its rearmament proposals in certain conditions thereby meaning the perpetuity of a "loyal Labour Opposition" and the prospect of a Labour Government receding far into the distance.

Negus Appeals To The Hague

On the eve of the League meeting, the Emperor of Abyssinia has authorised his London solicitors to communicate with the Registrar of the International Court of Justice at The Hague to convene an extraordinary session to hear the case of Ethiopia in the matter of the recent breach of international law by the Italian Government. This is in accordance with Article 23 of the Statutes of the Court. The Court's jurisdiction, under Article 36, "comprises all cases which the parties refer to it." Both Italy and Abyssinia have "signed the optional clause" and are, therefore, bound to accept the jurisdiction of the Court in any legal dispute concerning (a) the Interpretation of the Treaty, (b) Any question of International Law, (c) the existence of any fact, which, if established, would constitute a breach of an international obligation, (d) The nature or extent of the reparation to be made for the breach of an international obligation. However, it is probable that Italy will presumably refuse to accept jurisdiction on the ground that the Emperor is no longer the head of an independent State of Abyssinia. In that case it would be for the Court itself to decide whether or not it has jurisdiction.

But when the Emperor has taken this dramatic step after sending Dr. Martin, his Ambassador in London, to Geneva to represent Abyssinia at the League meeting, an energetic game of "passing the buck" is now occupying diplomatic circles. In League circles the announcement of an Ethiopian delegation is regarded as a "ballon d'essai." It is thought that if the delegation does present itself at the Assembly, the Credentials Committee will have no alternative but to report against it, the rules of procedure governing admission to the Assembly being explicit on this point. In the normal course the powers of a delegation are referred to the Credentials Committee. However, the question is no longer how to exclude Abyssinia from the League but on whom is to rest the shame of playing her this final trick. One thing is certain. As a correspondent of a morning newspaper points out Great Britain, taking a leaf from the book of Pontius Pilate, will wash her hands of the whole matter; and, in public if not in private, will be able to express a decent regret that the credentials of Ethiopian delegates to the League Assembly will not be in order. For Great Britain is not a member of (and is not likely to be a member of), the Credentials Committee which is now destined to hold that uncomfortable baby. The Credentials Committee is nominated by the President of the Assembly at its opening meeting In

(Continued on Page 11)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

HITLER'S ANSWER

Herr Hitler's answer to Captain Eden, who made such a solemn speech on peace and good-will and all the rest of international virtues at Geneva, is characteristic. According to a Berlin cable his deputy, Herr Hess, has telegraphed congratulations to Spanish rebels thus: "The German National Socialist Party sends best wishes to heroes of Alcazar and their liberators." Now the German National Socialist Party is a euphemistic name for the Nazi Party which is also the Government, in fact the State itself, in Germany. It follows, therefore, that the German Government has sent its "best wishes" to a group of persons who are rebelling against the 'established, internationally recognised Government in Spain.' Is this respect for a fundamental international obligation or a calculated defiance of it? There can be no two answers to the question and yet they are still trying to humour and bribe Germany and Italy.

HONOUR AND DUTY.

We feel confident that the appeal issued by Mr. Shankarrao Dev, the President of the M.P.C.C. and the recently-elected Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Faizpur Congress, will receive prompt response from all people of Maharashtra. It is nearly after forty years that a Congress session is being held in the province and it is, therefore, at once a signal honour and a sacred duty for Maharastrians to shoulder the responsibilities awaiting them and to make the Congress session a thorough success. It ought to be remembered in this connection that the Faizpur Congress is going to be a signal occasion; it is intended to build a living tie between the peasants and the Congress and thus strengthen the foundation of Congress leadership. We call upon all Congress workers and sympathisers in Maharashtra to render every possible help to Mr. Dev and his colleagues.

NEW HARIJAN PARTY.

While a multiplicity of parties is not always an unmixed blessing we welcome the recent formation of the Independent Nationalist Harijan Party for more than one reason. Firstly, because the aims and objects of the new party appear to us to be conceived in the best interests of the Harijans as a whole. In the forefront of those aims is "the creation of a class conciousness which would ultimately conduce to unity and solidarity." The new party will at the same time be always willing to co-operate with other groups and parties in the cause of national service. Secondly, the Independent Nationalist Harijan Party is convinced that conversion is no panacea for the various ills from which the Harijans are suffering, and that they must seek for upliftment within the Hindu fold. Thus, the organisers of the party will strive to combat the flissiparous tendencies which have been created in the community by Dr. Ambedkar's ill-conceived propaganda for mass conversion. The new party has decided to contest the coming elections, and all sympathisers of the Harijans will wish them god-speed and success.

HOCKEY HEROES RETURN.

In extending a warm welcome back to their country to the members of the Indian Olympic Hockey team who landed in Bombay yesterday, we feel sure we are voicing the unanimous sentiments of the whole country. Their success at the Olympic tournament where they defeated every single foreign team without conceding a single goal is a tribute to their prowess and a vindication of Indian sportsmanship. But what entitles them to greater admiration is the model of team spirit, "camaraderie" and unity which they, as a team, presented throughout the tour. It is by upholding this spirit, more than their triumphs, on the field, that they have, in the words of their Captain, "kept the country's flag flying" and "enhanced the prestige of our motherland."

UNANI & AYURVEDIC PRACTITIONERS.

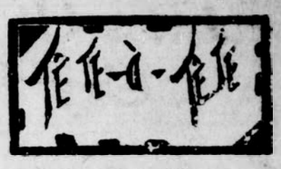
We congratulate the Minister of Local Self-Government on his efforts to provide medical relief in rural areas. But Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's plea for refusing subsidy to Unani and Ayurvedic medical practitioners in rural areas is hardly tenable. It is not true, as he suggested, that there is no way of ascertaining their qualifications for recognized institutions do exist in various parts of the country where instruction in these two sciences of medicine is imparted. The Ayurvedic College of the Benares University and the Ayurvedic and Unani Tibbi College of Delhi, for instance, are both institutions whose "bonafides" no one can question and their graduates should receive the same facilities as Allopathic practitioners. The Minister, moreover, ought to be aware that it is these two systems of medicine which largely prevail in rural India and if the Government really wish to provide the villagers with adequate and satisfactory medical aid, the subsidy should be extended to qualified Unani and Ayurvedic practitioners also.

Grievances Of The Mahar Colony At Khar

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I entirely support the contents of Mr. Kudalkar's letter published in your paper. We the residents of the Mahar Colony have followed Mr. Kudalkar's letter by sending a memorial to the President of the Bandra Municipality requesting the Municipality to take immediate steps to improve the stat of affairs in the colony. The Municipalty cannot take shelter behind the fact that the colony land belongs to Government, who receive an annual rent from us. For, the Municipality themselves recover from us house tax on each of the more than eighty cottages. Since this is so, the Municipality is responsible for the insanitary and damaged latrines which are only twenty in number for 800 people. The matter of lighting and water supply is one which calls for urgent action. Why should the Municipality not take the initiative and take over the land from Government to remove the legal difficulty, actual or imaginary?—Yours, etc.,

SHANKAR HARI HATE.
112 Pali, Danda Road
Bandra, Sept. 29.



WITHOUT COMMENT.

"The House consisting of the representatives of landholders, capitalists and vested interests, should impress on their voters that every human being should have food to eat and clothes to wear."

Hon. Raja Ghazanfar Ali, supporting Sir P. Sethna in Council of State.

* * * *

The helpful President of the Council of State and Adviser of Sir Phiroze Sethna over-ruled a certain objection to the resolution of the Wimco-Ambernath Knight on the ground that the views expressed by the Congress President did constitute a subject of general public interest.

We welcome this admission about the status of the Congress and its President.

* * * *

Sir Phiroze Sethna denounced this "utterly alien ideology" of Socialism or Communism in the sacred name of 'the ancient culture, the ancient thought, the ancient traditions of this land'."

The Junior Colleague, having studied Sir Phiroze and his fellow-capitalists in their very day public, private, economic and social settings, wonders whether Sir Phiroze knew what he was talking about. We are perfectly sure he didn't.

* * * *

"Repression alone" will not solve the problem, urged Sir Phiroze.

So he does believe in "repression" as a useful factor in the solution.

* * * *

"The very recent history of Spain is a lesson to the world of the horrors that follow in the train of Communism."

No wonder one feels like examining closely the mental and intellectual make-up and equipment of Sir Phiroze.

* * * *

"Communism" declared the advocate of ancient culture, ancient traditions, individual liberty and so on, "is to-day regarded by the whole of Germany as Public Enemy No. 1 and so must we regard it."

Now we know what he is and where and why he gets his hatred for an "utterly alien ideology."

And let's leave him at that?

* * * *

The announcement of a successor reminds us that Sir Frank Noyce is due to retire before long.

Which, in its turn, solves the problem of the sudden accession of administration vigour, chips in our Junior Colleague. The Honourable Member is in the midst of what is known in racing circles as "a final spurt" to "finish strongly".

* * * *

Answering Sir N. N. Sirkar Mr. Jinnah said in the Assembly: " . . . the Managing Agents had taken care to hold a majority or a substantial number of shares. They were like Government in the Assembly—they only needed a few votes to win against the Opposition."

Which, in the Assembly we mean, are almost invariably supplied by the Independents.

* * * *

Mr. Jinnah also accused merchants of Calcutta and Bombay of "greed" almost as if it were an inherent characteristic in the class.

It's good Sir Phiroze Sethna didn't hear him.

* * * *

Presiding at a Justice Party meeting at Srirangam, the zemindar of Minampally referred to "conflicting interests" and "diverse elements" in the Congress.

But why go so far away. Nothing is so remarkable in Indian politics to-day as the conflict between the Justice Party and its name.

* * * *

The success of the All-India Palestine Day has given rise to an unfortunate rumour that certain Muslim "leaders" regard the Congress move as the expression of sinister Hindu designs on Palestine and that, therefore, they have decided to agree to the 'status quo', the Balfour Declaration and the Mandate.

It is, of course, incorrect.

* * * *

His (Lord Linlithgow's) effort to impress on the audience the grandeur and magnitude of the political experiment that is about to be attempted in India is as fine a specimen of histronic art as any that has been heard in this country.

—Sir Srinivasa Sarma's 'Whip'.

You are right brother. And it does credit also to Sir Srinivasa's talents of an Art Critic.

Victims Of Floods Cry For Help

Congress President's Appeal To Relieve Distress In U. P. And Bihar

ALLAHABAD, September 29.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has issued the following statement through the United Press:—

"May I remind the people of the United Provinces as well as other provinces of the sad plight of the sufferers from floods.

"Floods may be subsiding now, but distress continues, and the need for help is urgent. Several provinces have suffered from these floods, notably the United Provinces and Bihar.

In the U. P., many districts have been affected, but the worst sufferers are Gorakhpur, Basti, Ballia, Ghazipur and Lucknow, as well as the surrounding areas. Donations should be sent to the U. P. Congress Flood Relief Committee, 14 B Hewett Road, Lucknow, and the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, Sadaqat Ashram, Dighaghat, Patna."—United Press.

FAMINE RELIEF MEASURES

Insufficiency Of Grain

In view of the insufficiency of grain stock in the Ahmednagar District, the export by rail of Jowari, Bajri, wheat and gram from any part of that district on the Dhond-Manmad section of the G. I. P. Railway to places beyond Dhond on the one side and Manmad on the other, has been prohibited, unless it is specially authorised by the Collector of Ahmednagar.

SHORTAGE OF FODDER

Owing to the shortage of fodder in the Bijapur District the export by rail of Kadbi from that district beyond Lachyan Station on one side and Badami Station on the other side of the M. and S. M. Railway has been prohibited, unless it is specially authorised by the Collector of Bijapur.

BAN ON EXPORT

Owing to the shortage of fodder in Poona District the export by rail of fodder from that district beyond Diksal Station on one side and Khandala Station on the other side of the G. I. P. Railway has been prohibited, unless it is specially authorised by the Collector of Poona

ACUTE DISTRESS IN SHOLAPUR

Govt. Must Come To Rescue Of The Starving

(From A Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, (By Mail).

"The rain is fair, but how can I sow?" Most of the peasants in Sholapur District can be heard uttering the above sentence.

On the 23rd inst. Dr. Antrolikar Sheth Jaju and Sjt. Jadhav and Mr. Karadkar visited Nandani, Takli and Kurghod.

Village Nandani was a pathetic sight. The peasants and the poor Harijan landless labourers of the village approached the Congress workers with their tale of woe.

Some cattle in the village have actually died, for want of fodder.

As regards the grain supply, the situation is no better. The Harijan agricultural labourers have borrowed the rotten grain from a Sowcar on condition of repaying it with good corn and four seers as interest on every maund next year.

This grain was shown to Dr. Kirloskar of Sholapur and he has certified it as harmful for human consumption.

Still the villagers of Nandani are consuming it to-day because they are helpless.

One Kenchappa Bhawani was ill in Dhanrajgirji Hospital at Sholapur. He returned to his village after feeling a bit better, and is now starving without food.

At village Takli some eight people have left the village for want of work and food. Many are actually starving. The local grain co-operative Society has got 5 to 6 Khandies of Jawari in their store. But it is not available to the villagers.

The Government has started supplying grass to the villagers but only to those who are Landowners.

In order to enable the peasants to sow and take advantage of a fairly good rain of the last three days, the Government must do the following immediately.

(1) Corn and fodder must be supplied without interest to all the villagers.

(2) Tagavi Loans must be provided with a maximum interest of 4 per cent.

(3) The prices of corn and fodder must be fixed in the interest of the masses.

On the 26th inst. Messrs. Jadhav Bhosle and Sane visited Kurduwadi and addressed a peasant meeting. On 27th inst., they addressed similar meetings at Shetfal, Yawli, Pokrapur and Mohol.

AMRAOTI WELCOMES HEROES

Mammoth Reception To Vyayam Mandal Team

AMRAOTI, Sept. 29.

Unprecedented public enthusiasm was witnessed when a warm reception was accorded to the Olympic Team of the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal on their return to home town. About 3,000 people collected at Amroati station, and members of the team were garlanded by 20 institutions. A big procession was taken to Municipal Hall. The Town Municipality in the presence of old and present members received and welcomed the team and handed over to Dr. Kane, President of the Team, its resolution of high appreciation passed at a special general meeting.

A mammoth public meeting was held in Ganesh Theatre under the presidentship of Mr. G. S. Khaparde, a Member of the Council of State, under the auspices of the Reception Committee specially formed. Dr. Kane and Mr Asanare, leaders of the Olympic Team and other members were garlanded on behalf of over sixty institutions from Nagpur and Berar. Another ceremony of lighting Olympic Flame on buildings of the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal was celebrated at the hands of Dr. Kane, when 2,000 people attended. Dr. Kane explained to the gathering the significance of the Olympic flame.—United Press.

ALL-INDIA MUSIC CONFERENCE

Standing Committee's Statement

(From A Correspondent).

MUZAFFARPUR, Sept. 28.

Dr. D. R. Bhattacharyya of Allahabad, Sjt. Sibendranath Basu of Benares and B. K. Koul of Calcutta, members of the Standing Committee of the All-India Music Conference, have issued the following statement:

"We have learnt from the press several All-India Music Conferences are going to be held this year in different places of India, such as Ajmer, Allahabad, Cawnpore and Muzaffarpur. This has created a good deal of misunderstanding amongst the public. We like to let the public know that only the All-India Music Conference, which is going to be held at Muzaffarpur on November 4 will be recognised as the eighth session of the All-India Music Conference, under the auspices of the Standing Committee of the All-India Music Conference, whose sanction has already been obtained by the organizers of the Muzaffarpur Conference."

The Sushila Vishnupant Jakatdar Elocution Competition, for 1936 will be held on Dec. 10., in the Sir Bipin Krishna Bose University Library Hall, Nagpur, on "The Aftermath of the Treaty of Versailles".

"GET RID OF OLD PLAYERS"

(Continued from Page 1)

them up. These youngsters would be able to put up an extremely good show.

That Amarnath was the best Cricketer of the touring side and that his being sent back was a great loss to the Indian team, was the view of the Nawab

PATAUDI AND INQUIRY.

Asked for his opinion about the Indian team's Cricket tour in England, the Nawab said "I only saw the Indian team play for four days,—last two days in the First Test Match and the last two days in the third Test Match. The First Test Match, it was an open game till the last half day, while in the Final Test, I am afraid, our players were outplayed after the Hammond-Warthington partnership. India never had a chance after that partnership."

"NOTHING WRONG WITH CAPTAINCY."

Questioned as to what he thought of the Captaincy of the Indian Team, he said that he witnessed the Indians playing only for four days. "As far as I could see there was nothing wrong with the Captaincy in the first Test match. As for the Captaincy in the Final Test it is impossible to criticise it, because India was out of the show on the very first day. It would not be fair to criticise the Captain, for the placing of the field for the Hammond-Warthington partnership. In that match the Indian bowlers got the field they wanted."

Asked as to what he had to say regarding the dissensions in the Indian Team, he said he never went near the Hotel where the members of the Team were staying. As a matter of fact all sorts of rumours had started, about his succeeding the Maharajakumar that he thought it best not to go near the Hotel and thus give currency to further rumours and gossip.

AMARNATH AFFAIR.

Questioned as to what he thought about the sending back of Amarnath, the Nawab said that he knew nothing of what happened as he was not in England when Amarnath was sent back and he never had any discussion with anybody as to the causes that led to Amarnath's being sent back. Hence he did not think it would be fair to give his opinion about the Amarnath affair.

Taking for granted that Amarnath had committed some grave mistakes and taking into account the show that the team had put up till the first Test, would you have as Captain of the Indian Team, sent Amarnath back." Asked our representative.

The Nawab smiled and replied: "If, as a Captain, I felt that in the interest of the side it was necessary, I would not send one but send back ten members of the team, provided it was in the best interest of cricket and provided I knew I had the backing of every one that mattered".

BEST CRICKETER OF SIDE.

Asked as to what was his opinion about Amarnath as a player, the Nawab said: "Amarnath was the best cricketer of the side.

"From a purely cricketing point of view, sending back of Amarnath was a great loss to the side.

"Now that the tour is over and the Board of Control have appointed a Committee to investigate into the whole tour, what do you suggest should be done in the interests of Indian cricket?" was the next question put.

The Nawab replied: "I would either completely drop the idea of the Enquiry Committee and forget all about it or I would go to the extreme length of finding out exactly what was wrong, even if it means washing of very dirty linen in the public. There can be no middle course".

DROP OLD PLAYERS.

"Do you not think that there was enough talent in the team for them to have put up a better show in England than they did?"

He said: "They put up such a bad show that as an Indian I am in honour bound to say they should and could have put up a better show"

Asked as to what were the reasons for their not putting up a good show he said: "I do not know what went on behind the scenes, if anything did go on at all".

Asked as to what he would suggest should be done regarding sending the next Indian team to England, he said: "Every effort should be made to get rid of the old players and provide facilities for the younger ones to be coached up. I am sure they would be able to put up an excellent show".

Asked if he would appear before the Beaumont Commission the Nawab said that there was no reason why he should. But when suggested that the Commission or the Board might ask him to appear before the Commission he said: "I shall certainly appear, though I do not know what I will appear for".

WILL HE CAPTAIN?

"Would you Captain the next Indian team?" asked our representative.

India's Selector replied: "I have already suffered such a lot by promising to do what I was eventually physically unable to do that I cannot answer the question. Given the old health and vigour I am prepared to play in as many matches as required."

Asked as to what he thought about Cricket team from Australia, South Africa and New Zealand touring in India, he laughed and said: "I am afraid, after our show this summer we cannot send out invitations to other dominions to come and tour India".

Mr FYZEE'S SUGGESTION.

Questioned as to what he thought of the suggestion of Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Cricket Association, that the Four Zone Tournament should replace the Quadrangular, with a view to avoid the communal tinge attached to it, the Nawab of Pataudi said: "I do not care what form the premier tournament in India takes as long as it continues, but if it is divided into Four Zone Tournament I would strongly advise that the players be played on birth qualifications. The rules of qualifications in Indian Cricket are so flexible at the moment that it is difficult to know who belongs 'who' explaining what he meant the Nawab said that those who belong to a certain Zone by being born there should be played for that Zone and not others.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

The Nawab thought that English Cricket was at the present moment at the lowest ebb. The English team was not as good as Jardine's Team that toured Australia last season. But it was impossible to say anything definite about any Touring Team because Cricket was a game of uncertainty and anything might happen. He, however, did not think that the English Team will be able to regain the Ashes.

The Nawab is going to his native place on Wednesday.

UPROAR IN FRENCH CHAMBER

Sitting Suspended For Half An Hour During Gold Bill Debate

PARIS, Sept. 29.

The Chamber debate on the Gold Bill developed into an all-night sitting.

M. Auriol in a speech emphasised the importance of international agreement and described it as a turning point in the history of international relations and the end of the currency instability and currency war. He declared that France after years of depression would obtain many advantages from the agreement. The Bill would be the beginning of a new era.

Socialists and a number of Left Deputies rose and applauded the speech.

The sitting was suspended for half an hour at 11 p.m., uproar following the remark of a Radical Socialist Deputy that they must make the rich, who were real masters of the country, to pay. A Right Deputy jeeringly declared: "Blum's franc is not gold, but rubber."

Meanwhile negotiations behind the scenes resulted in Left parties accepting in principle M. Blum's offer to withdraw Clauses of the Bill providing a sliding scale of wages and substituting Clauses fully empowering Government to prevent a rise in the prices.

The Chamber adopted the amendment effecting this by 335 votes to 199.

The Senate will meet at 9-30 a.m. to receive the Bill from the Chamber. The Senate intends to refer the Bill to the Finance Commission. So the Bill cannot be enacted before Wednesday or Thursday. It is considered that there cannot be quotation of franc until the end of the week.—Reuter.

SENATE TO STUDY BILL

PARIS, Sept. 29.

The Senate met at 11-35 a.m. and adjourned until to-morrow to study the text of Gold Bill adopted by the Chamber.—Reuter.

FRANCE BANS EXPORT OF GOLD

PARIS, September 29.

An official decree, which will be published to-day, temporarily prohibits export, re-export and transit or transhipment of gold or gold coins, except on recommendation of the Bank of France. The decree will be applied immediately.

This will prevent any flight of gold before the Gold Bill is voted by both houses.—Reuter.

SWISS CURRENCY ON GOLD BASIS

Economic Powers To Federal Council

BERNE, Sept. 29.

Switzerland intends to follow the currencies of the big Powers "at a distance of ten per cent" and Swiss currency will be based on gold, according to a statement issued at the conclusion of a meeting of the States Council (the Swiss Upper House).

The statement adds that M. Myer, the President of the Confederation, stated that the decision of the Federal Council maintained the freedom of movement of gold. Alignment on American, British and French currencies would only be effected in so far as those currencies were stabilised on a gold basis.

Profits made by Switzerland on gold reserves, the statement adds, will serve to create a compensation fund for the support of the currency.

The States Council with two dissentients adopted a decree granting economic powers to the Federal Council.—Reuter.

CHILD SOLD FOR 3 1/2 AS.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

ERNAKULAM: Sept. 27.

Report comes from Narrakal, Cochin State, that a Chaliyia man of the place sold his only child to an Ezava woman for 3-1|2 annas.

The reason for such an action, it is understood, is poverty. The family had, it is reported, no food for the last three days and the old father finding it very difficult to provide for the family, sold the child for a song.

FREE MOVEMENT OF GOLD

BERNE, Sept. 29.

Contrary to the practice adopted by France and the Netherlands, Switzerland will maintain free movement of gold, according to an official statement issued by the Council this morning.—Reuter.

NEW GOLD VALUE OF GUILDER

THE HAGUE, Sept. 29.

M. Colijn told the Second Chamber that Government did not contemplate fixing the new gold value of 'guilder' in the near future.—Reuter.

FUTURE OF LIRA

ROME, Sept. 29.

Important decisions regarding the future of the 'lira' are expected as a result of the emergency meeting of the Cabinet holding this morning.—Reuter.

NO DEFINITE PACT

WASHINGTON, September 29.

Mr. H. Morgenthau, at the press conference to-day, said the Tripartite Monetary Agreement embraced no definite pact regarding Dollar-Sterling exchange rate.

He stated that the war debt question did not enter the currency accord, but he declined to say whether the agreement might not lay the foundation for consideration of the war debt question.—Reuter.

"VIZZY" LANDS UNNOTICED

(Continued from page 1)

Maharajkumar replied, "I don't know really. I must run to my hotel and see the correspondence waiting for me. Until then I won't be able to say anything."

DRIVE TO TAJ.

Saying this he got a taxi and drove to the Taj Mahal Hotel.

No one belonging to Cricket circles in the city, excepting Mr. Champak Mehta, who was once a member of the Vizianagram XI, was present at the Mole to receive him.

The "Chronicle" representative tried to see the Maharajkumar twice at the Taj, but his Secretaries were on the vigil and our representative had to return disappointed.

Battle Rages Over Definition

Snail-Slow Progress Of Arya Marriage Bill

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 29

"Nobody seems to be in a hurry". This remark which Sir. N. N. Sircar made this afternoon describes to-day's debate on the Arya Marriage bill.

Though the house took the whole-day, only one amendment could be debated and disposed of.

The question, whether the term Arya Samajist should be defined, provoked heated discussion so heated that Sir Cowasji Jehangir was obliged to say during the speech "it has become so controversial that I should rather sit down".

Sir Cowasji Jehangir's complaint against the bill was that people for the sake of secular gain might take advantage of the bill, to contract marriages which they could not do now.

Dr. Deshmukh interrupted "are you frightened about the Parsi community?"

Sir Cowasji replied that he based his objection on a high moral point of view.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, Sept. 29

After interpellations, consideration of Dr. Khare's Arya Marriage Validation Bill was resumed.

Mr. Bajoria's amendment moved at the previous sitting was rejected. Mr. Bajoria moved an amendment that for the purpose of this act, Arya Samajist should mean a person who has been a member of any Arya Samaj for a period of at least one year, prior to the date of marriage.

Sardar Ram Narayan Singh opposed the amendment.

Dr. Khare asked why the Arya-Samjists should be forced to maintain registers when no other community was made to do so in respect of numerous laws on the statute book.

Mr. Omaralishah supporting the bill quoted Manu and Sanskrit shlokas from the Hindu scriptures to show that international marriages were prohibited among Hindus. He therefore urged that steps should be taken to prevent the application of the provision of the bill to non-Arya-Samajist Hindus.

BATTLE OVER DEFINITION

Mr. Bhagwandas challenged Mr. Omarlishah's contention and wanted that a mere declaration by man that he was an Arya Samajist to be considered sufficient proof of his religion.

Mr. Aney referred to the difficulties which might arise due to the non-clarification in the bill the definition of Arya Samajists. He did not mind even if it were laid down that for the purpose of the bill, Arya Samajist was a person wo was a member of Arya Samaj one day before the marriage.

Mr. A. Ayyangar said Arya Samajists would undergo proper rituals like any other Hindus and opposed the amendment.

The house adjourned till lunch.

Sir Muhamed Yakub supported Mr. Bajoria's amendment and said that the fact that the definition of the Arya Samajist was dropped by the Select Committee changed the entire character of the bill. Such a definition was necessary from the viewpoint of the Hindus and other communities. He supported Mr. Bajoria's proposal as a compromise between extreme views.

Mr. Gadgil reminded the house that in the past, an attempt made by "the Leader" newspaper had succeeded in getting the following definition of a Hindu:—

"A Hindu is a Hindu who calls himself a Hindu." So was it the case with Muslims and Parsees. He said that Arya Samajists represented the militant section of the Hindu community, and if the term Hindu could not be defined, so also could not the term Arya Samajist.

NEED FOR SAFEGUARDS.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir said that what they should provide against was sham conversion for the sake of marriage. It was possible under the bill for a man and woman of any community to contract a valid marriage by declaring that they had become Arya Samajist. He hoped that the Government would appease the apprehensions expressed in the matter.

Sir N. N. Sircar replying mentioned the case in which a Hindu woman wishing to get rid of her husband became a convert to Islam, and as the husband would not follow suit, the marriage was dissolved. Thereafter, she was reconverted to Hinduism and married another Hindu. The Court held the entire transaction valid. What the High Court would say on appeal remained to be seen. People who were converted to Islam an hour or two before marriage were held to have contracted a valid Muslim marriage. No question of bona fide or mala fide intention came into consideration. He assured Sir Mahomed Yakub that if the Bill had justified in the slightest degree the suspicions of Sir Mahomed the Law Member would not have supported it. But Mr. Bajoria's amendment would invalidate the marriage even of an Arya Samajist who had been for ten years a good Arya Samajist. Continuing the law member said that the term Muslim had not been defined in any act of the Legislature.

Sir Mahomed Yakub:—Everybody knows who is a Muslim.

REPLY TO YAKUB.

Sir N. N. Sircar:—That is why the columns of the Punjab Press have been full through one party trying to prove the other party is not Muslim (Applause).

Mr. Gupta said that none could guarantee that people would not take advantage of the bill from baser motives, but he hoped that the bill would not be misused.

Dr. Ziauddin felt the necessity of a definition of the term Arya Samajist.

Mr. Bajoria's amendment was negatived without a division.

RETROSPECTIVE EFFECT.

Mr. Bajoria next moved that retrospective effect be not given to the bill. He feared that such an effect might lead to an illegitimate child born of keeps being declared legal heirs. (Mr. Sriprakash:—Does the Sanatana Dharma permit of keeping such women?).

Sir N. N. Sircar pointed out that by giving retrospective effect, no existing rights would be disturbed or taken away, it merely aimed to remove obvious doubts.

Mr. Kabiruddin supported the amendment.

Sardar Sant Singh who followed had not concluded his speech, when the house adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

"No Subsidy For Unani Or Ayurvedic Physicians"

In the course of his reply in the Bombay Legislative Council to a debate on the demand for Rs. 10 token grant for subsidising private medical practitioners to practise in rural areas, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi said, with reference to Unani and Ayurvedic practitioners, that he would prefer to err on the safe side and not include them in his scheme. We regret the heading given to the report of this speech in "The Chronicle" of Tuesday. This speech was inadvertently ascribed to the Home Member.

ALL RIVERS RISE

PATNA, Sept. 29.

While Patna has yet hardly recovered from the effects of the recent floods, there has been simultaneous rise of Poonpoon, Morhar, Bhatahi and Dardha rivers till yesterday evening. The rise in these rivers was definite. P. W. D. authorities are taking steps to protect Patna and Gulzarbagh embankment openings, and gates have been closed and are being closely watched.—United Press.

Procession For Ganapati Immersion & Its Sequel

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Resy), Sept. 28.

Hindus of the Warangal District according to an information received here late at night, it is stated was intended in taking out a procession of Ganapathi for immersion but the authorities at the last moment asked them to pass through another route. The organisers not yet taken out (at the time of wiring) the procession and are closetted as to the future course of action.

Reprehensible Campaign Against School Girls

ENDS IN ONE SUICIDE

A regular campaign against some girls attending high schools seems to be afoot at Panvel and some students attending these schools are stated to be responsible for this move. This campaign has recently resulted in the suicide of one of the brilliant students of the Panvel High School, Miss Malati Gupte (17), who was among the first five students in the matriculation class.

It would appear that some boys, silently encouraged by some conservative elders, have been making the lives of girl students attending the high school miserable and a few among really brilliant among them, are the targets of malicious propaganda.

In the case of Miss Malati, it would appear, certain anonymous letters were written to the father of the girl, suggesting that her education should cease. The anonymous writer threatened to broadcast obscene pictures regarding his daughter all over Panvel, if her education was not forthwith discontinued.

This move, it would appear, has been going on for the last two years. The "modus operandi" is to address anonymous letters to the fathers of the girls and make the lives of girls impossible by sending them obscene caricatures and letters.

On one occassion one of the boys, who was suspected of being closely connected with the move was taken to the police station and discharged after being reprimanded and warned.

About three weeks ago, taking advantage of the Gokulashtami festival, some boys created a good deal of disturbance at two or three places, one of the victims being the Chairman of the Municipality, whose daughter also is studying in the school. These boys were traced and brought before a Committee of the community, the Principal of the High School himself being a member of the Committee. The boys were let out after they had tendered an apology.

TRAGIC CONSEQUENCE.

But matters did not stop there. Two more letters were sent to the father of Miss Malati. The father and brother of the girl decided to bring the matter to the notice of the District Superintendent of Police at Kolaba. The girl was upset because she felt that she was the cause of all these worries to the family.

It would appear that on the morning of 20th last, she got up and leaving all the ornaments on the bed, made her way straight to a well near the cemetery, about half a mile away from her residence and drowned herself.

Finding that she was not at home and being alarmed at her absence for more than two hours, and the sight of all the ornaments by the bedside roused the suspicion of the inmates and they started a search immediately and the body was discovered in the well.

Inspector Salvi of the Panvel Police made enquiries. It would appear that the relatives of the girl have placed all the facts, which, according to them, were mainly responsible for the girl ending her life.

Enough facts it is understood, have been placed at the disposal of the police to indicate as to who exactly are the people behind the campaign against girls going to high schools.

Startling exposures are awaited.

Restrictions Against Indian Companies In S. Africa

Sir N. Saklatwala Reviews Progress Of "New India" At Annual Meeting

"I feel it only right to mention the fact that owing to restrictions imposed by the Government of the Union of South Africa, we were not free to send an Indian into that country at the time when it was most necessary," observed Sir Nowroji B. Saklatwala, Chairman, at the seventeenth annual general meeting of the New India Assurance Company, held at the Central Bank Building, Bombay, on Tuesday.

TRIBUTE TO " F. E."

Sir Nowroji at the outset said: "Since our general meeting, this company has suffered an irreparable loss in the untimely death of its Vice-Chairman, the late Mr. F. E. Dinshaw. As most of you probably know, Mr. Dinshaw brought to us a valuable portfolio of insurance business. My colleagues and I, however, shall remember him for his unfailing enthusiasm for, and untiring energy on behalf of, "New India." One of the busiest men, he was never too busy to spare his valuable time for the affairs of this Company. By his death, we lose as loyal a supporter as any Company could wish to have. More recently, we lost Mr. J. D. Ghandy who had been a Director of this Company since 1930. His ripe experience was always at our disposal and we place on record our deep sense of loss and appreciation of his valuable services to the Company.

GOOD RESULTS IN FIRE.

Referring to satisfactory progress of the Company during the year, he said, that the Fire business showed good results, and the total surplus was higher than in any year since 1928.

The outlook for Marine Insurance was not very bright at present. The improvement in the London market did not last for long and competition there now seemed almost as intense and senseless as it was in India, with the result that rates generally showed still a downward tendency.

The Life Department had another successful year, with policies amounting to Rs. 1,76,41,750 being an increase nearly Rs. 35.40 lakhs over the new business of the previous year. Only three Indian companies transacted a larger business.

Sir Nowroji after referring to the position of the affairs in United States and South Africa said: "We have to thank the Government of India for valuable assistance which eventually enables us to send one Indian for a stated period, although after considerable delay. We are still pursuing the matter with the Union Government of South Africa through the Government of India."

DISCRIMINATION IN ENGLAND.

He added: "Before closing I may mention a matter which continues to cause us some concern. This is the discrimination which favours certain classes of companies to our detriment in the contracts of various Trade Associations in Great Britain. Such contracts contain a provision somewhat on the following lines:

"Insurance to be effected with approved British And/Or Continental And/Or American Underwriters or Companies domiciled in and paying losses in Egland."

"With many of these Associations no difficulty arises, but some of the contracts still operate against us, and divert a certain amount of business which would otherwise come to us. This is very unsatisfactory and we shall continue our efforts to overcome the difficulty."

Replying to questions raised during the discussion that followed Sir Nowroji said that there was no need to reduce the Capital of the company, for it did not matter if the share value was Rs. 75 as at present or Rs. 50 as suggested. In view of the extremely satisfactory position of the Company and its vast prestige, he did not consider it likely that further capital would be called up from the shareholders.

The Directors' Report and the statement of Accounts were then adopted, proposed by Sir Nowroji B. Saklatwala and seconded by Sir Chunial V. Mehta.

A dividend at the rate of 1/4 per share, free of Income Tax, (8 1/3 per cent.) was recommended and accepted.

Mr. Dinsha K. Daji was re-elected as a Director.

Sir Nowroji B. Saklatwala and Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai who retired by rotation were re-elected as Directors.

Messrs. A. F. Fergusson and Co., and Messrs. S. B. Billimoria & Co., were reappointed auditors for the year.

Mohendra Memorial Challenge Club

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Sept. 28.

Another game decided to-day in the Mohendra Memorial Challenge Cup Football Tournament, when the Posts and Telegraphs Club defeated the Timarpur Sports Club by five goals to nil. The standard of the game exhibited by both teams throughout remained ordinary.

To the Posts and Telegraphs goals were obtained by Extrose three and Hollanbury (Junior) and Whitebury one each.

Jubbulpore.—Mr. Kelkar, Congress candidate for the Council of State seat for C. P., has been touring this division and canvassing. Dr. George Da Silva, Vice-President, M. P. C. C., accompanied him to Saugor. Most of the voters have promised their support.

The Afghan Hockey Team arrived in Bombay by the mail boat on Tuesday.

Lord and Lady Brabourne arrived by the mail boat on Tuesday.

Mr. C. V. Narasimhan, son of Mr. C. Vijiaraghavachariar, Presidency Post Master, Bombay, has obtained the 4th rank in the recent I. C. S. examination.

REPRESSION IN JODHPUR

Three Public Workers Arrested

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 29.

A communique issued by the A. I. C. C. Office says that it is understood three public workers in Jodhpur State have been arrested under the Law which empowers State authorities to detain public workers for a period of six months without trial. Abhayamal Jain, Secretary of the Jodhpur Praja Mandal, is reported to be one of those arrested.—United Press.

20th CENTURY MIRACLE

Tongue, That Is Cut, Restored To Devotee

SIMLA, Sept. 26.

A devotee who had cut off his tongue in front of the village god, had it restored after a short time.

The story of this miracle has been found recorded in an inscription discovered in the Guntur District, to which a reference is made, as throwing an interesting sidelight on the ancient social customs and beliefs, in the latest issue of the annual report for the South Indian Epigraphy, just published.

Much of our present knowledge of the social, religious and political history of South India is derived from this series of reports. Though no outstanding discovery is recorded in this report, it gives several interesting facts revealed by a study of inscriptions.

Several inscriptions are published of the Pallava Kings of Conjeevaram, with details of the Mulasthana temple of Tirukkalukkunram, with or the Pakshi-thirtham, a famous place of Hindu pilgrimage, and of the earliest reference to Mamallapuram, the locality of the well-known Seven Pagodas. The existence of several hitherto unknown kings of the Chalukya dynasty in the Northern Circars is also inferred from inscriptions found in the Ganjam and Godavari Districts, and a revised genealogy of the Kona-Haihaya Chiefs of the Andhra country has been given.

The administration of criminal justice and the operations of military forces form the subject of some inscriptions from the Pandya country or the extreme South, of which also a description is given in the report. A number of records copied in the Dharwar District of Bombay seem to show that they were memorial tablets in honour of warriors who died in fighting. This is evidence again of the character of this tract of country as the debatable borderland between the rulers of the Deccan and Mysore, as it actually was in the latter part of the eighteenth century.

This report relates specifically to a special branch of the work of the Archaeological Department, namely, the collection and decipherment of inscriptions in the South of India, which is particularly dea. in this valuable material ...a is published in addition to the Annual Report in which the Archaeological Department chronicles its activities during the year. Besides publishing copies of inscriptions of special importance brought to the notice of the Department every year, this report gives the results of an intensive survey in certain selected parts of the Madras Presidency and Bombay-Karnatak. The report which has just been issued details the activities in the year 1932-33, and shows that over 600 inscriptions were copied in 133 villages, the actual number of villages inspected being over 350.—United Press.

The Maharajkumar of Vizianagram was among the arrivals by the mail boat on Tuesday.

BIHAR KISAN CONFERENCE

PATNA, Sept. 29.

Mr. Jaya Prakash Narain will preside over the Behar Provincial Kisan Conference to be held at Bihpur, in November. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has been invited to attend.—United Press.

NO TRANSFER OF CASE

Gauba's Application Rejected

LAHORE, Sept. 29.

Mr. Justice Din Mohamad resumed hearing of the transfer application by Mr. K. L. Gauba, which prayed for the case to be sent to some other bench from the court of the Additional District Magistrate, and rejected the application on the ground that the conduct of the Magistrate in demanding a certain type of surety was not sufficient ground for transfer.

As regards the allegations of differential treatment by the Lower Court as regards the acceptance of bail, the Judge held that there had been no invidious treatment made, and the Judge then pronounced that serious allegations made against the Trial Magistrate, Government Advocate, and the Deputy Superintendent of Police, were entirely false. The Judge added that all that was necessary as regards the availability of documents had been done, and there was no justification for complaint.

The Judge concluded by informing the Counsel for Mr. Gauba, that Mr. Gauba had made a serious allegation in his sworn affidavit, hence the Court called upon Mr. Gauba to show cause, why he should not be proceeded against for making these false statements on Oath.

The Judge ordered the Trial Magistrate to expedite hearing of the cases, in which Mr. Gauba and others are accused in connection with the affairs of the Peoples Bank of Northern India, now in liquidation.—United Press.

PARTY TO SARDAR

Legislators Meet Him

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai gave an afternoon party yesterday to meet Mr Vallabhbhai Patel. Non-official members of the Assembly and the Council of State attended. Also Sir Abdur Rahim, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Mr. G. D. Birla, Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Mr. Walchand Hirachand and Mr. Sarat Bose.

Talks in the Congress circles here shows that the idea of a change in the Congress constitution with a view to making the Congress presidentship run for three years is not likely to make many converts.—A. P.

World And Its Ways

Kemal Invites Blum To Istanbul

Strengthening Ring Of Powers Round Peace System Through Geneva

PARIS (By Air Mail.)

It is understood that M Leon Blum and M. Delbos would soon pay an official visit to Istanbul where they would meet Kemal Ataturk and members of his Government.

The invitation to the French Government was issued personally by Kemal Ataturk. The meeting is to take place on October 15. It will be a meeting of the highest importance because it will reaffirm the political links between the Little Entente, the Balkan Entente and France. Coming as it does after the visit of King Edward VIII it is a valuable contribution to the ring of Powers intent upon the strengthening of the international peace system through Geneva.

* * * *

Plot Against King Zog

ATHENS (By Air Mail.)

A plot against the life of King Zog of Albania has been discovered according to the reports that reached here yesterday from Tirana.

* * * *

No More Fascists In Brazil

BAHIA (By Air Mail.)

The Bahia Government has ordered the complete closing down of all Fascist institutions.

* * * *

Annoyed By Japan's Action

LONDON (By Air Mail.)

A serious view is taken by the British Government of Japan's action in deciding to retain 11,059 tons of over-age destroyers and 15,598 tons of over-age submarines, under the escalator clause of the 1930 London Naval Treaty.

The decision is regarded as ultra vires, as the clause in question entitles Japan to retain 28,133 of over-age destroyers only, this being the maximum limit proportionate to the British and American 40,000 tons.

A message from Washington states that the United States Government takes the same view as the British, and both Governments are asking the Japanese Government for an explanation.

* * * *

Will Blum Govt. Be Overthrown?

PARIS (By Air Mail.)

"Socialists and Communists are at this moment engaged in unpleasant controversies and rumours are current in the political circles that a change in the Government may soon come into being," writes M. C. J. Gignoux in "La Journee Industrielle."

"The prophecy of Professor Nimbus that a Marin-Thorez ministry may succeed that of Leon Blum when the Chamber of Deputies meets again may thus possibly come to be true. Or it may be M. Chautemps or preferably M. Paul Renaud who may be called upon to form a government.

There can be no doubt that a new form of agitation operating on three fronts is confronting the actual ministry.

First of these is the agitation with regard to Spain.

Since the Spanish Communist Front has been menaced with extinction, there has been neither peace nor union among the French Socialist circles. The solidarity of the third International is thus evident.

The agitation of the strikers is another point to be noted. We are hardly yet in the second stage of the conflict, which we were told was over.

The third and the most serious trouble is the agitation in the colonies. It has manifested itself in North Africa and elsewhere.

"Those who engage themselves in making or breaking the Parliamentary coalitions", writes the noted journalist, "will do well to take a warning lest they might be faced again by events which may, this time, throw France into a morass of chaos and confusion."

* * * *

New Nippon Move

TOKYO (By Air Mail.)

The Tokyo correspondent of the "New York Times", writes to his journal that the appointment of Admiral Seizo Kobayashi as Governor-General of Formosa has been approved. It is understood that this post, to which Japan attaches importance in view of her mandate over the Caroline and Marshall Islands, will in the future be held by an Admiral.

The appointment is interpreted as a move in the "southward policy the navy favours as a corollary to the army's continental policy. The navy cherishes the ambition of protecting Japan's advance in the South Seas as the army has led on the mainland.

AROUSING NO RIVALRIES.

This southward advance is envisaged as entirely peaceful and commercial, arousing no rivalries to which the West can object.

When the Japanese speak of South Seas they mean that vast tropical region comprising Siam, the Philippines, Malaya, Netherland India, New Guinea and the Solomon Islands. This region is the world's tropical treasure house. It produces 94 per cent of the world's hemp and 85 per cent of the world's rubber and possesses large oil and iron reserves as well as sugar, tea and tobacco. Combined with Manchukuo's potential wheat, pulp, coal and wool it furnishes virtually all that is needed for national self-sufficiency

Moreover, Japan can advance there without treading on any one's toes. Although Great Britain and the Netherlands have partly developed the region, 30 per cent. of its remains unexploited, and the Japanese believe they have the right and the power to participate in its riches.

Its inhabitants, estimated at 100,000,000, are chiefly primitive agricultural producers. Consequently the region offers Japan a potential market that she needs for her cheap goods which industrialised nations are excluding.

FULL TRADE PROTECTION.

Japan has already developed trade routes there, and her occupation of the mandated islands enables her navy to give full protection to trade.

Japan's southward policy, as her leaders define it, is simply her right to draw raw materials from the world's tropical granary and to sell her goods to 100,000,000 natives who are too poor to buy anything but the cheapest. To advance that policy by furnishing naval protection, while supervising from a naval standpoint the mandated islands which extend Japan's dominion to the Equator, is Admiral Kobayashi's task.

No Trace Of Polish Balloon In Gordon-Bennet Air Race As Yet

WARSAW, (By Air Mail).

A Polish balloon is still missing, sequel to the Gordon Bennet competition.

Out of the three Polish balloons "Polonia," "Warsaw 11" and "Lopp," which had entered in the Gordon Bennet race of this year and which had been missing since the first of this month, two were traced and the pilots returned to Warsaw on the 8th, while the third Lopp styled after the Polish Air Club, is still missing. The Lopp has failed so far to give any sign of life, though search is being made by Polish and Soviet Air Planes, and hopes are cherished that the lost balloon will be traced before long.

It is surmised that the Lopp may have already landed in a remote part of North Carelia (N. Finland) as is supposed by Dr. Tilgankemp, the pilot of 'Zuerich 11" (Swiss Balloon), who had also landed in Carelia. There is one thing in favour of the search party, and that is the weather in North Russia is much better now.—United Press.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE AGREEMENT

Freedom Of Action For Non-Official Advisers

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

Non-official advisers regarding the negotiations of a trade agreement with the United Kingdom met yesterday and elected Sir Purshotamdas Thakordas as Chairman. They had a talk with Mr. Stewart, the Commerce Secretary.

It is understood that the advisers are free to make any recommendation, irrespective of what is contained in the Ottawa Agreement and have thus full freedom of action. It is expected that the advisers will take a fortnight to formulate their provisional views.—A. P.

Mainly About Motion Pictures

"Call of the Soul" forthcoming release at the Majestic (Sangeet Film).

Question Of The Week

Do Indian Film Studios Reserve Some Of Their Resourses For Technical And Art Experiments?

"RANGILO-NAWAB"

Now At The Globe

A quite an unusual story of a Rajput warrior who in order to win his heart's desire leaps into the jaws of death, but by his surprising valour always finds his way to success. This interesting story is nicely depicted in Sharda Movietone's B. K. Dave Production "Rangilo Nawab" is released last Friday at the Globe Talkies and is drawing crowded houses.

Master Vithal, the stunt king, better known as Indian Douglas in Indian picture-goers here appears in role of a death defying hero: You will see Miss Noorjehan as an enchanting maid who falls in love with dare devil youth. The story is interesting and direction is good. There are good dances and humorous punches also. You must see this picture at the Globe.

"DILAWAR."

Bhawnani Production's latest production is a smartly different sort of thriller "Dilawar" which will immediately be released at Globe after "Rangila-Nawab." This is a thriller which will positively establish new standard in our thrillers. There are stars like Miss Moti, Navin Yagnik, Miss Shivrani, Nayampalli and bewitching Miss Prabha. Direction is really brilliant and the story is absolutely new and quite novel in treatment. "Dilawar" is shortly coming to Globe.

"CALL OF THE SOUL" OR "HRIDAYA MANTHAN"

To Be Released At The Majestic

Money alone could not have bought the beauty that went into the "Call Or The Soul" or Hridaya Manthan"—the Sangeet's challenge social smash hit of 1936—although it costed a considerable amount to produce it.

Only genius, only an inspired author could have written so ennobling a novel, only an inspired director could have directed so overpowering a drama, only an inspired cast could have enacted so heart stirring story; the story depicting the iniquities of our society which in the name of sacred Shastras, allow itself to be led in the path of inhuman injustices, cruelties and acts of obscurantism, the "Call Of The Soul" featuring Bai Jaddan bai, the queen Songstress, A Hussain, who has already been acclaimed by many as the most handsome Hero of the silver screen, playing the most responsible role in the picture, Smt. Urmilla Devi hailing from a very respectable family of Mangalore, and educated lady, possessing a prepossessing model and sonorous voice so rare, Syt. Siddique of New Theatre's fame and that sweet little wonderful child star Baby Rani to entertain you with her sweet actions and heart rending songs. This marvellous galaxy of stars will surely touch and awaken the social conscience to the horrors of the deplorable state of our Society.

The story takes you into the heart of this sort of sorrowful state, obtaining an insight into the tragedy of the human emotions involved in a conflict with false ideas of social conventions and popular morality justified in the name of religion and throws into relief the pathos of these every day scenes.

Various social subjects have

(Continued on Page 4)

Miss Satara and Manek in Golden Eagle's "Victim of Love"

From "Pundalik" at the Majestic

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

PRABHAT STUDIOS:

The much awaited Messrs. Fathelal and Damle's picture "Thukaram" with Vishnu-Pant Pagnis in the lead, is ready for release.

Mr. V. Shantaram is busy day and night supervising the rehearsals and preliminaries for shooting of their latest social picture to be directed by Mr. Narayan Kale. The leading roles are to be played by Nalini Turkhud, Shanta Apte, Kumari Vasanti and Chandramohan.

The plot is chosen from the ancient Indian History. This is going to be an ideal social picture, type of which to be seen for the first time, in India.

Huge settings on elaborate scale are being erected for this picture, under the supervision of the versatile artist Mr. Fateh Mahamad and Mr. Shantaram.

GOLDEN EAGLE MOVIETONE (KARACHI):

Mr. Lala has nearly completed their social picture of topical interest in Hindi "Victim of Love", the leading roles are played by Madhav Kale, Irani, Vinod, Miss Panna and Miss Satara. The plot is one of topical interest depicting the horrors of dowry system, and the victims of so-called Hindu custom of paying for the bridegroom and their endless woes. Exceptional music and wonderful Dances by Miss Satara and Princess Usha coupled with delightful songs are the noteworthy features of this picture. This ideal social picture is one to suit the taste of every community and nationality. Several heart-rending scenes with thrilling action are brilliantly portrayed with great care and skill. "Victim of Love" is shortly to be released in various centres of this country, as the same is anxiously awaited

RADHA FILM CO. (CALCUTTA):

The scene from "Bisa-Briksha" of meeting widowed Kunda (Kananbala with Nagen (Jahar Ganguly) on the stairs of the garden pond has just been taken. The resolution of suicide by drowning, faded before the shadow of a sweet recollection. After all, a widow might have some chance of brightening her life. Quite unexpected, of course, Nagen appears there, much to the pleasant bewilderment of the heroine with a resolution, Nagen asked if she could remarry but her categorical reply was 'No'. Why she proved a traitor to her heart will be taken up this week. The serio-comic scene of Deben Dutt's third overture has also been taken. He was betrayed by Hiramalini and he had a lesson at the hands of the durwans of Nagen. It may be a news to many that Mr. Tarak Bagchi who has been playing the roles of Bagala, a friend of Deben Dutta, is showing calmness and serenity, an attribute for which the director Phani Barma is voted. Director Hari Bhanja is busy with the script of Hindi Manmayee a hilarious and novel comedy whose Bengali version has taken Bengal by storm.

The success of Wamag Ezra at Lahore and Delhi has been taken advantage of Messrs. Best Film Exchange, Peshawar, who have hastened to purchase the half-exploited picture. Messrs. Vishnu Film Service of Karachi who have taken over the distribution rights of Radha's forthcoming releases including the detective thriller "Khuni Kon?" have opened a branch office at Delhi and it is definitely understood that they are getting booking of the picture. Messrs. Gvalini Bros., Bombay, Radha's permanent distributors at Bombay have released, an old picture of Radha which could not be released earlier owing to dispute between Radha's former Bombay agents, Messrs. Kapurchand and Co., and the principals. Even an old Radha picture is getting good response and we can confidently hope that Khuni Kon, Wamaq Ezra and other pictures of Radha will establish a market at Bombay.

EAST INDIA FILM CO. (CALCUTTA):

Messrs. S. L. Jalan, Spenta and Miss Vaziri, left for Iran "en route" Bombay by last Saturday's Bombay Mail. Prominent members of the E. I. F. Staff and many friends and admirers were present at the platform, including Mr. B. L. Khemka, the proprietor, Director Devaki Bose, Mr. U. N. Goswami, the General Manager, Mr. Schulmeister, Mr. Basanta K. Chatterjee, the proprietor of 'Dipali', Mr. Gopal Mahresh, the production Manager, Mr. R. Deora, the Chief Accountant and Mr. Sudhir Sanyal, the Publicity Manager. All the members of the

(Continued on Page 4)

"MANZIL" OR "GRIHA-DAHA"

For Roxy Talkies

A film critic from the North writes "I have rarely seen a better-acted or more brilliantly dialogued picture than this adoption of Sarat Chandra Chatterjee's famous novel "Grihadaha or Manzil."

New Theatres once gave us a brilliant social piece like "Devdas"—and but there is a more sumptuous melodrama "Manzil" that can really claim us one of the most cleverly written drama as far as Indian screen is concerned.

The story of "Manzil" has deft—the deft which we rarely find in our usual screen stories. But here we see that talented artiste like P. Barua who displays all the inner faculties an artiste really possesses. Because the director Barua knows his theme well, because Barua understands all the characters of Sarat Babu's novel, because Barua has lived, loved and nourished these characters in the laboratory of Barua's talents and that is why I maintain that "Manzil" is a drama having all the intensity that very "life" can breath.

"Manzil" 's direction is utterly faultless, and I can see that Barua has laboured hard to compress the whole of 300 pages book of Sarat Babu into a brilliantly written script for the screen. You see the story smoothly running before your eyes perhaps in more fascinating sequences, perhaps in more illuminating style—all the glories of camera and technique that intelligent director can offer.

Sarat Babu's characters in "Manzil", Mahim, Achala, Suresh and Mrinal breath in this brilliant production that only New Theatres Ltd. has the capacity to produce. You will see Jamuna as Achala, P. Barua as Mahim, Prithviraj as Suresh and Molina as Mrinal.

There are also K. C. Dey and famous Radio queen Harimati Devi.

This great social hit will be released at Roxy Talkies after "Achhut Kanya" through All India Distributors.

"Manzil" or "Grihadah" is really an outstanding achievement that Indian screen-art can offer.

A scene from Bombay Talkies' "Achhut Kanya" which is now in its 11th week at Roxy.

Kumari Jamuna and Pahari Sanyal in "Maya" at the Minerva

"MAYA"

At The Minerva

One cannot deny the fact that fabrication of the present factory made Indian movie which constitutes about ninety per cent. of India's output commences with the same sort of stuff in characters and dialogues, songs and treatment (if at all one can name the "bluff" as treatment). But one can hardly use the above statement when there is New Theatres Ltd., (Calcutta)—an entirely different sort of producing studio in India. New Theatres Ltd., has changed the starta of the present Indian pictures. It's ace-directors Sjt. Nitin Bose, Sjt. P. Barua, Sjt. Hemchander pisitively can claim the honour of introducing new technique in Indian Films, They have produced pictures that have been successful from every point of view. You cannot forget "Chandidas", Devdas", "Dhup-Chhaon". Now you will see as great a picture as previous productions. Perhaps it is said, "Maya" the latest from New Theatres is going to be greater than "Devdas".

New Theatres' latest picture under production is "Maya"—directed by Sjt. P. Barua, will be released next Saturday at the Minerva. A quite unusual story which lays bare the sold of an Indian woman—is brilliantly composed into a motion picture song. All the human weaknesses—love, hatred, miseries and temptations are the elements

(Continued on Page 4)

Srimati Durga Khote Kumaris Shanta Apte and Vasanti in "Amar Jyoti" at the Krishna.

"BHARAT-KA-LAL"

3rd Week At The Minerva

Stunt pictures!. . . Yes! Stunt pictures!. . . you must have seen many a stunt picture—and you must have been fed up with that sort of nonsense. But those who have seen Harishchandra Cinetone's "Bharat-Ka-Lal" or Cinetone's "Bharat-Ka-Lal" or "Hot Blood" now running 3rd week at the Minerva, are of the opinion that this picture certainly raises the standard of thrillers higher in Indian movies. "Bharat-ka-Lal," to discuss, is an interesting picture—with no trick photographed stunts that are boring to the public-eye but there are as realistic and absorbing as anything.

"Bharat-ka Lal" or "Hot Blood" is a smashing story of a valiant Rajput who in order to defy the tyranny of a villainous Vazir sallies forth and fights to death. When cinema-goers saw "Lord of the Jungle," they at once called Chandrarao known as Indian Tarzan—who is nothing but a swashbuckling hero in this picture.

The amazing rope work, a death-jump from the height of 75 feet, and various thrilling stunts that Chandrarao has done are of many stunning stunts that can be marked in this picture. Looking to the cast, you will surely laugh away your blues when there appears Bhagwan, the comedian. There are Miss Phiroze, Miss Khatoon, Mr. Sadik, Shah Nawaz etc. also "Bharat-ka Lal" released through Empire Talkie Distributors is drawing crowded houses at the Minerva.

B.

Sulochana and Gulam Mohammad in Imperial's "Pride of India" at Imperial next week.

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HABIBULLAH SAHEB
PALLI HILL, BANDRA, BOMBAY.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Tragedy Of Brazil"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In taking exception to my alleged guilt in permitting my article "Brazil's Tragedy" to assume 'an acrimonious tone towards Mlle. Camacho and Madame Wadia, both personal friends of mine' Mr. Crombie, in his letter published in this journal on the 28th inst. neutralises, I am afraid the point of his protest.

His free, at the same time, that the acrimonious note may be due to some religious bias, because reference is made to the ladies being 'theosophically ecstatic' etc. etc.' is based. I might be permitted to assure him, on his extremely deplorable misapprehension both of my harmless if appropriate adjectives and the meaning of such terms as 'religion' and culture. Any fairly well informed reader of Miss Camacho's statement about her Brazilian impressions, if he possessed the minimum literary culture, could easily pronounce the use my adjective as not merely justifiable but an understatement as well. It is not even a decent rehash of the guide book stuff what with the 'intimate' note with the 'picturesque' reactions produced by the Indian delegates' 'series' on the Brazilian citizens and citizenesses waving greetings out of the windows of a nunnery and students who swooned with admiration for Tagore's poetry and choked themselves with sentimental lumps in the region of the asophagus. This style could be associated only with that of the hot-gospelling of the Theosophist pulpit with its stress on the esoteric-mystic and flabby sentimentalism.

Theosophy, as far as I know, is not a religion in its accepted, technical sense; or if a religion of the spirit as to oratory sometimes describes it, embracing the tenets of all religions and attracting the followers of those religions with its theoretic love for and tolerance of, all humanity and the fellowship of faiths, it is probably on the same level of 'religion' that is inherent in the membership of W. I. A. A., the Rotay Club, the Masonic Lodges, the Vigilance Association and several other organisations. How can I make a 'sneering reference' to Mrs. Wadia's 'personal belief' when I do not know what that belief might be at all? As regards that lady's position in the circles of local Theosophists, I understand that she has no connexion with the Adyar School of Theosophy but belongs to the American wing that came into existence after the historic quarrel over the presidentship of the society between Mrs. Besant and her rival claimant. However, this discussion is not directly relevant to the subject of this article although I am prepared to carry it on on another occasion.

I must also disown my alleged connexion with Catholicism or any other religion and Mr. Crombie is doing himself an injustice when he attributes such an absurd motive to writers like myself who are wholly impersonal however acrimoniously they might criticise in defence of such ideals as freedom and social justice. He apparently confounds the Roman ideals of civic liberties with the Roman Catholic religion. I am unable too to make out what he means by the statement:

Mme. Wadia went to Buenos Aires as the Indian Delegate of the P. E. N. Club, and has naturally concerned herself with the culture of that vast country, Brazil.

I confess, of course, to bring impressed by Mrs. Wadia's ambitious mission, but Mr. Crombie must tell us what 'culture' means. One is suspicious of these ladies' preoccupation with 'culture' of Brazil because Miss Camacho allows herself to be imposed upon by the first stranger she meets in the streets of Rio. Miss Camacho spins a virtue out of the ethnological necessity of lack of racial bias: any school child which knows the barest outline of Brazil's history could only laugh at her sensational discovery.

What connexion have the activities of the Brazilian Special Police with the ladies' culture hunt? Mr. Crombie inquires The 'naivete' of this inquiry is quite disarming. What connexion has the P. E. N. conference with the statement of Mr. H. G. Wells and the fervent place for intellectual, civic and political freedom addressed to it by the author of that interesting work "Men of Goodwill." M. Julas Romains? The contrast between the reception given to Lady Hastings and her party and that extended to the P. E. N. delegates appears to me to be typical of the official propagandist tactics. Even a casual survey of conditions of life in various countries (which include cultural intellectual) could convince as that political dictatorship sums up the death of culture, of civilization itself and that claims to cultural achievement actually made by terroristic governments are proved by the world's 'literate and intellectuals to be fraudulent. The world intellectuals, artists and every group of persons connected with the activities of culture are unanimous to-day in condemning fascist or fascistic regimes of government or social system and I am here raising the question of P. E. N.'s position in this essential conflict. In my previous article I have pointed out that the activities of the Brazilian police are connected with the character of the governmental regime just now in power there and the P.E.N. is bound to disown any moral sympathy for that regime so long as it remains fascistic. It owes us an explanation as its 'raison d'etre' is menaced if it shirked its responsibility in this issue.—Yours, etc.,

"ROMANUSCIVIS."

Public And Private Companies Appointment Of Auditors

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Limited Liability Companies are classified under 2 distinct heads, namely (1) Public and (2) Private Limited Companies. It is sufficiently known that there are a number of Private Limited Companies having larger capitals and controlling better trades and industries than many of the Public Limited Companies. Besides the number of Private Companies if they do not exceed public Companies, anyway are not far less than Public Companies.

The benefits of forming a venture into (Private or Public) Limited Liability Company are far too well known to capitalists and industrialists to be recapitulated here. A Public Company with an issue of 10,000 share of Rs. 100/- each, held by about 300 shareholders as compared with a Private Company having an issue of 5,000 shares of Rs. 1,000/- each held by 50 shareholders, the stake of individual shareholder is far greater in the latter case. The interests of the shareholders in the first instance are guarded by duly qualified responsible auditors, whereas in the latter case, with a larger stake the interests of the shareholders are in the hands of persons who only style themselves as Auditors without any prescribed or requisite qualifications.

Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act states that, "No person shall be appointed or act as Auditor of any Company other than a Private Company, unless he holds a certificate from the Local Government entitling him to act as Auditor of Companies" which means that with regard to the Auditors of Private Limited Company no particular qualifications are laid down.

Under the circumstances, to let alone the provisions of section 144 of the Indian Companies Act 1913 which prescribe the qualifications and appointment of Auditors, as they stand, would be tantamount to renewing the foundation of an edifice and allowing the old structure to remain, at a time when the overhaul of the said Act is in progress. If such a proviso is allowed to continue as it stands now, it is either a poor complaint to the investing public or to the progress of Accountancy profession in India.

The repeated incidents of misfeasance, negligence and fraud on the part of the officers of the Companies (Officers include Auditors) which led to the introduction of Section 144 in the Indian Companies Act of 1913 are not totally forgotten by now. It may well be argued that duly qualified Auditors then were few compared with the present number on the roll of Registered Accountants which is somewhere near 400 in number and the number is steadily on an increase.

In view of the above position and the ever-changing circumstances, it would be in the fitness of things, if Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act 1913 were so amended as to remove this glaring defect, and prescribe the same qualifications of Auditors of Private Companies, as exist in the case of Public Companies.—Yours etc.,

N. D. ADENWALLA.
Registered Accountant.

"A Suggestion To Swastik League"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to your correspondent's letter in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 25th under the heading "A suggestion to the Swastik League" I have to point out to your correspondent that this year the management of the Chunam Lane Ganpati programmes has not been taken up by the Swastik League and as such the recent case he quotes does not concern the League. I hope your correspondent in future will make better and proper inquiries before he ventures to offer suggestions to or comment on a public institution as the Swastik League."—Yours, etc.,

S. G. RANE,
Jt. Hon. Secretary.

Swastik League,
Sept. 26.

Congress And Hindustani

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is a matter of profound regret and shame that the resolution moved by Mr. Morarji Desai recommending to the next plenary session of the Congress that Hindustani should be accepted in the proceedings of the Congress meetings was defeated by 28 votes against 32. It was in itself an innocent resolution, but a great hue and cry was raised by the Members from Madras. None expected that this resolution would be lost as it is overdue. It is an open secret that over three-fourths of the Indians speak Hindustani and affirm that it is the 'lingua franca' of India. I refer here to the learned speech of our veteran leader from Madras, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, delivered on Sunday last in the Blavatsky Lodge under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood that he found it shameful on the part of the audience consisting mainly of students to press Mr. Jaiprakash Narain to speak in English which language has been instrumental in keeping us in subjection. He brought home to the students that as long as they were thinking in terms of English language they would never be able to mould their lives to give their utmost to the country thereby securing its independence. When one leader from Madras thinks lightly of English language from the national point of view and impresses upon the audience to take to Hindustani and thereby play its part in freeing the country, Mr. S. Satyamurti, another leader from the same presidency who is out to fight for independence, is still thinking that the time is not ripe for adopting Hindustani in all the proceedings of the Congress meetings. He states that he listened to all the proceedings of the A.I.C.C. but confesses his inability to make out a word of what had been said. He goes on further "If, for instance, all the Tamilians went on talking in Tamil for a considerable time, would the members of the A.I.C.C. sit patiently?" Does Mr. Satyamurti think that Tamil would be adopted as "lingua franca" of India? Of course not. When such is the case and how will the members of the A.I.C.C. or for the matter of fact any meeting allow such a speech if the speaker knows other language through which he can express his thoughts to the audience and bring them home to them? This argument falls flat. He asked the mover to have some sense of proportion, some tolerance and patience. The question that now arises is—has Mr. Satyamurti got any sense of proportion and tolerance while he opposed the resolution? The answer is clear. He says that he tried to learn Hindi but confesses that he has failed. How did he get courage to utter these words in an assembly of the representatives of the Nation. What a good compliment to the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha which is trying to spread Hindustani throughout the length and breadth of South India for over a decade and a half and the headquarters of which Sabha are situated in the very town where he resides. I would request the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha to divert its attention to teaching Hindustani to the leaders and accredited representatives so that they may not deprecate the institution by saying that they could not make out a single word of what has been said in Hindustani, even after the earnest efforts to spread that language which is a symbol of freedom. Now that Mr. C. Rajagopalachari is out of politics, I suggest that he should make a tour, and teach Hindustani to such persons as betray their ignorance and see that no such complaints are made in the Congress meetings henceforth.—Yours etc.,

A HINDI LOVER.

Women's Status

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—As one interested in the social welfare work I attended yesterday a lecture on the "Social aspect of prostitution Act" that was delivered by Mr. Shroff under the auspices of the social workers' training class at the Servants' of India Society, Girgaum. The learned lecturer did full justice to the subject itself; and I thanked him heartily for that. But, while discussing the causes of that social evil and the rights of women, the lecturer happened to remark "All great men in the past including the founders of religions and faiths tried to suppress women." After the lecture was over, during the question time I brought it to the notice of the lecturer that his sarcastic remark as above would amount to slander. I also added that as a student of comparative religion I could assure the lecturer and his students that the founders of all the existing religions on earth did fullest justice to women. To this the lecturer retorted that a study of comparative religion had nothing to do with a woman, much less with prostitution. The learned lecturer thus without making his position clear attempted to trifle with the issue by a few white-washing words. I am not concerned with that notorious stanza put into the mouth of Manu viz., Na Stri Swatantriyamarhati, meaning a woman does not deserve liberty. Partly, because I know that Manu was a staunch supporter of equal rights and privilges of woman and partly because Manu was not a founder of any religion or faith but a mere law-maker. Secondly, there is no reason why a founder of a religion or faith should be held responsible for the sins of commission and omission of his followers who hardly understood the spirit of his teachings and fought over the later only.—Yours etc.,

S. D. ACHARYA.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Not Indeed

"VIJAVASHAM" wants to know whether the High Court will take notice of the alleged remark of the Kalyan Magistrate "This is not a Bombay Court," which says the correspondent "lowers the Bombay Court in the eyes of the public."

Apt Suggestion

D. K. DESAI makes the following suggestion for the safety of women travelling alone in the railways: The women's compartment should not be altogether separate but attached to one of the general compartments and demarcated from it by means of a screen.

Those Quacks

THE SECRETARY of the Immediate Social Reforms Conference urges upon the Government that a bill to remove quacks from their unauthorised profession should be at once introduced.

Dissolve Them

V. H. COWLAY calls upon the organisers of the Democratic Swarajya Party and the Nationalist Party to dissolve those parties and merge themselves into the Congress, in the best interests of the country.

Stop The Fast

RAMESHA OZA requests the public leaders to take immediate steps to stop the fast which is undertaken by Pandit Ramchandra.

Rebates?

A TRADESMAN (Bombay) sees no sense in the protests of Sir Prabhashanker Pattani and certain Bombay merchants trading with Bhavnagar against the Government Customs regulations. The privileges which they have enjoyed, he says, were only indirect rebates.

After-Care

R. N. PURKAYASTHA (Miraj) stresses the necessity of establishing in India After-Care sanatoria where poor T. B. patients can be kept for further treatment after they have been discharged from hospital and Sanatoria.

Rural Protest

V.S. PALVI (Shiroda) protests against the practice of subjecting farm-houses to non-agricultural assessment, obtaining at certain villages of the Ratnagiri district. This, adds the correspondent, is against the provision of the Land Revenue Code, and must be immediately stopped by Government. It appears again that excise authorities are trying to introduce Cashew liquor in the Malwan and Vengurla talukas, a step, which, in the eyes of our correspondent, is extremely harmful to the villagers.

Cliques

A CORRESPONDENT deplores the spirit of cliquism and caucus which, he alleges, has made itself recently felt in the affairs of the Bombay North Hindu Gymkhana.

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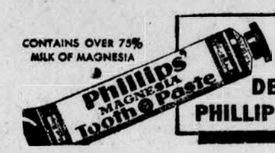

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DEMOCRACY & DICTATORSHIP

South Indian Associates Discuss Their Respective Merits And Demerits

On the occasion of the sixth of the week-end Lectures arranged by the South Indian Association, Mr. K. V. M. Iyer, A.I.S.A. (London) spoke on the subject of "Democracy and Dictatorship."

Mr. Iyer defined Democracy as Govt. of the people, by the people for the people, and as one of the two principal forms of government, the other form being Dictatorship or Rule of one over many. Every other kind of State organization was an offshoot of one of these two basic systems of State Management.

Democracy and Dictatorship were co-existent with the period of man's life in organized society. The oldest available records showed that Democracy rose at first amongst the homogeneous Greeks in the 5th century B. C. It was not a complete democracy however, as "Citizens" only were free. There were Roman Republics in the 4th and 3rd centuries B. C. These slowly turned into the Imperialism of the Ceasars. The crowning of Charlemagne definitely set back in Christian Europe the spread of democratic practice in the 9th century.

In the 17th Century the Dutch Republic rose. In the 18th Century Republican forms of Government were established in France and America. In the 19th Century England evolved a Democratic Form of Government under a Constitutional Monarch.

Democracy In Practice

In abstract theory Democracy professed equality of opportunity to all—but in practice privilege and power were the lot of the few and not of the many. Democracy also failed to be effective in times of crisis. Talks, discussions, wire-pullings, were the order of the day and quick decisions were impossible. But, there was available no better substitute of an ideal government in times of peace. Democracy was successful in the same measure as the people at large were equally educated, capable and willing enough to shoulder the burden of social governance.

In the innate differences between man and man and the necessity for specialization in division of functions lay the origins of Dictatorship, which may be that of one person, clique, party, class or nation. The Dictatorships of Saul and Solomon of yore, of Mussolini, Hitler and Pilsudsky in modern days exemplified personal Dictatorship. The Venetian oligarchy of two centuries ago and the conservatism of our own days in England showed the dominance of cliques and parties.

The Dictatorship of the Proletariat in Soviet Russia was an instance of class Dictatorship and the attempts of European nations like Germany and England to dictate to the world at large provide examples of attempted National Dictatorship. Under dictatorships, strict obedience to higher orders was enforced while every form of liberty as opposed to the Dictator's wishes was ruthlessly suppressed.

It was true that in the unsettled and chaotic post war era, Dictatorships had ensured national stability of a kind and progress of a degree, in several European Countries. After dwelling farther on the histories of Poland, Turkey, Greece and Afghanistan etc., the lecturer concluded that Dictatorships perhaps provided a best known form of Government in periods of crisis.

Ideal Form Of Government

Another speaker said that there was no sanctity attaching to any form of Government by reason of a name a label. That form of Government which ensured equal opportunity to all and equal conditions of existence and progress was the best. Free people adopted such forms of Government as suited their necessities, and conclusions.

The speaker thought that an interpretation of history, apart from its economic background, was likely to lead to erroneous conditions. The Central Banks of France, Britain and U.S.A. now controlled the state machinery of those countries. The politicians and statesmen were but the tools of high finance.

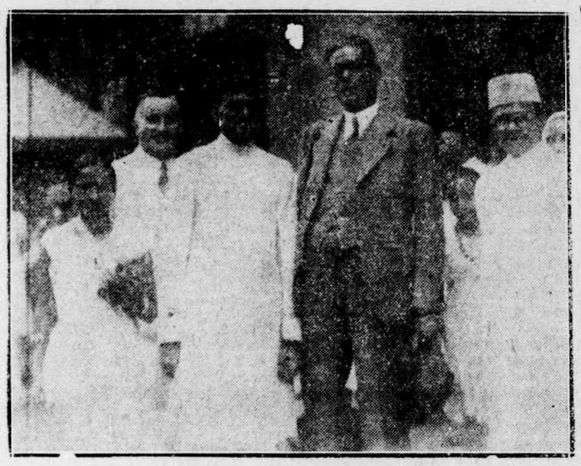
The few that held the power of the purse were in effect dictating the policy and principles of Governmental activities. They made and unmade Ministries.

AMENDMENT OF INSOLVENCY LAW

MADRAS, Sept. 25.

The Government have circulated for opinion to public bodies certain proposals for the amendment of the Insolvency Law, and the Southern India Chamber of Commerce have forwarded their views in the course of a communication to the Government of Madras, Home Department.

The first proposal is to shift from the Official Assignee to the transferee of an insolvent's property, the burden of proving good faith in respect of a transaction. At present in both the Provincial Insolvency Act and the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act the burden of proving bad faith in transfers of insolvent property is on the official assignee. The proposal is to shift the burden of proving good faith on the transferee.—United Press.



Mr. V. M. Parekh (2nd from right), General Manager of Messrs. Eatliboi and Co., Engineers and Mr. N. C. Zavery (3rd from right) of New Pearls Trading Co., returned from Europe on last Thursday.

Why Was "United Press" Left In The Lurch

GOVT. HECKLED ON QUESTION OF SUBSCRIBING FOR BROADCASTING STATIONS

SIMLA, (By Mail).

The following questions were asked in the Assembly:—

Mr. Asaf Ali:—May I know why "United Press" is left in the cold?

Sir Frank Noyce:—Because there are two news-agencies which are considered sufficient.

Mr. Asaf Ali:—Is it not a fact that the "United Press" supplies some additional news, which is not purveyed by the "Associated Press" and "Reuters"?

Sir Frank Noyce:—I am not in a position to answer that question.

ADDITIONAL NEWS IN "U. P."

Mr. Asaf Ali:—Will the Government kindly make up their mind about it and make investigation and if they find that the "United Press" supplies additional news, they will also patronise that agency?

Sir Frank Noyce:—Government consider that, at present, news supplied by the two agencies is sufficient with reference to the amount that is available to be spent on them.

Pandit Lakshmi Kanta Maitra:—May I know that, in patronising these news-agencies what are the factors which weigh with them? What is the price that the Government have to pay to these news-agencies for purveying these news?

Sir Frank Noyce:—I take it that the main factor is the reliability.

RELIABILITY OF AGENCY.

Pandit Maitra:—Does the Hon'ble Member mean to say that the "United Press" is not a reliable agency?

President:—You cannot argue that question here.

Sir Frank Noyce:—I am not expressing any opinion on the comparative merits of these various agencies. I can only say that, as regards "Reuters" and "Associated Press," the factor was reliability.

Pt. Maitra:—May I know whether the arrangement with "Reuters" and "Associated Press" is a permanent one or is it only for a certain period?

Sir Frank Noyce:—I want notice for that.

PAYMENT FOR NEWS.

Sri Prakash:—Do Government pay any money for the supply of news by the particular agencies? I ask this specially in view of the fact that the copyright of the news remains with the agency.

President:—All these numerous questions do not arise out of the original answer.

Mr. Asaf Ali:—Do Government pay "Reuters" and "Associated Press" for their full service to all stations?

President:—That does not arise out of the original question.—United Press.

DEVELOPING FREE JOURNALISM

Baroda Forms An Association

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, September 29.

Baroda Journalists' meeting yesterday, has decided to form an Association for the development of free and independent journalism. At the outset the Provisional Secretary Sjt. Bhikhalal Kapasi explained the need of an Association. Then the meeting passed the constitution and elected Sjt. Chimanlal Doctor as President, Dhirubhai Desai as Secretary Laxmilal Doctor a Treasurer and Messrs. Nagkumar N. Makati, Bhikalal B. Kapasi, Chunilal Shah and G. B. Karnik as members of the Managing Committee.

APPOINTMENTS.

Sjt. Trikamlal Zhaver Laxmichand has been elected as Chairman of Hind Vijaya Competitive Tournaments.

The Baroda Music Samaj has passed a condolence resolution for the demise of Pandit Govind Narayan Bhatkhande.

Sjt. Sevaklal D. Parikh has been elected as Vice-President Sayaji Sahakar Sevak Sangh and Sjt. Bhailal Patel is elected as Secretary.

PALESTINIAN PROBLEMS

(Continued from Page 6)

some circles which ought to know better it is being freely said that this is probably the best way out of a nasty business, and that it is better that Great Britain, if only technically, should be guiltless of the final treachery. Of course there is some vague chance, but no more than that, that the Credentials Committee will consider it beyond its competence to decide whether or no the Ethiopian delegates do, in fact, represent an effective Government. It will be remembered that at the last meeting of the Assembly this procedure was adopted, and it now remains to be seen what less of moral courage remain to the Credentials Committee.

Italy And Palestine

In her Empire relations Great Britain is much uneasy over the situation in Palestine. There was a meeting of Ministers yesterday to review the situation. In the absence of Mr. Baldwin who is still at Blickling Hall, Mr. Neville Chamberlain presided. While local Arab strike committees have been meeting in Palestine to discuss whether or not to continue the strike, the "Daily Herald" Jerusalem correspondent has wired to his paper in London full details of what he calls a hitherto undisclosed element in the Palestine upheaval—the part played behind the scenes by Fascism, chiefly by Italy. According to his information the plot is to further Italian imperial ambitions and turn the Mediterranean into an Italian sea. The correspondent asserts that the Italians secretly aided extremist sections among the Arabs to launch a revolt for independence and they tried to encourage the Jews to favour Italy as the possible mandatory power in Palestine, replacing Great Britain. It is further declared that they proposed Jewish collaboration in developing conquered Abyssinia in exchange for concessions, including a Jewish breakaway from Britain. Some time ago, Italian emissaries made contact with unofficial Jewish representatives, hoping to influence them to convey a scheme to the Jewish authorities. The meeting took place in Egypt. Italians proposed that Jews should finance the development of Abyssinia and they offered to appoint a Jewish representative to join an economic mission to study schemes of colonisation. In exchange, Italy would encourage Jewish settlement in Abyssinia and make it a kind of "subsidiary National Home." The Italians pointed out that Britain, as a "declining Power", would never be able to suppress Arab resistance in Palestine to the Jewish National Home but that newly-powerful Italy would assure its establishment. Also, they added, Britain, as a parliamentary democracy, would never be in a position to act forcibly enough to crush a rebellion and firmly encourage Jewish hopes. Italy, unencumbered by parliaments, could do so. This plan, it is believed, was resolutely discouraged by the Jewish authorities, who let Italy know that Jewish policy was firmly pro-British in all circumstances. They told the Italians that Jewish collaboration in such a scheme was absolutely impossible, that Jewish aid in Abyssinia was out of the question.

Confidence In Britain

Undermined

However, there is a significant dispatch in the "Times" from its Jerusalem correspondent dealing with the strike situation. He says that several important Arab leaders realise that if they can call off the whole demonstration of pro-

(Continued on Col. 4)

(Continued From Col. 5)

test now before further force has had to be applied they will be able to come before the Royal Commission in a stronger position than would be the case after a long struggle which could only weaken the nation martially and abate sympathy for their case. "We are in a position now to secure perhaps 30 per cent. of our demands," said (to quote "Times") correspondent) one outstanding leader." If we continue and offer resistance to the Government we may perhaps get an additional 5 per cent. But the question is whether that little additional gain would be compensation for the loss of lives and property which would follow armed resistance, for we know that we cannot long fight against the British Army." But as the correspondent emphasises one hears many such remarks among those Arabs who understand that it will mean to go forward. However they and the common people always return to the same point and ask, "Can we trust the Government to implement the findings of the Royal Commission, if they should be in our favour, when on so many previous occasions, results favourable to us have been set aside?" It is unfortunate, adds the "Times" Jerusalem correspondent, that confidence in the British sense of fair play should have been so undermined. The Arabs are making comparisons between the way in which France is now treating Syria and Great Britain's treatment of Palestine. The Higher Arab Committee has sent a message congratulating the Franco Syrian delegation in Paris on having secured the new treaty and lauding France as the friend of oppressed people. The Committee notes how France is now adopting the idea of Pan-Arabism, which formerly she had combated, and expresses the opinion that France has lost no prestige owing to her compromise with the Syrians, but has rather gained thereby.

The Junior cup in the Butler Challenge Shield Football tournament held at Amraoti, was won by the New High School, Amraoti and the senior trophy was annexed by King Edward College, Amraoti.

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"Your Father Always Pardons You"

KASTURBA'S APPEAL TO HER ELDEST SON

NEW DELHI, September, 28.

Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi has addressed a long letter to her son, in the form of an appeal. The following is the full text of the letter:

"My dear son Hiralal,

"I have heard that recently in Madras policemen found you misbehaving in a state of drunkenness at midnight in an open street and took you in custody. Next day, you were produced before a bench of Magistrates and they fined you Re. 1. They must have been very good people to treat you so leniently.

"Even the Magistrates showed regard for your father in thus giving you only nominal punishment. But I have been feeling very miserable ever since I heard about this incident. I do not know whether you were alone that night or were accompanied by some of your friends, but in any case you acted very improperly".

"I do not know what to say to you. I have been pleading with you all these long years to hold yourself in check. But you have been going from bad to worse. Now you are making my very existence impossible. Think of the misery you are causing to your aged parents in the evening of their lives.

Breaking His Heart.

"Your father says nothing to anyone but I know how the shocks you are giving him are breaking his heart. You are committing a great sin in thus repeatedly hurting our feelings. Though born as our son you are indeed behaving like an enemy.

"I am told that in your recent wanderings you have been criticising and ridiculing your great father. This does not behove such an intelligent boy as you. You little realise that you only disgrace yourself by speaking evil of your father. He has nothing but love in his heart for you You know that he attaches the greatest importance to purity of conduct. But you have never paid any heed to his advice Yet he has offered to keep you with him, to feed and clothe you and even to nurse you

Unable To Stand Anguish.

"He has so many other responsibilities in this world. He cannot do more for you He can only lament his fate. God has given him great will power and may God grant him as long a life as he may require for fulfilling his mission on this earth. But I am a frail old woman unable to stand the mental anguish you are causing.

Your father daily gets letters from people complaining about your conduct. He has to suffer all this disgrace. But you have left no place for me anywhere. For sheer shame, I am unable to move about among friends or strangers. Your father always pardons you, but God will not tolerate your conduct.

"At Madras you were the guest of some prominent and respectable person. But you abused his hospitality by leaving his roof and misconducting yourself in the manner reported. It cannot but have embarrassed your host.

Sleepless Nights.

"Every morning I rise with a shudder to think what fresh news of disgrace the newspapers will bring. I sometimes wonder where you are, where you sleep what you eat. Perhaps you take forbidden food. That and other similar thoughts give me sleepless nights. I often feel like meeting you. But I do not know where to find you. You are my eldest son and nearly 50 years old. I am even afraid of approaching you lest you humiliate me.

"I do not know why you changed your ancestral religion: that is your affair. But I hear that you go about asking innocent and ignorant people to follow your example. Why will you not realise your limitations? What do you know about religion? What judgment can you exercise in your mental condition? People are liable to be led away by the fact that you are your father's son. You are not fit to preach religion. In time to come if you will go on like this you will be shunned by all alike. I beseech you therefore to pause and consider and turn back from your folly.

Hope Dashed To Pieces

"I did not like your conversion, but when I saw your statement that you had decided to improve yourself I felt secretly glad even about your conversion hoping that you would now start leading a sober life. But that hope too you dashed to pieces. In Bombay recently some of your old friends and real well-wishers often found you in a condition much worse than before. You know how unhappy your son is on account of your behaviour.

"Your daughters and your son-in-law also bear with increasing difficulty the burden of sorrow your conduct has imposed upon them."—United Press.

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Mrs. Gandhi Appeals To Son's Muslim Friends

In the course of an appeal to those Muslim brethren who have actually interested themselves in Mr. Hiralal Gandhi's (now Abdulla Gandhi) conversion and his subsequent activities, Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, says:—

"I have not been able to understand your action. I am only referring to those of you who are taking an active part in my son's present activities. I know and I am glad to think that large number of thinking Mussalmans and all our life-long Muslim friends condemn the whole of this episode.

"To-day I very much miss the presence of that great soul Dr. Ansari who would have given sound advice both to my son and yourselves. But there are others equally noble and influential but not so well-known to me, and I hope that they will advise you properly.

Why Maulvi?

"Instead of redeeming my son I find that his so-called change of faith has actually made matters worse in the matter of his habits. You ought to reprimand him for this and try to wean him from his ways. Some people have even gone to the length of supplying the title "Maulvi" to my boy. Is this fair? Does your religion permit such persons as my son being called Maulvis?

"I do not understand what pleasures you find in lionising him like this. If you truly consider him a brother you will not do as you are doing. For what you are doing is not at all in his interest. But if your desire is merely to hold us up to ridicule I have nothing to say to you. You may do your worst.

"But the feeble voice of a wounded mother will perhaps quicken the consciences of those who may be in a position to influence you. But I feel it my duty to repeat to you what I am telling my son, namely that you are not doing the right thing in the eyes of God."—United Press.

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NEWS IN BRIEF FROM NAGPUR

Vaidya Mandal Celebrates 22nd Anniversary

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Sept. 27.

The twenty-second anniversary of the Nagpur Vaidya Mandal was celebrated on Tuesday last. Vaidya Bhushan Hirlekar, President delivered an instructive speech during the course of which he said that the times had changed and they were entering upon a new epoch.

It was absolutely necessary to make a close and deep study of Ayurveda to face the flimsy objections of the opponents of the system and thus to elevate Ayurveda over and above all the pathies existing to-day.

Municipal Dues

That the decretal amount to be recovered from judgment debtors of the Nagpur Municipal Committee stands at Rs. 25,160 is revealed by an audit note addressed to the President of the Municipal Committee. It is pointed out that the situation has become serious since in some cases the period of 12 years will be over in 1937 and will thus become time barred unless arrangements are made to recover the dues.

Acquitted Of Murder

Holding that the confession was not a voluntary one but was brought about by the police patil and the Sub-Inspector of Police by inducement, the Additional District and Sessions Judge, Amraoti acquitted one Tankoo a young girl of 20, who was charged under Section 302 I. P. C. for murdering the six year old cousin by throwing him in a well.

Saved From Gallows

In an appeal the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Grille and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gruer of the Nagpur High Court, acquitted Mst. Parwati, who was sentenced by the Sessions Judge of Hoshangabad under Section 302, I. P. C. for abducting and killing a two and half year old baby and extracting its lever for an Aghori Sadhu.

"Palestine Day" At Karachi

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Sept. 27.

The All-India "Palestine Day" was observed here at a largely attended public meeting held this evening at the Khalikdina Hall under the auspices of the District Congress Committee. Resolution sending hearty greetings and expressing its solidarity with the Arabs of Palestine was passed. Speakers included Acharya Kirpalani, Gen. Secretary, All-India Congress Committee.

BARODA STRIKERS HOLD ON

Five Men Rescued From Debris

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, Sept. 28.

The strike in the new and old Baroda Mills which commenced on 23rd continues. Five workers employed in digging work of the new cooking-house in Rajmahal compound were covered under debris sequel to a heap of earth falling accidentally. On receipt of information Shrimati Kamaladevi Raje, Princess Nirmala Raje, the Police Commissioner, the Chief Engineer and others immediately rushed to the scene and rescued the men and they were sent to the hospital. Four have been discharged and one is detained in the hospital.

Famine Conditions In Bijapur District

WHAT CONGRESS WORKER'S SURVEY REVEALED

DHARWAR, (By Mail)

The Secretary Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following statement:—

Sjt. Kallayya Donnur, who is a whole-time village-worker at Atharga a few miles from Bijapur, on behalf of the Karnataka Lokamanya Tilaka Trust in the Bijapur district, had been requested to survey the famine conditions in the 24 villages round about. He has collected information under fifteen heads by a personal visit and inquiry. I am giving below a summary of that survey of his and my remarks thereon.

VILLAGES VISITED.

The following villages were visited and the conditions thereon were surveyed: Genakanahalli, Shirkanahalli, Honnalli, Jambgi, Ganganahalli, Hittinahalli, Kengnal, Tambe, Shivapur, Tenchalli Roogi, Tadavalgi, Lingdalli, Kyatanakor Baravanal Agasanol, Fadagundi, Makhanapur, Bommanahalli Minchanal, Gunki, Nagathan, Gornal and Hiremasali.

The most important heads under which information was collected were, the Kharif acreage the amount of sowing, the condition of cattle, fodder, wages, etc.

KHARIF LANDS.

From the facts collected it is clear that out of the 24 villages each of nine villages have Kharif lands which amount to 75 per cent of the total of that village, ten have 50 per cent, three have 33 per cent. one has 25 per cent. while one has lands which are wholly Kharif. That means the whole area is predominently Kharif and the conditions prevailing in these villages are typical of at least one-third of the district which is Kharif area.

NO SOWING.

As regards sowings, except in Ganganahalli, Hittanahalli, Tadvalagi (600 acres are garden land), and Nagthan, there has been no sowing at all of the whole of the Kharif area for absolute want of rain. In Ganganahalli and Nagathan where the peasants had sown a few acres they had long thought it wiser to plough afresh and wait for better rains being hopeless of any crops from what they had sown.

Nothing need be said about the condition of crops as there are no crops at all.

PLIGHT OF CATTLE.

Now the condition of cattle is the most pitiable and the scarcity of fodder is a grievance which would continue practically through out the year. In most of these villages the cattle have been reduced to skeletons. In some they are fed for the present on some vegetation or other but that cannot continue long. Except butchers none are buying them. In some villages people are trying to bring fodder from Jamakhandi or Nizam's Dominians at a very high cost and trouble. Not less than almost 3-4 times has to be paid for fodder and then too it is not available in all places. Those who have small stores are not willing to part with the same.

The price of cattle has naturally fallen on an average by 75 per cent. while there are a number of extreme cases where the owners being very poor themselves are selling their cattle for a song unwilling to see them die of starvation in their own presence!

FORFEITURE OF LAND

Just at present Government revenue is not due. But, the Takavi dues and credit Society dues are being realised and in Nagthan it is reported that forfeiture of land for takavi is going on.

POOR WAGES.

Wages have fallen by 66 per cent and yet there are no employers. It is a question of but a few days before emigration may start as the only remedy.

DUTY OF GOVERNMENT.

Under such circumstances the duty of any humane Government is quite clear. Supply of fodder at a cheap cost, starting temporary cattle-homes to save them from the butcher's knife, stopping of the realisation of all Government and other dues from peasants, starting of some famine works. These alone are the remedies if men and cattle are to be saved.

NO WHOLESALE RELEASE OF DETENUS

(Continued from Page 16)

which they are detained are supplied.

ALL C. D. PRISONERS RELEASED

Mr. Satyamurthi: When was the question of release of detenus last considered by the Government of India?

Sir Henry Craik: There seems to be some misapprehension about detenus. The majority of them are detained by the Government of Bengal.

Mr. Chettiar: Why are four Civil Disobedience Prisoners still in jail?

Sir Henry Craik: I believe they have been released.

Mr. Chettiar: When was it, after 20th of July, when Mr. Butler replied in the House of Commons?

Sir Henry Craik: I am not certain.—United Press.

ASSEMBLY INTERPELLATIONS

Classification Of European Prisoners

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

Replying to a question standing in the name of Mr. Amarendra Chatterjee as to whether European Prisoners are classified in the same way as other Non-European Prisoners, Sir Henry Craik referred the Member to the Home Department Communique of 19th February, 1930, and added the rules contained therein make no discrimination on the ground of the race.

H. C. RECOMMENDATIONS.

Mr. Saxena was informed by Sir Nripendranath Sircar that the Government of India had carefully considered in consultation with Local Governments and India Office the recommendations of the Assembly on the report of the Hammond Committee. The decisions on many of the recommendations were already contained in the Provincial Electoral Orders-in-Council. As regards those recommendations relating to matters to be determined by Governors, Rules and decisions on them had been communicated to local Governments and would be embodied in the Provincial Electoral Rules. Matters relating to Federal Legislature are still under consideration.

CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONERS

Replying to Mr. Chattopadhyaya, whether the principle of classification of political or ordinary convicted prisoners was the same, Sir Henry Craik stated the principles of classification of all convicted prisoners was the same.

Mr. Satyamurthi asked if Government's attention had been drawn to the Congress Foreign Department's news-letter published in the "Indian Express" of July 12 under the heading "A Fortnight's budget of repression in India," Sir Henry Craik replied:—

"The Honourable Member presumably refers to the policy adopted by the Government in dealing with subversive movements, if so, there is certainly no change of policy."

CANTONMENTS BILL.

The Cantonments Amendment Bill, the third reading of which was moved this morning by Mr. Tottenham, was passed by the Assembly.—United Press.

Questions On Ramchandra Sharma's Fast Disallowed

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

Seth Govinddas who had given notice of questions relating to the fast of Pandit Ramchandra Sharma against animal sacrifices at Kalighat temple, Calcutta, and asking whether the Government of India would intervene in the matter has been informed that the questions have been disallowed as not primarily the concern of the Governor-General-in-Council.

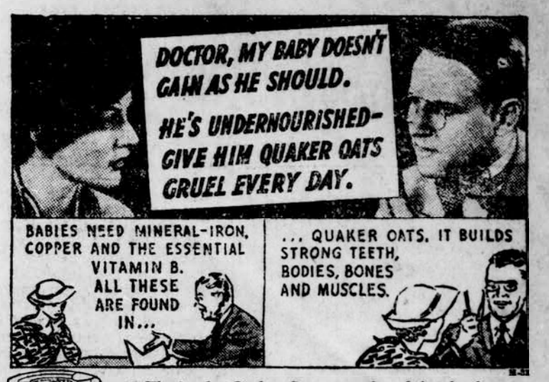
NO RELAXATION OF SPECIAL MEASURES

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

The Legislative Assembly met to-day to discuss non-official bills.

At question time Sir Henry Craik replying to Mr. Satyamurti's question said since the beginning of the present year 225 detenus had been released. Improvement had occurred in the situation, but it was not sufficient to justify relaxation of special measures.

Sir Aubrey Metcalfe answering the same member said the Japanese Government had made inquiries regarding alleged ill-treatment of an Indian merchant and his family at Hsinking and found the charges of torture were unfounded. Enquiries were made by the British Consul but as a week to ten days had elapsed since the incident medical examination did not reveal marks of ill-treatment or torture. The matter had been discussed in the House of Commons and His Majesty's Government had made diplomatic protest and had taken all possible steps to prevent recurrence of such happenings.—A.P.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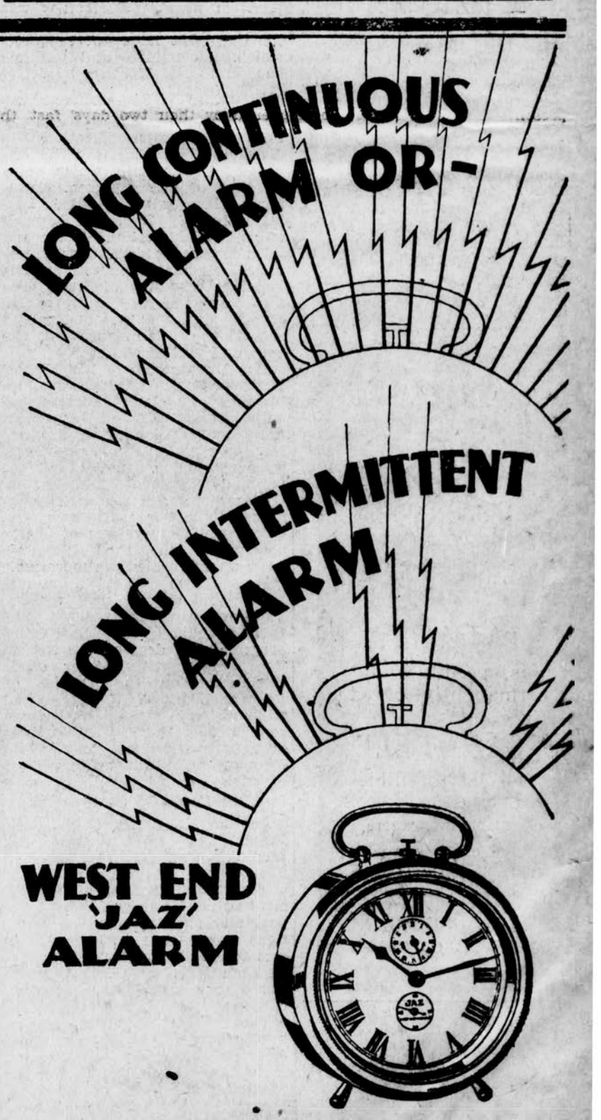

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KISAN BULLETIN

Starving Peasants Of C. P. Selling Their Children!

Agricultural Debt And Production In India ... Kisans Assert Their Rights ... Famine And Repression In Several Provinces

The following All-India Kisan Bulletin has been issued on behalf of the All-India Kisan Committee.

The following paras are culled from the Newsletter issued by the Foreign Department of the A. I. C. C.:—

"The total value of agricultural produce of the country for the pre-depression years has been computed at well over Rs. 10 milliard, while during the years of crisis it fell so low as a little over Rs. 5.5 milliard. No considerable improvement has been effected, nor are its signs noticeable. As over 70 per cent of the population, that is, over 250 million men, are dependent on the produce of agriculture, the average annual income per head works out at Rs. 40 for the pre-crisis and Rs. 22 for the post-crisis years. The actual income of the vast peasant masses is very much below this average, for over a quarter of the total agricultural produce is sliced out to the State, the landlord and the moneylender. The Indian Peasant lives to-day on less than Rs. 2 per month."

The number of landless labourers, according to the Census of 1931, has increased from 291 in 1921 to 407 of every 1,000 cultivators. So has total rural indebtedness almost doubled from round Rs. 9 milliard in 1929 to Rs. 16 milliard to-day, thereby burdening the peasant with a debt principle three times his annual income."

MILITANT KISANS.

On the Kisan Day—1st September about 250 Kisans of Betul district surrounded the Cutchery (Court) and requested the Tehsildar to start some relief works to give them employment and bread. But nothing was done for a whole week.

On September 8th, about 2,000 Kisans of Tehsil Multai (Beitul Dt.) marched to the Cutchery to present their complaints before the Deputy Commissioner. They waited for his arrival for four hours.

A mass meeting of the unemployed kisans was then held under the presidentship of a lawyer, Mr. Koranue, and the Kisans and their friends stressed the following facts in the course of the meeting:—

(1) Thousands of Kisans had been living exclusively on jungle vegetables, fruits and leaves and the Tahsildar knew it.

(2) One Kashta Meher of Mangona stated that his 8 year old son had died literally of hunger, pining for food in his last moments. He had been selling firewood for a few pice with which he bought a little grain and mixed it with leaves for dinner. Tears ran down the cheeks of the people as they listened to this graphic account.

(3) Sjt. Biharilal Patil stated that starving Gonds had devoured 14-15 bullocks to appease their hunger. The Kisans had assembled solely with a view to bring their grievance to the notice of the high officials.

(4) A Gond peasant said that his infant had died of hunger for want of milk in the mother's breast and that he and his three remaining children lived on wild plants and leaves.

(5) A blacksmith brought his three sons for sale at the weekly market.

The meeting then adopted resolutions protesting against the apathetic policy of Government and urging it to start relief works immediately.

Later in the day (September 8th) the Kisans were asked by police officers to disperse and threatened with arrests. Some were taken in custody and released later.

As the crowd persisted at the Cutchery overnight, about 40 Kisans were given some work on September 9th and though weakened by their two days' fast, they put in good work and earned a few coppers.

Finally the mass pressure of these 2000 starving Kisans compelled the Deputy Commissioner to go to Monje Pattan to inquire into the grievances on the spot, and found not a particle of grain in all the village huts except one. The official saw with his own eyes how the village folk lived on plants and leaves. When they were asked why they had marched to the Cutchery they replied that it was sheer hunger that drove them there.

Similar stories of peasants' sufferings and demonstrations received from Wardha, Amraoti, Nagpur, Daryapur, Chandur and other areas in the Central Provinces, should serve to focus all attention on the sovereign problem of land and hunger in the province.

It is indeed high time that millions of the poorest and starving peasants of C.P., were organised in Kisan Sabhas on class lines like their neighbours of U.P., and Bihar independently of zamindars and malguzars if they were to carry their struggle for land and bread to a victorious conclusion.

ACQUIRING PEASANTS' LANDS IN DECCAN

Rains have miserably failed over large areas in Maharashtra and Karnatak provinces of the Bombay Presidency. Government have now officially declared a state of 'scarcity' in Ahmednagar district and admitted the failure of Kharif crops in Sholapur and Bijapur and parts of Poona and Nasik districts. Acute distress faces the village folk and their cattle in hundreds of affected villages.

Instead of concentrating all its attention on the supreme need of giving the best relief to th aggrieved people, Government appear to have approved a scheme which would mean that some of the unfortunate folk will have to give up their ancestral lands.

In 1923, the erection of the Tata Hydro Electric Works led the compulsory sale by thousands of peasants of their fertile lands. The same thing happened in Ahmednagar district when Government acquired vast areas of lands for the Belapur Sugar Syndicate and the Maharashtra Sugar Syndicate. And now Government propose to help the Maharashtra Syndicate to buy peasants' lands for laying new trolly-line for the transport of sugar cane.

About 1,000 peasants hailing from several villages met last week to protest against the proposed acquisition of land. The meeting resolved to send a deputation to see the Collector on the subject and to start a Peasants' Union under the leadership of Mr. V. M. Bhuskute and other Kisan leaders.

REVENUE AGITATION IN PUNJAB.

The new sliding scales of land revenue assessment now being imposed on Liyalpur district are agitating the minds of the peasants. Some of their leaders have presented their grievances to the Punjab Governor, but in vain. Then they met Prof. N. G. Ranga at Simla and hope to inaugurate an intensive campaign against the new unjust revenue imposed.

With this end in view a Mazdur-Kisan Conference will be held on 26—27 September in Tehsil Jadanwalla under the presidentship of Com. Muzaffar Ahmed of Bengal.

KISAN REFRESSION IN BENGAL.

The Bengal Kisan Workers' Conference which met recently at Calcutta appointed the Bengal Kristak Committee to organise the Kisan Movement in the Province and adopted a series of Peasants' demand on the lines settled by the All-India Kisan Committee.

Further, the conference demanded the repeal of all repressive laws and the release of all Kisan and working class prisoners. In particular the conference protested against the various official attempts to sabotage the peasant movement in Comilla, expressed its regard for the five peasants who were shot dead in leading Hashabad peasants demanded the removal of the bans on the Tippera district's peasants and Workers' Committees, and condemned the use of section 144 and the Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act to restrain several peasant workers.

The conference passed important resolutions to save the peasants from the horrors of famine, excessive canal charges and exploitation by zamindars and moneylenders.

The conference also resolved that though jute the monopoly of Bengal holds a special position in the present economic system, the root cause of the extreme poverty of the jute agriculturists lies in the deprivation of a great part of their product by Jute Brokers'. The conference further demanded the appointment of a National Board consisting of the representatives of Government and the producers safeguard their interests.

400 KISANS SENTENCED IN N. W. F. P.

On September 22 about 400 Kisans were sentenced to fines varying from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 under section 71 of the Canal Act. Some were sentenced to imprisonment. It appears that the Kisans refused to pay the rates as they were not supplied with sufficient water.

A 'Jatha' of about 3,000 peasants is reported to be marching from Astore (Frontier District) towards Shrinagar to lay their grievances regarding the new forest regulations before the Maharaja of Kashmir.

INSURANCE FOR POOR MAN

Bombay Co-operative Assurance Society Does Notable Work

The annual report of Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society founded by Divan Bahadur Hiralal L. Kaji shows steady satisfactory progress in all directions. While during the Co-operative year 1934-35 (a year of fifteen months from 1-4-34 to 30-6-35) the number of policies issued was 1,432 of the total value of Rs. 10,27,500, the number of policies issued during the period of twelve months of the Co-operative year 1935-36 ending 30th June 1936 is 1,891 of the total value of Rs. 13,19,050 at the end of Co-operative year 1935-36 ending with 30th June. Whereas the Society enrolled 1,402 new members during the previous year of 15 months, this year the number of members enrolled in 1831.

The main object of the Society is to reach the smaller man and particularly, the smaller man in the rural areas. Life Insurance has not hitherto made any very great headway in the rural areas mainly due to widespread illiteracy and all pervading fatalism among the rural population who have yet to learn to previse and provide. Yet the work of the Society on the whole has been quite satisfactory. Out of 4,927 policies issued uptil now policies below Rs. 500 amount to 990, those between Rs. 500 and Rs. 1,000 amount to 2,321 while those over Rs. 1,000 amount only to 1,616. These small policies of Rs. 500 and under without medical examination are rather risky. Many insurance companies do not cater for such policies. This risk, however, has been minimised by the Society by adequate safeguards under actuarial advice. There is a complaint against our ratio of expenses.

Now that Land Mortgage Banks have been established in the Presidency for supplying long term finance to agriculturists importance of insurance in case of members of Land Mortgage Banks becomes increasingly clear. The Secretaries hope and trust that they will be able to push on the gospel of insurance amongst them both in their as well as Bank's interest.

RE-DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION

What A Wise Dictator Would Do

LONDON (By Air Mail).

A "wise dictator with full powers" would have transplanted a million people from Great Britain, and would have used British credit to establish them in productive work in the new lands of the Empire, declared Sir Henry Page Croft, M.P., in a speech at Bournemouth.

We did not want a dictator for the British Empire, he said, but the greatest need of the Empire to-day was redistribution of populations. The question was above party, but demanded the best brains of all sections of the people.

"Certain nations far less crowded than Great Britain are clamouring for further space. Unless we occupy our territories where white men can prosper this urge on the part of foreign Powers will ultimately overwhelm us."

ROOM IN THE DOMINIONS.

Great scope for development was offered by the Dominions, which could absorb at least fifty million people in the next fifty years, if British credit stood behind them.

Since the War, through unemployment benefit and relief, we had spent approximately £1,500,000,000 in keeping people from starvation and maintaining them in idleness.

Had half that sum been spent on Empire development and settlement our unemployment would have been now solved.—Reuter.

MUNISHRI MISHRILALJI'S FAST

Some Reflections

Mr. P. N. Mohile writes:—

While a major part of the Jain community of Bombay—especially the Sthanakvasi Jain community—has been deeply stirred by the fasts undertaken by one of their Sadhus, Munishri Mishrilalji, non-Jains appear to take very little interest in this question. Most of the Jains perforce have some predilections and prejudices in the matter. The opinion of non-Jains in the matter should, therefore, be of great interest to every body, especially to the Jains themselves, for it will enable them to view themselves as 'others view them.'

From the modern point of view, the contention of Munishri for a fundamental unity of the different sects and the cessation of petty quarrels which has led to much disunity amongst the rank of the Jains of India (the most recent is the Gondiji Derasar Celebration incident that led to a communal clash amongst the Jains themselves) is something that everyone must respect and grant. It is an ideal worth striving for and that the Munishri has had the courage of his convictions is something that deserves the respect and admiration of even a non-Jain. Munishri's fight, therefore, so far as this fundamental factor is concerned—apart from all the details of doctrine of which we non-Jains know nothing—appears to be thoroughly justified.

But there is the other side of the question that has to be considered. Agelong habits of thought and age-old ideas of religion, all these cannot be given up in a day. A fast undertaken for the purpose of drawing the attention of those concerned to the matter—and stopping as soon as this had occurred, would be perfectly justified. But one that demands that the opinions of the faster be adopted by a whole community before the faster gives up his fast,—strikes us non-Jains as something very little short of moral tyranny. Does Munishri seriously think that even if the Sangh to-day gave in to his opinions, the Jain community as a whole would heartily adopt his path? If so then it is open for him to capture the Sangh and get his point of view accepted. If not then surely the view-point of a minority cannot be justifiably forced upon the majority, by this sort of moral force. In such a case as Mahatma Gandhi himself has often expressed it 'this kind of moral pressure become worse and more sinful than physical or brute force.'

From what we hear amongst the educated Jains of the day, however, it seems that Swamiji goes even a degree further. He refuses to compromise so much so that the efforts of such distinguished persons as the Mayor of Bombay have failed to have the least effect. This sort of obstinacy is to put it mildly, very unbecoming in a Muni, who is supposed to have risen above all sense of 'Ahankar' and the results are likely to be beneficial to neither of the parties concerned. I do not think that even the younger generation of Jains—while they heartily agree with the end Munishri has in view, support the peculiar means that Swamiji has adopted to realise the end in view. From what I gather from my talks with my young Jain friends, they would rather see Munishri accept an honourable compromise now—and continue his agitation inside the Sangh for further reforms.

The younger generation of Jains look up to Munishri as one likely to help them to realise their reformed religious ideals. Most of the ideas which I hear Munishri wants to be adopted, are being quietly and unobtrusively adopted by the younger generation, who have seen the folly and meaninglessness of some of the old doctrines. The younger generation of Jains have very little to do with the petty quarrels that have disgraced the Jain community now and then, and against which Munishri has brought the moral force of his fast to bear. It is merely a question of time, for all that Munishri wants to become a solid reality. And thus coming from within the community by a natural evolutionary process, the reform is likely to be more permanent and lasting than if forced upon the community from without. Under these circumstances Munishri should as a practical reformer immediately agree to an honourable compromise, for while it is good to die for an idea it is often more difficult and glorious to live and work for it.

I suggest that the Jain community and Munishri Mishrilalji agree to the arbitration of this question by Mahatma Gandhi, and avoid and end once for all a situation which while it is painful to both sides and reflects credit upon neither only brings the fine and venerable Jain religion into public ridicule. Every non-Jain will agree with me when I heartily wish that both the parties see the truth of this contention and seriously settle down to end once for all this far from creditable affair of the fast that seems to lead nowhere except to a public ridicule of the respectable religion of Buddha the Enlightened One.

WHITE SLAVE TERROR

"Stolen Bride" Custom As Cloak For Kidnappers

The disappearance of large numbers of girls and women is causing alarm in two countries—Yugoslavia and Turkey. Details are given in the following Reuter messages:

VETLED WOMEN CARRIED OFF

BELGRADE:—An enormous increase in the white slave traffic has been marked by the disappearanc eo flarge numbers of women and girls from Bosnia.

Many of them belong to the Moslem section of the population and are heavily veiled. This makes it easy for them to be smuggled away without immediately calling attention to the fact, so that the "thieves" have time to make a good escape with their human booty.

The old custom of the district whereby young men 'stole' the girls of their choice by force from their families, is also being exploited by the white-slavers.

A band of youths armed with guns and sticks seize pretty young girls as they fetch water from the well in the evening and carry them off as though to marry them.

But instead of the girl sending word in a few days' time to inform her family that she is safely married to some youth of the neighbourhood, nothing is ever heard of her again. Many of the young girls now being carried off have suffered this fate.

A determined effort to stamp out the traffic is being made by the police, who have effected several arrest.

"GIRL KIDNAPPING" SWEEPS COUNTRY.

ISTANBUL:—An epidemic of 'girl kidnapping' is sweeping Turkey, and the authorities are seriously alarmed.

Hardly a day passes without the police of some district being notified that a girl, usually of attractive appearance and aged between 15 and 18, has disappeared from her parents' house.

In one case a girl of 16 is alleged to have been carried off by a farmer with the help of some hired 'roughs'. The girl's brother set off to rescue her as soon as he learned of her plight and eventually overtook the kidnappers. He immediately opened fire on them, killing the farmer and seriously wounding his three confederates.—Reuter.

LODHRA

UTERINE TONIC

A BOON TO WOMEN

Menstrual Disorders of all kinds; Painful Menstruation; Irregular and Absence or Suppression of Menses; Whites; Inflammation, Displacement and falling of Uterus; Sterility; Hysteria; Unhealthy colour of the discharge; Scanty or Excessive flow; and a host of other disorders peculiar to women are cured by

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It is indisputable that the principal cause of many diseases is the condition of the blood. And as a matter of fact, impure blood, which, instead of renovating the organs through which it passes, keeps the tissues saturated with poisons is a sure source of many ills.

When a good depurative is needed to rid the blood of its impurities, a strong alterative to regenerate the organs, a purifier to combat pimples, blotches and other skin diseases, doctors prescribe

BRISTOL'S *Sarsaparilla*

The favorite depurative of four generations

1936

OUR VALUATION YEAR

Take a BOMBAY LIFE Policy now, and share in the profits

Bonus declared in 1933. Rs. 18 Per thousand per year on Endowment Assurances.

RECORD OF BONUSES ALLOTTED

Whole Life Assurances. Rs.	Year.	Endowment Assurances. Rs.
10	1922	10
15	1925	12-8
20	1930	15
23	1933	18

Per thousand per year

Bonus declared in 1933. Rs. 23 Per thousand per year on Whole Life Assurances.

For particulars of special or standard plans of your policy

Write to Manager,

BOMBAY LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. (Estd. 1908)

"BOMBAY LIFE BUILDING", 45-47, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH 6 POINTS UP

Reaction In Bullion But Wheat Firm

BOMBAY, Sept. 29.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled quiet with minor changes.

NEW YO.K COTTON FIRM.

New York cotton was moderately active on reports of crop damage in the western belt. The closing tone was firm.

REACTION IN BULLION.

London gold and silver reacted a little.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm on bullish world wheat outlook. Rubber was slightly higher but jute was easy.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST.

The London Stock Exchange displayed considerable activity on better enquiry. Giltedged securities were in fair request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, Sept. 29.

Previous closing	12.07
To-day's opening	12.16
Difference	+.09
To-day's closing	12.15
Difference	+08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, Sept. 29.

Previous closing	6.63
To-day's opening	6.62
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.63
Difference	nil

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May Rs. 219-8

NEW YORK COTTON

MARCH 1937.

New York Sept. 29.

Previous closing	11.98
To-day's opening	12.01
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	12.04
Difference	+.06

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Sept. 29.

To-day's opening	5.56
To-day's closing	6.59

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept. 29.

Cotton was moderately active to-day on scattered trade and foreign buying influenced by reports of crop damage in the western belt while indications of no change in crop estimates since September also imparted steadiness to the market but general enquiry was rather slow with monetary developments abroad restricting operations and prices moving narrowly.

Operations in March commenced at 12.01 i.e. 3 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on steadier Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by reports of crop damage but subsequently prices gave way under pressure of hedging with March declining to 11.99.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.15 with a rise of 8 points for October delivery and at 12.04 with a rise of 6 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 29.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (12.05/12.04) 12.16/12.14
December (11.99/11.98) 12.03/12.02
January (11.99/11.96) 12.01/12.01

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 29.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.65) 6.65
American December (6.59) 6.59
Egyptian October (10.12) 10.03
Egyptian November (10.12) 10.03

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 29.

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept. 29.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£200 buyers £200 1/4 sellers. Very steady) £200 1/2 buyers £201 sellers. Irregular.

Lead (£17 13/16 buyers £17 15/16 sellers. Steady) £18 1/16 buyers £18 1/8 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£44 to £44 1/2) £44 to £44 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11 3/4

Indian Pekoe higher (1-5 3/4) 1-2 3/4

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-0 1/2) 2-0 1/2

JUTE

New Crop September October (£17 7/16 sellers) £17 1/4 paid and sellers.

Dunlop Sept. (£19 3/4) £19 3/4 sellers.

Lightning September (£18 1/2) £18 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 11/16 paid and sellers) 7 3/4 buyers

Forward (7 11/16 paid and sellers) 7 3/4 paid and value.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept. 29.

Previous closing	4.94 9/16
To-day's opening	4.95 1/4
To-day's rate (at the time of New York cotton closing)	4.95 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 29.

Previous closing	4.93 11/16
To-day's opening	4.93 3/4
To-day's closing	4.95 3/8
Difference	+.01 11/16

FRANC RATE

London, Sept. 29.

Previous closing	76.50
To-day's opening	unquoted.
To-day's closing	unquoted.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 29.

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.93 3/4 and then eased to 4.93 3/8 on lack of support Franc was unquoted.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.95 3/8.

SILVER CABLES

London, Sept. 29.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and China sold. Speculators small buyers. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 29.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	20 1/16d.	19 3/4d.
Forward	20 1/16d.	19 3/4d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 29.

Gold per fine ounce (£7-0-9) £7-0-7

DISCOUNTS

London, Sept. 29.

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Sept. 29.

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.80 5/8) no dealing
New York on Bombay (37.50) 37.45
Berlin on Bombay (0.94 5/8) 0.92 7/8
London on Milan (64.46) no dealing
London on Shanghai (1-2 5/16) 1-2 11/32
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 29.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.14 1/2. Prices advanced on scattered buying and good outside demand influenced by bullishness of the world wheat outlook.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool Sept. 29.

Liverpool, wheat opened steady with October at 9s 3/4 and December 9s 5/8. The market was fairly active on scattered buying influenced by improved outside cables.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 29.

11-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	49 10 0
Silver 1st settlement	49 10 0
Silver 2nd settlement	49 11 0
Gold ready	34 13 0
Gold 1st settlement	34 13 0
Gold 2nd settlement	34 12 9
Sovereigns	22 0 6

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay Sept-Oct. (£13 1/16 sellers) £12 15/16 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta Sept-Oct. (£13 3/4 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata Sept. (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 3/4 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal October (£14 3/8 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January 1937	5 8 3
Wheat May 1937	5 1 0
Linseed May 1937	7 4 6

Wheat and linseed quiet.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 29.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 3/4 as against the previous closing at £99

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 29.

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally displayed brighter sentiment. Business was broadening. Giltedgeds recovered sharply. Foreign bonds were irregular. Industrials were generally firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£84 5/8) £84 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107) £107 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 5/8) £109 5/8

5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 Ex Div.) £116 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107) £106 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/8) £115 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 3/8) £4 3/8

Hydro Electric (dol 7 3/8) dol 7 5/8

Musical Industries (21-6) 21-6

Princhin Johnson (49-0) 49-0

Imperial Chemical (40-3) 40-3

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-10) 1/2) 9-10 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (148-3) 148-3

Realisation 1930 (£92 1/2) £92 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (39-0) 38-6

Ford Motors (33-6) 33-6

Cables and Wireless (.£6) £6 1/8

British American Tobacco (121-10 1/2) 126-3

Carreas A (£9 7/8) £9 7/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (167 1/2) 167 1/2

P and O S N Company Defd (27-4 1/2) 27-4 1/2

Distillers (106-10 1/2) 106-10 1/2

Bredford Dyers (8-0) 8-0

British Celanese (10-9) 10-4 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (53-0) 53-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (53-1 1/2) 53-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-4 1/2) 8-4 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (35-0) 35-0

Inter Nickels (.£62 1/4) £61 3/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (8-0) 8-4 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 29.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99) £98 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£117) £116 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£119 1/2) £119

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£111) £111

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£112 1/8) £112 3/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (19-0) 18-6

Donaro Tea (45-0) 45-0

Empire of India Ceylon (28-6) 27-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (30-9) 30-9

Gula Kelampong (28-9) 28-9

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-0) 32-0

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (60-0) 60-0

Burma Corporation (10-7 1/2) 10-6

Rio Tintos (£16 3/4) £16 3/4

East Rand Proprietors (69-3) 69-6

Rand Imam (£8 1/2) £8 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/4) £14 1/2

Gedale New (£9 3/4) £9 7/8

New Modders (40-0) 40-0

Sub Nigel (£11 1/4) £11 3/4

Spring Mines Split Shares (38-1 1/2) 39-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (45-0) 46-10 1/2

Anglo Iranian (93-1 1/2) 93-1 1/2

Burma Oil (101-10 1/2) 102-6

Mexican Eagle (26-7 1/2) 27-4 1/2

Shell Transport (109 3/8) 111

Royal Dutch (£38) £38 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Royal Western (£57 3/4) £58

L and S Ordinary (£29) £29

L N E R Defd (£6 3/8) £6 3/8

Southern Dutch (£24) £24 5/8

London Paris 5 per cent (£135 3/4) £135 1/2

London Transport "C" Stock (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 29.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 69 3/8) dol 69 3/4

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39 3/8) dol 39 1/8

U S Steel Common (dol 71) dol 70 3/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 139 3/8) unquoted.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Rs. a. p.
Java ready	13 7 6
September shipment	3 9 0
October-December shipment	3 10 0
Jan-Mar. shipment	3 9 6
Kesar ready	13 0 0
Saraya ready	13 0 0

Spot firm.

The first major activity in the programme adopted in Bombay by the Indian Coffee Cess Committee is now in progress with the opening of "India Coffee House," in Churchgate Street. Here coffee is served in the cup and demonstrations of roasting, grinding and making are given. Full information on anything pertaining to coffee is available to both the trade and the public.

NEW INDIAN SHIPPING SERVICE TO EUROPE

Mr. Walchand Condemns Govt. Apathy

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

Seth Walchand Hirachand, who has been here to discuss with the authorities his scheme for an Indian-owned shipping service to Europe, says in the course of Press statement. The scheme is materialising in-as-much as a new company has been registered recently with an authorised capital of rupees ten crores to run fast passenger service between Bombay and Europe. It is proposed to have a regular fast service with luxurious modern liners equipped with all amenities which modern travel demands and which the latest ship-building technique can provide.

SPEED OF 24 KNOTS.

The ships would have a normal speed of 24 knots as against twenty knots of the fastest ship run at present and would specially cater for Indian clientele which is on increase year by year but whose needs have been neglected all these years.

GOVERNMENT'S APATHY.

"While I was in Europe last year" continued Mr. Walchand, "I formulated a scheme for such a service which was examined and met with the approval of experts and authorities in the line. On my return to India I forwarded the scheme for the consideration of the Government of India and for a little assistance with a view to safeguard the venture from the opposition of vested interests. Although I have by now considerable experience of the apathy, if not hostility, of the Government towards Indian industries, whenever they conflict with British interests I hoped my constructive concrete proposal would receive something more than scant consideration at the hands of the Government in view of past declarations of sympathy for the development of Indian shipping in the Overseas trade of India. I was extremely disappointed though not surprised that even my modest proposal for some State help to Indian efforts to participate in India's overseas trade did not receive favourable consideration.

INDIAN SHIPPING AND INDIAN OVERSEA TRADE.

In regard of volume and value of India's foreign trade Indian shipping is entitled to a substantial share of it but the position to-day is that the share Indian shipping in its own foreign trade is absolutely nil.

THEIR FEAR.

Whatever excuses authorities might give for refusing any help to an incipient national enterprise I cannot but feel that the real reason is their fear that any such development of Indian shipping would react disastrously on those non-Indian enterprises which are fattening to-day under Indian patronage and at expense of the Indian taxpayer.

AID TO BRITISH SHIPPING.

I would draw the attention in this connection to the impending Indo-British Trade Negotiations and trust that since British goods find a market in India and since shipping freight constitutes an important item of the annual drain from India the use of Indian shipping in any Trade Agreement with Britain would be insisted upon as was the case in the Anglo-Soviet Trade Agreement of 1934.

Apart from the freight on merchandise, British shipping receives financial aid from the Indian exchequer not only in the shape of a subsidy for the carriage mails and parcels but also in respect of Lee passage concessions amounting to nearly fifty-five lakhs of rupees a year, apart from the freight on Government stores etc. Government have also asked all local bodies to import this requirement in Empire shipping which only means British shipping. If our Government had the slightest regard for public sentiment or were actuated by national policy such forms of director indirect assistance would exclusively be reserved for Indian enterprises. Even as it is there is nothing to prevent Government giving preference in these matters to an Indian venture if they are sincere in implementing their policy and fulfilling their oft-repeated pledges. I trust Government will not exhaust their imagination in finding one excuse after another for putting off constructive schemes, but will forthwith take action to assist early adequate participation of Indian shipping in overseas trade.

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Coals Less Active And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Sept. 29.

Jutes were easier with limited turnover. Coals displayed less activity. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous iron and steels continued fully steady while others were unchanged. Government securities were easier. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Three per cent loan 1951/54 103/10 small lot, three and a half per cent Government Paper 98/14, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 107/9, four per cent loan 1943 111/13, four per cent loan 1960/70 115/12 small lot. four and a half per cent loan 1955/60 119/12, five per cent loan 1940/43 111/12, five per cent loan 1945/55 121/4 small lots, five per cent loan 1939/44 108/14 small lot, five and a half per cent loan 1938/40 107/14, three per cent U.P. bonds 1961/66 100/2.

Banks:—Central Bank 34/2, Reserve Bank 137/8 small lot.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan ord 38/8 ex div. Darjeeling Himalayan pref 111 ex div. Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar guaranteed 99. Sara Serajganj 101.

Coals:—Burrakur 13/2 ex div. Katras Jherriah 20/4.

Jutes:—Adamjee 12/6, Alexandra 164 small lots, Barnagore 141, Dalhousie 308 small lots, Ft. Gloster 498 small lots, Gondalpara 317/8, Howrah 54/4, Kamarhatty 508, Reliance 71/8.

Miscellaneous:—Muttra electric 11/10, Bengal Iron and steel 12/9, Calcutta safe deposit 1/6 premium small lots, Bengal Paper 104.

Sugars:—Champaran 21/14, Samastipore 8/2.

Teas:—Myang tea seed 9/12, Maud tea 12.

Debentures:—Six per cent 1916/21/56 Associated Hotels 107, six per cent 1933/37/47, Bengal Paper 104/8—A.P.

STOCK EXCHANGE IRREGULAR

Wall Street Mostly Upward

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Sept. 29.

The Stock Exchange was quieter and irregular, operators being disposed to await reopening of the Paris Bourse before extending their commitments.

Among commodities wheat was firmer on unfavourable Australian weather and then reacted on professional liquidation. Rubber was firmer on American purchases following the ease of sterling and the bullish interpretation of the postponement decision at to-day's committee meeting.

On foreign exchanges guilders were easy and then firmer on the repatriation of Netherlands funds but forward discounts were heavy. Swiss francs were easier but Premia were quoted for forward delivery. Dollars were easier on control selling and reichsmarks were easier in expectation of possible German readjustment.

Wall Street was narrowly irregular but mostly upward.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6)

Widener Memorial. It is called after the eldest grandson of one of America's richest men. Harry Widener was a scholar as well as a millionaire's son. Before he was twenty-seven he had made his name as a book-collector. Then in April 1912 he sailed from England in the Titanic. He had with him an excessively rare volume of "Bacon's Essays", which he had bought in London. Harry Widener went down with his rarest volume in his pocket. He left his other books to Harvard. His mother gave the magnificent building which now houses them and the rest of Harvard's books.

A Brain Specialist.

Dr. Harvey Cuhshing, America's foremost brain specialist and neurological surgeon, has always kept exhaustive records of his cases.

His war-time experiences provided him with a nine-volume diary, Extracts from this appear now as "From a Surgeon's Journal, 1915-1918." A record of more purely technical interest which Dr. Cushing has kept for many years is his "Brain Tumour "Registry." By his remarkable surgical skill he has elucidated the nature and position of many tumours which can effect the brain. He extended the surgical use of diathermy in attacking deep-seated tumours, and as a result many cases which used invariably to end in blindness, loss of reasons, or death are now curable surgically.

Filed in steel drawers at New Haven, Connecticut, where he lives, are records of all his brain-tumour operations. Several patients whom he saved left their brains to him in their wills. These are now preserved with the records. His flights across America, and on one occasion to Mexico, to attend important patients, often brought him into the news. But he dislikes publicity, and says little about himself in the book.

The Late Mr. Zaimis

M. Zaimis, the former President of Greece, who has just died, passed gracefully into retirement at the restoration of King George of the Hellenes.

Zaimis had, it is believed, offered to retire earlier in order to avoid embarrassing his old friend, M. Tsaldaris, should the monarchy be restored. He was six times Prime Minister. His father and grandfather also held that office. A member of an ancient family of Achaean squires the Zaimis were one of the "Independence" families. He was cultivated, disinterested and extremely wealthy. His discreet self-effacement at the time of King George's return upset a historical parallel. His father, Thrasyboulos Zaimis, was one of the deputation of three which offered the Crown of Greece to King George's grandfather, George 1., in 1863.

Anti-Espionage Film

The film critics of all Berlin newspapers see considerable topical importance in the film "Traitord," which was shown for the first time in Nuremberg during the Party Congress and in Berlin on September 16.

The film is described by the producers as an "anti-espionage film", and has been pronounced officially "of political value to the State." The critic of the "Nachtausgabe" declares that the film is an appeal to the nation. Germany, he maintains, is surrounded by highly armed States that have spun a net of spies and agents in the country in order to discover German military secrets. It is the duty of every German to acquaint himself with the methods of these foreign agents.

War and Badminton

The ripple of war turmoil radiates to unexpected distant bywaters. Sanctions against Italy made Britain short of lemons and gorgonzola; the Spanish civil war threatens a famine in badminton shuttlecocks, of which Britain uses five millions a year.

The kind of oak which yields the best bark for this purpose in sufficient bulk is cultivated almost exclusively in Spain. Manufacturers, looking ahead, have probably enough to see them through the coming season, which opens in October and continues until March. But the risk of a shortage has been enhanced by the growing popularity of the game in England. Any old cork will not do for shuttlecocks. A particularly close kind, with minute perforations, is essential. The coarser type used for bottling would be unsuitable.

Impregnable Outpost

The assurance Marshal Voroshiloff has given to the inhabitants of Kiev that their city will remain "an impregnable outpost of our great Socialist fatherland" reminds one of the Red Army film shot last yar.

In this Kiev had a very uncomfortable half-hour while the enemy's 'planes were overhead. A dramatic advance of the army under Voroshiloff's command, however, saved the capital of the Ukraine from falling into the hands of the invading "Blues." The film gave one an opportunity of estimating the Marshal's strategic prowess, of which Lenin had a low opinion. On the other hand, it showed him an adept in the art of acting the popular hero. His triumphant progress through the streets of Kiev in a Rolls-Royce would have done credit to Hollywood.

H. G. Wells at 70

On Monday September 21 Mr. H. G. Wells was 70. His tally of years corresponds almost exactly with the number of his published works. It is a wonderful record of industry as well as of genius.

Monday's anniversay was celebrated quietly in his new house in Regent's Park. It is the first London house he has owned. It contains a fine library with some 3000 volumes and two busts of Voltaire, for whom Mr. Wells has always had a deep admiration. His Fellow-authors will celebrate the anniversary on October 13 by a dinner at which he will be the guest of honour. The speakers will include Mr. Bernard Shaw, M. Andre Maurois and Mr. J. B. Priestley.

SATYAMURTI-GRIGG DUEL

Battle Rages Over "Private And Confidential" In Assembly

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

Sir James Grigg proved a little too tough when Mr. Satyamurti tried his cudgels against him today. "I say, I am not going to tell you" cried Sir James during the question hour.

"I say, you must tell me" replied Mr. Satyamurti.

The President then intervened to compose matters, observing that a member of the Government could not be compelled to answer a question.

The tussle arose over the interpellation regarding Sir Sikandar Hyat's resignation from the Reserve Bank.

Sir James refused to disclose the information about what happened at the "private interview" between him and Sir Sikandar Hyat.

The President also supported Sir James Grigg saying that he could not be asked to give 'confidential' information. Thereupon, Mr. Satyamurti argued "private" did not mean "confidential" and Sir James Grigg remarked that in this country, what was private was probably not regarded confidential.

Mr. Satyamurti immediately rose to a point of order that it was an insult to the whole country to say that in India, "private" was not "confidential".

Sir James Grigg explained that the remark was made in humour. Mr. Satyamurti softened at once and answered "that is an apology. I accept it".

A vehement "No Sir" was Sir James Grigg's answer to Mr. Satyamurti's query whether the resignation was accepted in order to help the Unionists of the Punjab.

When further pressed for the reason why the resignation was accepted, Sir James Grigg replied amidst laughter "for two good reasons. One because he wanted to go, and the second, because we cannot stop him".

Earlier during the hour, Sir N. N. Sircar objected to Mr. Satyamurti's question on the ground that it was sarcastic, whereupon Mr. Satyamurti protested "if even a little sarcasm is not allowed, we cannot get on in this House".

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept 28

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Electric Bond Common	23
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	74
Amr Water Works Com	25
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	42
Columbia Gas	20
Int Tel and Tel	13
American Tel and Tel	174
Western Union Telg	87 3/4
Erie Rly	17
New York Central Rly	45 1/2
Northern Pacific Rly	27
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	12
Bethelehem Steel	69
United States Steel	70 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	39 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	60 1/2
Chrysler	124
General Motors	69 1/2
Packard Motor	12
General Electric	45 1/2
Sperry Corp	21
Westinghouse Airbrake	44
Socony	13 3/4
Du Pont de Nemours	163
National Dairy	25
Chase Bank	46 1/2
National City Bank	41 1/2
Amr Car Foundry	51

Market steady firm. Motors strong.

eneral Buying In Cotton

Reports Of Crop Damage In Texas

cal Prices Very Attractive

BOMBAY, September 29.

tton prices in the local market, Broach A/M at Rs. 219 as red with New York and Liverpool are very attractive. Strad- ference between April/May Broach and May Liverpool is 148 or Rs. 65.

UNDED RUMOURS

ome interested parties are spreading rumours that Japan may ciate the yen. This belief is out of place as three impor- powers have come to an agreement and with the present un- alued currency in Japan, it will not be allowed to exploit fo- markets. Thus Bombay prices are the cheapest and it will dvantageous to buy cotton in the local market is oversold.

AVOURABLE RAINS IN TEXAS

Excessive rains are reported in Texas which are deteriorating ity and checking crop movement. There was general buying prices recorded a further rise of about 14 points.

REASED CONSUMPTION OF COTTON

Monetary developments are decidedly bullish. It is impossible have full effect in the near future pending definite indications future currency relation but the move is constructive and will e steady end last effect. Cotton being in international commo- will be the first to share the favourable effect and stability of tinental countries is bound to increase consumption of raw on.

BSTANTIAL RISE IN STORE

We look for a substantial rise later in the season and expect tton to reach 14 cent level as the statistical position is very rong and we think it safe to buy cotton at present prices and on recessions.

he New York cotton market a constructive interpretation the international develop- nts and finished distinctly gher despite a partial reaction fter the closure of foreign mar- kets.

The market opened very steady nd active early on higher Liver- ool cables and heavy general ins and colder conditions in the rn, together with active buying but prices later partially on realising and selling. New outside de- was moderate with buyers off for the peak of the ent although rains are d to check picking which ffect the quantity and qua- he crop. The market lied again on private re- of crop damage in Texas tive textile demand. General buying ensued and rket closed very steady. market opened at a rise of nts with March 11.95 and her rise of 4 points was d witn October 11.99 which was the higher level. Later prices declined 10 points from the high- st level and October was quoted 1.89. The market again improv- and closed at a rise of 14 to points. Spot cotton prices closed a rise of 13 points at 12.47c. r lb

S. Weather Forecast

rn: Occasional showers
al: Thunder showers
ern: Cloudy and cooler

NEW ORLEANS COTTON MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures rket was fairly steady and clos- at a rise of 8 points. At Spot ton prices advanced 8 points at 6c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool cotton futures ket opened steady at a rise of nts with March 6.56 The t ruled steady Monetary ar- ement and heavy rains in homa and Texas engendered dence. Fresh speculative was offset by occasional g and profit taking. Later eased on Bombay and Ame- selling. Later improvement pathy with New York met g. The market closed at a 4 points. Middling Ame- pot cotton prices advanced s at 6.95d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

Indian cotton futures mar- as steady and closed at a 4 points. At the close was quoted 5.46, January d March 5.44.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

tian cotton futures market quiet but steady and Sakels closed 5 points down but were 3 to 4 points ... EXANDRIA M... se. Alexandria ... futures was steady ... sed at f 17 to 2...

PRIVATE CABLES

ork: March Highest 11.99 10-8 a.m.) Lowest 11.89 12-5 p.m.)
l: March Highest 6.58 Lowest 6.55 plus 03.
Drennan & Co., have the following cables Reiss Bros, Liver...l!
...etary dev...

Messrs. Orvis Bros. & Co., New York cable:—

Excessive rains in the Western Belt. Good business in dry goods. Active European and some outside buying. Market is acting well.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach & Co., New York cable:—

Constructive interpretation placed on monetary developments. Very heavy rains reported West of the Mississippi checking movement with quality deteriorating. Active demand for spot cotton and cotton goods. We favour purchases on all reactions, as a substantial advance later in the season is likely.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Steady market. Hedge selling offset by trade calling and speculative-buying on good American cables. Bullish. General buying encouraged by favourable interpretation of monetary situation and reports of heavy damaging rains in Texas. Advance owing to predicted light crop movement and too much rain in the Western Belt. Temperature is falling. Daily sales of "hedges" are readily absorbed. Prevailing opinion is that the outlook is favourable.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

Liverpool: Economic change stimulative increase continental consumption cotton entire international trade situation will improve stop believe dollar will ultimately move to at least old parity sterling strongly favour purchases Liverpool.

Liverpool: Currency alignment generally regarded stop towards improvement international trade immediate markets difficult pending definite indication future currency relation but think very constructive and bullish long run stop latest weather news heavy rains Texas adverse crop.

Liverpool: Feel bullish market general sterling realignment currency looks like stronger dollars relative effect bullish here.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 28

October	12.07+13
December	12.00+12
January	12.00+14
March	11.98+14
May	11.94+13
July	11.83+09
Middling Spot	12.47+13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept 28

October	12.01+08
December	11.96+08
January	11.95+09
Middling Spot	12.36+08

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 28

F G F SAKELLARIDIS	
October	10.07
November	10.07
January	9.78
March	9.57
May	9.37
July	9.19
August	9.19
Middling Spot	10.32

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 28

BROACH	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.66
Fine (Good staple)	5.81
Superfine (Good staple)	5.96
OOMRA	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.67
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.82
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.97
BENGAL	
Good	4.56
Fully Good	4.66
Fine	4.78

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept 29

Following a rise of 13 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/12 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 219/4 on scattered buying. Later, there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 218/12. The market was quiet but steady at this level awaiting Liverpool advices.

The Liverpool market was due to open to-day at a rise of one point and the market opened at a rise of one point and later was reported unchanged. Business in the local market was quiet and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 218/12. The market closed at 3-0 p.m. as under:

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M	218	4	0
Oomra D/J	195	4	0
Bengal D/J	155	4	0

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 26th September	781
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	24,018
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	27,128
Decrease	—3,110

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 161 January 158 May 152 at Cross Rate 4.94 9/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 219/8 Liverpool May 6.53 Rs. 65 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 219/8 New York May 11.94 Rs. 49 at Cross Rate 4.94 9/16

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Sept 28

Broach A/M 1937 opening 220 3/4; highest 220 3/4; lowest 219 1/4; closing 219 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 195 1/2; highest 195 3/4; lowest 195; closing 195

Bengal D/J opening 156 1/4; highest 156 1/2; lowest 155 3/4; closing 155 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M settlement (21-10-36) Rs. 7 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 19 1/2

Karachi Markets

Karachi, Sept 28

Following are to-day's closing quotations for local markets.

Cotton Sind January	Rs.	18	4 3
Punjab January	Rs.	16	10 6
4-F American January	Rs.	23	10 0
Tone was quiet.			
Wheat July	Rs.	26	7 0
September	Rs.	29	5 0
October	Rs.	29	4 9
November	Rs.	29	12 9
Market was steady.			
Toria February	Rs.	37	10 0
September	Rs.	39	12 0
November	Rs.	40	1 0
December	Rs.	40	3 0
Gram July	Rs.	21	3 0
September	Rs.	20	2 3
October	Rs.	20	2 3
November	Rs.	20	11 9
Cottonseeds January	Rs.	16	13 3
September	Rs.	16	14 6

Burma Corporation Ltd.

BAWDWIN MINE

The Chinaman Lode No. 3 Level has been crosscut

East at 603 feet South exposing Ft. of Ore 4 1/4; Silver p. ton 12.9 ozs; Lead 1.4 per cent; Zinc 2.3 per cent; Copper 4.6 per cent.

Ft. of Ore 2 3/4;. Silver p. ton 7.8 ozs; Lead 8.4 per cent; Zinc 12.5 per cent; Copper nil.

East at 673 feet South exposing Ft. of Ore 18; Silver p. ton 9.6 ozs; Lead 11.4 per cent; Zinc 11.3 per cent; Copper nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 28

September	6.68+04
October	6.63+04
November	6.59+04
December	6.58+04
January	6.58+04
February	6.57+04
March	6.56+04
April	6.54+04
May	6.52+04
June	6.49+04
July	6.46+04
August	6.31+04
September	6.22
Middling Spot	6.95+06
to-day's 10-12 a.m. quotations	
October	6.64
January	6.57

NEW YORK

New York, Sept 28

10-30 a.m.	
October	12.06
December	11.99
January	11.99
NOON CALL	
October	12.02
December	11.92
January	...

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept 28

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	61,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	11,000 bales

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

October	96d
December	95 3/4d.
March	90d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Sept. 28.

December	1.13 3/8c.
May	1.12 1/8c.
July	1.09 1/8c.

Temporary Weakness In Wheat

Bombay, Sept. 29.

A private cable received from Liverpool reads as under:—

Market affected by reports of favourable weather in Argentine. To-day's decline caused by spotless orders being reached.

May cause a further decline Expect a considerable advance eventually.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Sept 29

T C RATES—		
F T D		1/6 1/32
LONDON—		
Banks selling T T D D Sept-December		1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T		1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D		1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos.		1/6 3/16
NEW YORK—		
B C Rate T T	nominal	271 1/4
Banks selling T T	nominal	269 1/4
Banks buying T T	nominal	266 3/4
PARIS—		
Banks selling T T		Rates not available.
Banks buying T T		Rates not available
JAPAN—		
Banks selling T T		77 1/2
Banks buying T T		77 1/8
AMSTERDAM—		
Banks selling D D		No rates available.
JAVA—		
Banks selling D D		No rates available.
HONGKONG—		
Banks selling D D		88 1/2
SHANGHAI—		
Banks selling D D		80 1/4
SINGAPORE—		
Banks selling D D		156 1/4
BERLIN—		
Banks selling D D		98 1/4
CROSS RATE—		
New York/London 28th instant		4.94 5/8
Japan/London 29th instant		1/2 1/32
Java/London 29th instant		—
Hongkong/London 29th instant		1/2 31/32
Shanghai/London 29th instant		1/2 5/16
London/Paris No rates available		
London/Belgium 28th instant		29.19 1/2
London/Switzerland No rates available		
London/Berlin No rates available		
London/Stockholm No rates available		
London/New York 28th instant		4.93 11/16
London/Amsterdam No rates available		
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet		
Near Steady Forward.		
Gold 26th instant		nil
28th instant		£7-0-9
Silver London Ready 26th instant		19 3/4
28th instant		20 1/16
Silver London Forward 26th instant		19 3/4
28th instant		20 1/16
Silver New York Ready. 26th instant		45
28th instant		45
London Discounts 3 Mos 26th instant		5/8 p.c.
28th instant		5/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 26th instant		3/4 p.c.
28th instant		3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate		3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate		2 p.c.
Money—		
Call		1/2 p.c
3 Mos.		3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.		1 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.		

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 29.

C.P. 1 Fine	209/211
C.P. 2 Fine	204/206
Arvi Fine	204/206
Ellichpur Fine	204/206
Berar Fine	204/206
Khamgaon Fine	204/206
Mulkapur Fine	199/201
Khandesh Fine	199/201
Jalna/Sailu Fine	202/204
Burwah Sanavad Fine	202/204
Mathia Fine	179/184
Broach	219/221
Dhollera	209/214
Punjab/American	207/214
Sindh-American	207/214
Cambodia	264/269
Compta	209/214
Westerns	207/214
Miraj	209/214
Jagadia Ankleshwar	247/249
Surat	249/251
Navsari	259/261

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 24th Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Europe	200	11,379
Japan and China	500	28,702
Coast Ports	150	360
Up-country by Rail	...	10,247
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	2,556
Total	850	53,244

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Cwts.
Wheat	6,622
Linseed	358
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	163
Gingellyseed	248
Poppyseed	65
Groundnuts	2,446
Rice	19,485
Myrabollams	1,359
Cottonseed	514
Gram	970
Maize	68
Bajree	1,046
Indian Sugar	7,184
	Tons.
Coal	200

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept 29

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 35 1/2d to 27-0-9. London Paris Exchange rate was unquoted while Dollar Sterling cross rate closed at 4.94 9/16. London silver market was firm and prices advanced 5/16d to 20 1/16d. There was speculative buying and selling. Offerings were light. New York silver market was unchanged at 44 3/4 cents. Montreal silver futures were 15 to 31 points up. The local market was fairly steady with a fair amount of business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

	Rs.	a.	p.
GOLD—			
Ready	34	13	3
Bhadarva	34	13	3
Aso	34	12	9
SILVER—			
Ready	40	8	6
Bhadarva	49	9	0
Aso	49	10	6

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Sept 28

September	45.09+15
December	45.12+15
March	45.33+31

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 28

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	20 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 28

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-9

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Sept 28

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	7

LONDON RUBBER

London, Sept 28

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers	7 3/4

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Sept 28

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan Feb sellers	35/9
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan Feb sellers	36
Wheat South Australian Sept Oct sellers	41

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Sept 28

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25	
C and F Calcutta per cwt	
March April	unquoted.
C and F Bombay per cwt	
March April	unquoted.
C and F Karachi per cwt	
March April	unquoted.

LONDON SEEDS

London, Sept 28

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	unquoted
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	
Sept Oct sellers	£13-15-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f.	
Sept Oct sellers	£13-18-9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f.	
Sept Oct sellers	£13-0-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	
Sept Oct sellers	£13-1-3

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept 28

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Oct sellers	24/6
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Oct Dec sellers	24/6

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Sept 28

Bank Bills 3 months market rate	9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan	1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan	1/2 per cent.

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept. 29.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	...	51
Central India	120	3,264
Barsi and Nagar	5	508
Hyderabad-Gaorani	66	211
Berar	...	1,972
Central Provinces	...	460
Total Oomras	191	6,461
Dholera	133	539
N.-W. Provinces	35	354
Rajputana	...	438
Sind-Punjab	34	2,308
Broach	...	301
Coompta and Dharwar	...	2,207
Westerns-Northerns	...	2,048
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	305
American	...	895
Egyptian and African	255	8,812
Total	648	24,666

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	1936-37	1935-36
F.P. Bales		
Receipts to date 26-9-36	1554000	1522000
Receipts Yesterday 28-9-36	61000	82000
Exports to date 28-9-36	652000	636000
Stock at Ports 25-9-36	1862000	1808000
Stock at Interior Towns 25-9-36	1677000	1610000
Stock at Liverpool 25-9-36	744000	428000
Visible Supply 25-9-36	4445000	4180000
Quantity in sight 25-9-36	2576000	2423000
Quantity out of sight 25-9-36	1383000	1340000

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 28

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.93 11/16
Paris	—
Berlin	12.60
Madrid	nominal 53.00
Amsterdam	—
Brussels	29.19 1/2
Milan	—
Berne	—
Prague	123.00

Increased Selling In Hydro-Electrics & Cements

TATA STEEL SHARES EASY

General Long Liquidation

BOMBAY, September 29.

The local share bazar opened steady to-day and later prices declined on increased selling pressure. Particularly Hydro-Electric and cement sections were weak with increased selling in Tata Power and Indian Cement shares.

Tata Iron and Steel shares were also easy with long liquidation. There was a marked absence of any important buying and the undertone of the market was quiet.

It seems that the selling was mostly from one group of operators as it was spread to all sections without any consideration. Steel, Electric and Cement industries are not linked with each other but prices on our Stock Exchange always move in one direction. This is mainly due to activity of operators.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Sept. 29.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 9)	273	12
500 Bombay Cotton	10	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	652	8
250 Bradbury	62	0
100 Century (nil)	121	4
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	215	0
100 Colaba (nil)	120	0
100 Coorla	90	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	287	8
I. E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	2 6
100 Finlay (nil)	112	8
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	186	14
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,620	0
100 Indore (nil)	37	8
100 Khatau	57	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	215	0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	517	8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept 29

Century (123/2) 122 121/4
Bombay Dyeing (658/2) 656 654 655 652
Kohinoor (217/8) 216 215
Central India (221/14) 218 215
New Great (122/8) 121
Simplex (63/12) 61/14
Swadeshi (170) 168 165
Bundi (34/10) 34/6 34/4 34/2
I Cement (475/10) 476 471 460 462
Punjab (25/2) 25 24/12
Shahabad (470/10) 470 467 465
Andhra (1622/8) 1617 1618 1611 1607/8
Tata Hydro (185/10) 185/5 184/6 183/2
Tata Power (1567/8) 1560 1556 1553 1552 1555 1542 1540
Tram Ord (154/1) 154 153/12
T Steel Defd (727/8) 725 722 723 720 718
T Steel Ord (186/8) 186 185/4 184/12
Tata Steel 2nd pref (171/8) 171/4 170/8 171/8 168/12
Bellapur (196/14) 195 193 194/6
B Steam (282/8) 282
B Burma (500/10) 497 498 495

100 Madhavji	6	0
250 Madras United	25	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	590	0
250 Model	35	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 2)	85	10
200 New Great (nil)	121	4
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	54	0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	262	8
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	35	0
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 60)	1800	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-8)	61	14
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	165	0
100 Swan (nil)	80	0
25 Tata (nil)	9	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,165	0
1000 Western	800	0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	112	4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	33	8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1560	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	388	8
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	134	0
50-100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-10)	139	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	9
CEMENTS		
10 Bundi (Rs. 1-6)	34	2
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	125	10
160 Indian (Rs. 10 plus 3)	462	8
40 Katni Def. (101-15)	2025	0
100 Katni Ord (Rs. 6)	336	4
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	261	4
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	24	12
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	465	0
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	137	8
INSURANCE		
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12).	13	8
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	8
200 Oriental (125)	5275	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	6
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	186	14
100 Anrhra Valley (30)	1607	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	10
50 B'bay Tram (2-8)	153	12
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	12	12
100 Karachi (4)	248	12
100 Poona (Rs. 4)	247	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	200	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 3)	183	2
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 25)	1540	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	905	0
100 C Province	99	8
100 Dhond Baramati	106	8
100 Gujarat	a 95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	103	4
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	12
500 Tapty Valley (17-83	772	8
MININGS		
10 Shivrajpur (As. 6)	37	8
30 Tata Steel def. (Rs. 718)	718	12
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	184	12
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	231	4
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2)	194	6
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	282	8
125 B'bay Burma (Rs. 10)	495	0
50 B'bay Burma Con. (4)	167	8
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-10	
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	114	0
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	114	12
100 I. Radio defd. (12)	550	0
100 I. Radio ord. (15)	532	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	590	0
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	17	12
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	79	4
25 Tata Oil (nil)	15	4
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1545	0
5 p.c. Bombay Steam	316	4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	8
5 p.c. Central India	536	4
7 p.c. Katni 1st	138	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	157	8
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1617	8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	200	10
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	169	8
5½ p.c Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	677	8
(Last Dividend in Brackets)		

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept 29

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 New Loan	101/0
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	103/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	104/9
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	99/1
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	107/6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	111/10
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	115/6
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119/12
3 per cent U P Bonds	100/6
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	108/15
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/13
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	107/14
TAX FREE	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	121
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	113
5 1/2 per cent 1936 Mysore	107/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	125/8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	111/6
4 per cent M Deb 1974	111
5 per cent M Deb 1950	119/2
6 per cent M Deb 1954	131/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	131/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	103/8
3 1/4 per cent Howrah Bridge Loan quotas Rupees 2/12 premium.	

Note: 3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened easy at 98/15 due to weak sterling advice, declined to 98/13, but profit taking took the rate up to 99/1/0. The closing, however, was weak again at 98/14/0. Ready Scrip commands a premium of three annas.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept 28

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	87 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	99
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	107 7/8
4 per cent 1948/53	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	117
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119
5 pe rcent 1942/47	115 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	84 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	107

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept 29

November	209.70—50
December	208.60+20
January	207.40+20
March	205.90+20

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept. 29.

London Market.—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£38-10-0
Standard Copper Cash 3 months	£38-15
Electrolytic copper	£44-10
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	9.85 cwts.
Non-Blue Eagle	9.75 cwt
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 33-4-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 41-0-0
Tone:—Firm.	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 28

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£87 1/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 194[illegible] or later	£89
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£117
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£84 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£107
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	£116 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£15 1/4
Hongko and Shanghai Bank (London reg)	£102
National Bank of India	£45 1/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

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JUPITER GENERAL
has various schemes of LIFE INSURANCE to suit all J9

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1936

JUPITE GENERA
will gladly supply particulars about li surance for mere as J

Lord Brabourne Returns To Bombay

"Strathmore" Brings Also Maharajah Of Mysore Among Notables

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There was a tremendous rush at the Mole this afternoon of the friends and relatives of the distinguished passengers who arrived by the Mail Boat s. s. "Strathmore".

Among those who came by this steamer were His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brabourne, Lord Erskine, Governor of Madras, the Maharaja of Mysore and his Dewan Sir Mirza Ismail, Sir Vijay of Vizianagram, the Nawab of Pataudi, Sir Nowroji Saklatwala, Sir C. Setalvad Sir S. B. Billimoria, Sir Abdur Rahman and the victorious Indian Olympic Hockey Team.

The steamer arrived at about 1-30 p.m. and anchored at the Mole. The whole crowd had to wait however, at the Mole inside the Waiting Room as except a few officials who were entitled to receive Lord and Lady Brabourne no one from the public was allowed on board.

The Sheriff, the Commissioner of Police, the Municipal Commissioner and the Collector of Bombay were the only privileged persons for whom the gate were opened to go near the gangway.

All others had to wait till the Governor and Lady Brabourne had disembarked. The monotony was relieved however by the Captain of the Indian Cricket Team, H. H. the Maharaja of Vizianagram, who disembarked from the steamer before the Governor and Lady Brabourne and drove away at once in a motor car to the Taj Mahal Hotel. He is not expected to go to his capital as it is understood he will proceed to Bhopal first to clear up misunderstandings about Amarnath affairs. He gave a pose for the press photographers and drove away post haste.

GOVERNOR LEAVES FOR POONA

After meeting all those who had come to see him, Lord and Lady Brabourne and Lord Erskine left the Mole by Special Train to Poona at 3-15 p.m.

LORD BRABOURNE RESUMES CHARGE

The following appears in Bombay Government Gazette extraordinary issued on Tuesday:—

His Excellency Lord Brabourne, Governor of Bombay, on return from leave of absence, resumed charge of his office in the afternoon.

Sir Robert Duncan Bell having relinquished the office of the Governor of Bombay on return from leave of His Excellency Lord Brabourne resumed charge of his office as a Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bombay in the afternoon.

SIND EDUCATION SYSTEM CHANGE

KARACHI, Sept. 28.

It is understood that Sind Government are contemplating a scheme of educational reconstruction embracing primary and secondary education in the provinces.

The scheme may involve a radical re-adjustment of the present system of education in schools to the extent of preparing students for occupations and independent careers.—United Press.

RECORD OF COTTON BALES SHIPMENT

KARACHI, Sept. 28.

An unprecedented record in the shipment of cotton bales from Karachi has been created.

The figures for the year ending August 31, published by the Karachi Cotton Association, show that 17,73,531 bales arrived in Karachi which beats the previous record by two lakhs of bales. Arrival from all parts show an increase.

During the year arrivals from Sind was 4,22,340 bales against 3,64,532. The Punjab during the same period sent 13,05,037 bales against 9,97,023 during the previous year.—United Press.

VOLUNTEERS FOR FAIZPUR

Women's Training Camp To Be Opened At Poona On October 20.

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 29

Miss. Prema Kantak, Organiser of the Women volunteers for the Faizpur Congress, writes:

The first women's training camp will be opened at Poona on the 20th October. As the Congress session is to be held in a village it is expected that a large number of volunteers will come forth from villages to take training.

Those desirous of attending the Poona camp should apply to the Office of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, Shanwar Peth, Poona City, before the 10th October, giving their full address, age, educational qualifications and volunteer training if any.

The selected applicants will have to bear their own to and fro travelling expenses and will have to deposit the return fare with the camp officials.

FIFTY TO BE ADMITTED.

Fifty women will be selected from amongst the applicants for training at the Poona camp. Those selected must be present in Poona on the 18th October. They will be examined by lady doctors for physical fitness on the 19th, when their kit inspection also will be held.

Selected candidates should bring only the following articles with them to the camp: Two sets of clothes; one lota and one drinking tumbler; a bed consisting of a carpet, bedsheet, covering and pillow, tooth brush, tooth paste and other toilet requisites. They must also provide themselves with two blank notebooks for taking notes and pencils. Two books may be brought with them. But no extra articles or any kind of ornaments except those religiously unavoidable should be brought. All money and extra ornaments if brought will have to be deposited with the camp authorities.

FOR FAIZPUR CAMP.

Some of the applicants who may not be taken in the Poona Camp will receive training at a camp to be opened at Faizpur, the date of which will be announced later.

City women who desire to come to Faizpur as volunteers should arrange to come bearing their own to and fro travelling expenses. It is needless to say Maharashtra is a poor Province and the drought situation in many of the districts has rendered the collection of funds very difficult. It is hoped that this fact will not be lost sight of by our city-dwelling sisters.

Dr. LAGU APPOINTED TREASURER

FAIZPUR, (By Mail.)

The Secretary of the Reception Committee Office has announced the appointment of Dr. Balkrishna Chintaman Lagu of Poona, as a Treasurer of the Reception Committee. Dr. Lagu is the Treasurer of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee.

G. O. C.'s Of Faizpur Congress Volunteers

Miss Prema Kantak and Mr. P. H. Patwardhan, who will be in charge of the Lady Volunteers and men Volunteers respectively of the forthcoming Congress Sessions at Faizpur.

JAPAN THINKS IT PREMATURE

Possibility Of Non-Agression Pact With Russia

TOKYO, (By Air Mail.)

That Japan should conclude a non-aggression pact with Soviet Russia, in order to improve relation between the two countries is being advocated in many quarters in Japan. It is reliably learned that the Japanese Ambassador to Moscow, who recently returned home, told the Foreign Minister, Mr. Arita, that he considered it advisable to conclude the Pact, saying that the Soviet Government is prepared to conclude one at any time when Japan agrees.

It is noteworthy that similar advice is being given by Japanese leaders. They argue that if Soviet Russia is still anxious to conclude a non-aggression pact and is making use of the Japanese refusal of the Russian proposal as the pretext for enlarging her forces in the Far East, Japan should speedily conclude the pact so as to end the Soviet fear, and better the relations of the two countries. They are aware of the imperative need of strengthening the defense of Manchukuo but at the same time they see the need of peaceful measures to better the relations of the two countries.

In this connection, the Japanese Government maintains a cautious attitude and holds that if Japan concludes such a pact at the present time, when the Japanese and the Soviet army forces are so unbalanced, there is danger of Japan being placed in a very disadvantageous position when the pact expires.

The Japanese Government also holds that the conclusion of a pact is still premature because enlargement of the Japanese forces in Manchuria is not compatible with the conclusion of the pact, and that it ought to be negotiated on an equal footing at the time, when both nations have equally enlarged their forces.

The Japanese Government prefers other peaceful means of bettering the relations of the two countries at the present moment without touching the question of a non-aggression pact, according to the Nichi-Nichi Shimbun.—Reuter.

JAWAHARLAL'S MADRAS PROGRAMME

MADRAS, Sept. 28.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrives in Madras by the Grand Trunk Express on the evening of the 5th October. He stays in the city on the 6th, 7th and 8th October and leaves for the tour in the interior on the 9th morning by car and after a heavy crowded programme of engagements in several important Districts upto the 16th of October returns to the city of Madras via Pondicherry and other places on the night of 17th. He leaves Madras on the morning of the 18th.

The different Congress Committees, several youth and other organisations and the students of Madras are arranging a huge procession to conduct the Congress President from the Central Station where he alights to the Congress House. A special Volunteer Corps is being trained to give him a military honour and control the procession and a huge concourse of people who will line the streets to have "Darshan" of the Congress President.

PUBLIC WARNED.

In view of the recent statement issued by Pandit Nehru to the Press about the weariness he is often subjected to, due to the assemblage of people on the wayside to greet him etc., Congress authorities have warned the public not to arrange any such gatherings and strictly adhere to the programme chalked out by them. The city is pulsating with great enthusiasm.—United Press.

Sir Henry Gidney's condition continues to improve daily and, if the present rate of progress is maintained his medical advisers hope that he will soon be able to take a little convalescent exercise. He underwent another minor operation on September 23, which, it is expected, will expedite his complete recovery.

Assembly Interpellations

No Wholesale Relea Of Detenus

Craik Admits Improvement Situation, But Says It Is Not Sufficient

SIMLA, September 29.

"No" was the reply of Sir Henry Craik Mr. Satyamurthi's question, whether, in view of improvement in the terrorist situation, the Governme proposed to release all detenus and repeal repressi laws, now in force in Bengal.

The same Member was informed by the Home Member that Mr. Ratan Prakash Gupta, a Member of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee, was served with an externment order on July 19, which required him to leave Delhi within 24 hours and not to return for a year.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Did Ratan Praksh Gupta come to Delhi to attend the Provincial Congress Committee meeting and return to Meerut the same evening?

Sir Henry Craik: The reason for his visiting Delhi was not known. The externment order was dated July 10, and was served on him the next occasion he entered Delhi Province, namely 19th July.

PERIODICALLY REVIEWED.

The Home Member replied in the affirmative to Mr. Satyamurthi's question if Government's attention had been drawn to the questions and answers in the House of Commons, suggesting that Mr. Butler should consult the Government of India, with a view to securing a review of the cases of persons imprisoned for political offences, so that wherever compatible with the prevention of violence, amnesty could be granted before the Coronation and Mr. Butler's reply that there were only four Civil Disobedience Prisoners in the Jail.

Sir Henry Craik added that the Secretary of State was aware of the position as to the number of political prisoners in jail. Cases of those detained without trial were reviewed periodically, with a view to determine whether it was in public interest to release them.

NOT SUFFICIENT YET.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Do Government of India agree with Mr. Butler that there has been improvement in terrorist situation?

Sir Henry Craik: Yes.

Mr. Satyamurthi: May I then know the reason why the Government of India do not propose to quicken the pace of the release of detenus or consider the question of releasing all detenus at a suitable time?

Sir Henry Craik: The present improvement is not sufficient to justify that.

Mr. Satyamurthi: May I know how many detenus were released during the last year?

Sir Henry Craik: I have not got the figures for last year with me. At the beginning of the present year, about 225 were released.

Mr. Satyamurthi: How many detenus are still confined in jails?

Sir Henry Craik: 450 in De 316 in Hijli, 300 in Jails outs Bengal.

Mr. Lakshmi Kanta Moitra: it not a fact that most of the tenus have been released con tionally, and some again home i terned?

Sir Henry Craik: Yes, a certa number were conditionally releas ed and a certain number home interned.

IT ALL DEPENDS.

Mr. Moitra: What is the ber of those released uncond ally?

Sir Henry Craik: I can figures without notice.

Mr. Chettiar: Do Go expect to release all dete any future time?

Sir Henry Craik: That on the improvement in th tion.

Mr. Moitra: Is it not that along with release, G ment are carrying a policy terning people?

Sir Henry Craik: The of releases are exceeding the ber of internment.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Have G ment examined the working repressive laws since the im ment in the situation?

Sir Henry Craik: The qu of the working of the rep laws is under constant exa tion.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Do Go ment still think all these re sive laws are absolutely necessary?

Sir Henry Craik: Yes.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Did Government consider taking any action against Ratan Prakash in a cou of law?

Sir Henry Craik: I am not cer tain.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Do Gover ment, before passing externme orders on persons, explore all po sibilities of prosecuting them courts of law?

Sir Henry Craik: That is ways done.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Why then was not done in this case?

FORTNIGHTLY INFORMATIO

Sir Henry Craik: I requi notice for that.

Pt. L. K. Maitra: Is it not fact that persons on whom ternment orders are p sometimes have a stake in town from which they ar terned?

Sir Henry Craik: That m so.

Mr. Saxena: Is it not a fa no restriction order was pa Mr. Ratan Prakash in Mee

Sir Henry Craik: That m likely.

Mr. Saxena: What was t formation received from on which externment order passed?

Sir Henry Craik: I requir tice for that.

Mr. Satyamurthi: How Secretary of State kept in from time to time about p who are kept in jail without under the Executive Order?

Sir Henry Craik: Constan port is by the Governm India.

Mr. Satyamurthi: How of

Sir Henry Craik: Once night.

Mr. Satyamurthi: A names of persons detaine reasons of their detenti sent to the Secretary of

Sir Henry Craik: No, names, but the number.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Are for detention given

Sir Henry Craik: F

(Continued on Pa

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

Mystery Of The "Red Aces"

HERE HE IS, MACHFIELD—HE GAVE ME HIS GUN LIKE A BABY!
A FINE WAY TO TREAT A GUEST!
THAT'S ONLY TH' BEGINNING, WADE--YOU GUYS CLEAR OUT!
NOW THAT YOU'RE TIED UP, WADE, HOW DO YOU LIKE---THIS!
SMACK!
THAT'S TWICE YOU HIT ME, MACHFIELD----I WON'T FORGET!
LYMAN ANDERSON
9-1
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Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BREL VI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, "Pa